

# Converting Colors

XYZ(34.2682, 41.1344, 28.6922)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(34.2682, 41.1344, 28.6922)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(34.3278, 41.1295, 28.6838)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(34.3278, 41.1295,  
28.6838)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9DB386
RGB	157, 179, 134
RGB Percent	62%, 70%, 53%
CMY	0.3843, 0.2980, 0.4745
CMYK	0.12, 0.00, 0.25, 0.30
HSL	89°, 23%, 61%
HSV	89°, 25%, 70%
XYZ	34.3278, 41.1295, 28.6838
YIQ	167.2920, 1.3330, -18.6590

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

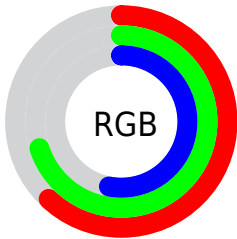
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">134, 179, 156</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">10335110</a>
<a href="#">CIELab</a>	<a href="#">70.27, -15.77, 20.53</a>
<a href="#">CIELCh</a>	<a href="#">70, 25.881, 127.528</a>
<a href="#">Yxy</a>	<a href="#">41.1295, 0.3296, 0.3949</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288525190</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF9DB386</a> )
<a href="#">YUV</a>	<a href="#">167.2920, -16.4130, -9.0261</a>
<a href="#">Hunter-Lab</a>	<a href="#">64.1323, -16.6866, 18.3746</a>

# Details

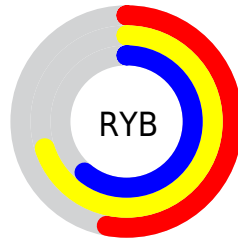
The XYZ color **34.3278, 41.1295, 28.6838** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **30.3737, 27.3739, 46.3328**, and the grayscale version is **36.9510, 38.8753, 42.3352**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **65.8293, 77.0016, 58.4069**, and **14.8868, 18.5651, 11.1863** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31.5369, 39.8243, 22.5786**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37.4545, 42.5859, 35.9096**.

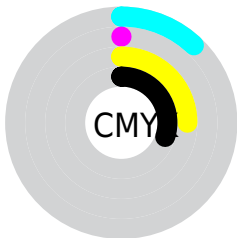
# Distribution



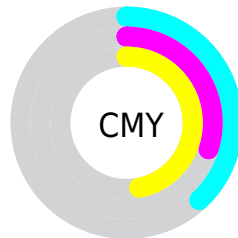
- Red (62%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (30%)




- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (47%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 34.3278, 41.1295, 28.6838 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 34.3278, 41.1295, 28.6838 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 34.3278, 41.1295,  
28.6838


 34.3278, 41.1295,  
28.6838


313.1515,  
350.8616, 309.7342


 23.3096, 28.4203,  
18.5982


 65.7840, 76.8804,  
58.6105

 14.9442, 18.6427,  
11.2065


 86.9528, 100.6910,  
79.2887

 8.8663, 11.4124,  
6.0900


 112.2357,  
128.9707, 104.3349

 4.7105, 6.3449,  
2.8302

141.9983,  
162.1041, 134.1676

 2.1114, 3.0559,  
1.0086

176.6058,  
200.4754, 169.2053

 0.6954, 1.1610,  
0.0000

216.4236,

 0.0000, 0.0295,

244.4692, 209.8667

0.0000

261.8170,  
294.4698, 256.5701

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 34.3278, 41.1295,  
28.6838

■ 34.3278, 41.1295,  
28.6838

■ 31.5369, 39.8243,  
22.5786

■ 37.4545, 42.5859,  
35.9096

■ 29.0655, 38.6593,  
17.5351

■ 40.9263, 44.1935,  
44.3055

■ 26.9005, 37.6304,  
13.4933

■ 44.7557, 45.9588,  
53.9213

■ 25.0263, 36.7310,  
10.3860

■ 48.9540, 47.8865,  
64.8031

■ 23.4259, 35.9541,  
8.1376

■ 53.5317, 49.9813,  
76.9946

■ 22.0798, 35.2914,  
6.6610

■ 58.4987, 52.2473,  
90.5375

■ 20.9646, 34.7334,  
5.8491

■ 63.1641, 54.4084,  
101.7805

■ 20.4830, 34.4906,  
5.5778

■ 65.8553, 55.7958,  
101.9064

■ 68.6869, 57.2555,  
102.0390

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



38.0327, 41.1295, 25.3748



34.3278, 41.1295, 28.6838



32.0241, 41.1295, 36.4283

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



34.3278, 41.1295, 28.6838



36.0545, 41.1295, 70.0456



47.7562, 41.1295, 41.7896

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34.3278, 41.1295, 28.6838



30.3737, 27.3739, 46.3328

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.1310, 41.1295, 54.3264



34.3278, 41.1295, 28.6838



40.1715, 41.1295, 72.1875

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



34.3278, 41.1295, 28.6838



32.9695, 41.1295, 60.5864



44.2786, 41.1295, 65.9993



45.9299, 41.1295, 31.9986



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34.3278, 41.1295, 28.6838



31.4910, 41.1295, 43.7822



44.2786, 41.1295, 65.9993



47.8279, 41.1295, 45.7990

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34.3289, 41.1313, 28.6847



71.3659, 78.2539, 74.6178



34.7416, 34.9996, 27.4794



15.6023, 17.2405, 16.0241



86.6293, 91.1408, 99.2523



17.0014, 17.8868, 19.4787



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34.3289, 41.1313, 28.6847



58.7230, 72.3730, 45.2599



30.3759, 39.0935, 28.4997



8.7892, 9.6964, 9.0609



14.5489, 24.4103, 3.9449



0.5249, 0.8026, 0.1273



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.3737, 27.3739, 46.3328



50.4578, 43.6225, 82.1417



35.0809, 29.8006, 46.5531



8.4243, 8.4273, 10.6889



8.6364, 3.7880, 30.4130

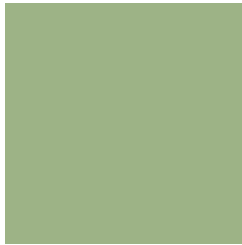


0.3392, 0.1539, 0.9601



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.3278, 41.1295, 28.6838 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.3278, 41.1295, 28.6838 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 34.3278, 41.1295, 28.6838**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.3278, 41.1295, 28.6838.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.3278, 41.1295,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

34.3278, 41.1295, 28.6838

### Protanopia

38.1206, 40.8048, 26.9860

### Deuteranopia

41.7899, 40.9958, 29.3773



## Tritanopia

39.1325, 41.0496, 52.3152

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

34.3278, 41.1295, 28.6838

## Protanomaly

36.6883, 40.9095, 27.4354

## Deuteranomaly

38.5858, 40.7174, 29.1181

## Tritanomaly

37.2053, 41.1313, 42.5374

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

34.3278, 41.1295, 28.6838

## Achromatopsia

36.7301, 38.6429, 42.0822

## Achromatomaly

35.5836, 39.2789, 36.7165

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 34.3278, 41.1295, 28.6838 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(157, 179, 134)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(157, 179, 134)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(157, 179, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(157, 179, 134) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 34.3278, 41.1295, 28.6838 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(157, 179, 134) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(157, 179, 134) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(157, 179, 134)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(157, 179, 134); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 179, 134);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 179,  
134) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 34.3278, 41.1295, 28.6838 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(157, 179, 134) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(157,  
179, 134) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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