

# Converting Colors

XYZ(34.3037, 33.0119, 32.9978)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(34.3037, 33.0119, 32.9978)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(34.3037, 33.0119, 32.9977)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(34.3037, 33.0119,  
32.9977)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B19595
RGB	177, 149, 149
RGB Percent	69%, 58%, 58%
CMY	0.3059, 0.4157, 0.4157
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.16, 0.31
HSL	0°, 15%, 64%
HSV	0°, 16%, 69%
XYZ	34.3037, 33.0119, 32.9977
YIQ	157.3720, 16.6880, 5.9360

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

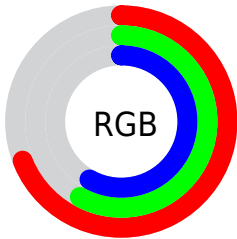
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	177, 149, 149
Decimal	11638165
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	64.17, 10.43, 3.89
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	64, 11.127, 20.436
Yxy	33.0119, 0.3420, 0.3291
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289828245 (0xFFB19595)
YUV	157.3720, -4.1274, 17.2138
Hunter-Lab	57.4560, 6.0242, 6.1682

# Details

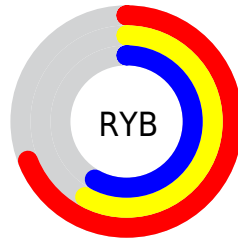
The XYZ color **34.3037, 33.0119, 32.9977** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **36.0521, 41.0072, 47.6103**, and the grayscale version is **32.2289, 33.9073, 36.9250**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **65.7397, 64.3473, 65.4553**, and **14.8845, 13.9023, 13.4542** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.4063, 27.3090, 25.2484**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38.8433, 39.6546, 42.0214**.

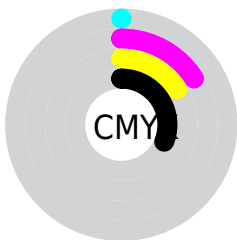
# Distribution



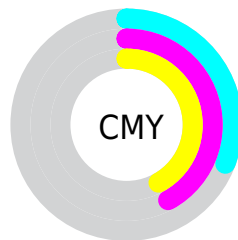
- Red (69%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (31%)




- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (42%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 34.3037, 33.0119, 32.9977 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 34.3037, 33.0119, 32.9977 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 34.3037, 33.0119,  
32.9977


 34.3037, 33.0119,  
32.9977

313.0463,  
315.7034, 330.2711

 23.2910, 22.1356,  
21.8536


 65.7468, 64.3941,  
65.4879

 14.9304, 13.9565,  
13.5521


 86.9080, 85.6688,  
87.6711

 8.8566, 8.0904,  
7.6746


112.1826,  
111.1783, 114.3710

 4.7041, 4.1529,  
3.8027

141.9362,  
141.3072, 146.0063

 2.1077, 1.7594,  
1.5177

176.5340,  
176.4397, 182.9953

 0.6934, 0.4617,  
0.2311

216.3413,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

216.9603, 225.7568

0.0000

261.7236,  
263.2534, 274.7092

■ 34.3037, 33.0119,  
32.9977

■ 34.3037, 33.0119,  
32.9977

■ 30.4063, 27.3090,  
25.2484

■ 38.8433, 39.6546,  
42.0214

■ 27.1194, 22.4994,  
18.7142

■ 44.0492, 47.2723,  
52.3710

■ 24.4130, 18.5392,  
13.3342

■ 49.9479, 55.9035,  
64.0979

■ 22.2534, 15.3791,  
9.0411

■ 56.5633, 65.5836,  
77.2499

■ 20.6034, 12.9646,  
5.7612

■ 63.9186, 76.3460,  
91.8727

■ 19.4212, 11.2345,  
3.4113

■ 71.9416, 88.0872,  
107.8185

■ 18.6583, 10.1181,  
1.8950

■ 18.2527, 9.5245,  
1.0889

■ 18.1318, 9.3476,  
0.8486

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



34.4617, 33.0119, 37.4060



34.3037, 33.0119, 32.9977



33.3473, 33.0119, 29.6589

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



34.3037, 33.0119, 32.9977



29.0976, 33.0119, 30.6939



30.8759, 33.0119, 45.2020

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34.3037, 33.0119, 32.9977



36.0521, 41.0072, 47.6103

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.4855, 33.0119, 43.0604



34.3037, 33.0119, 32.9977



28.4818, 33.0119, 34.5213

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



34.3037, 33.0119, 32.9977



30.3303, 33.0119, 28.4081



28.6213, 33.0119, 39.0614



32.4471, 33.0119, 44.7078



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34.3037, 33.0119, 32.9977



32.4028, 33.0119, 28.3695



28.6213, 33.0119, 39.0614



30.3728, 33.0119, 44.7602

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34.3046, 33.0134, 32.9984



70.2093, 71.9601, 76.5361



36.8151, 34.0168, 46.2208



15.0854, 15.4046, 16.3280



84.5950, 89.0005, 96.9216



16.2198, 17.0645, 18.5832



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34.3046, 33.0134, 32.9984



58.8625, 55.3568, 53.9784



36.6538, 37.7118, 33.7815



8.4965, 8.5054, 8.8464



13.1371, 6.7727, 0.6149



0.4134, 0.2131, 0.0194



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.0521, 41.0072, 47.6103



62.5935, 72.4240, 85.1755



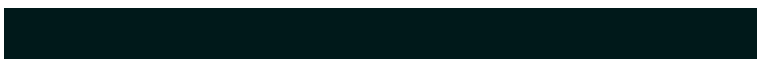
33.4278, 35.7587, 46.7355



8.7426, 9.6314, 10.9046



17.1381, 25.0767, 34.0740



0.5393, 0.7891, 1.0721



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.3037, 33.0119, 32.9977 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.3037, 33.0119, 32.9977 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 34.3037, 33.0119, 32.9977**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.3037, 33.0119, 32.9977.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.3037, 33.0119,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

34.3037, 33.0119, 32.9977

### Protanopia

31.6869, 33.0806, 34.4209

### Deuteranopia

33.5647, 32.8669, 33.0087



## Tritanopia

35.0518, 32.8356, 37.2914

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

34.3037, 33.0119, 32.9977

## Protanomaly

32.7030, 33.1238, 33.9481

## Deuteranomaly

33.7867, 32.9813, 33.0190

## Tritanomaly

34.8664, 33.0113, 35.5445

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

34.3037, 33.0119, 32.9977

## Achromatopsia

32.0474, 33.7164, 36.7171

## Achromatomaly

32.6982, 33.3368, 35.2831

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 34.3037, 33.0119, 32.9977 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(177, 149, 149)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(177, 149, 149)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(177, 149, 149) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(177, 149, 149) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 34.3037, 33.0119, 32.9977 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(177, 149, 149) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(177, 149, 149) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(177, 149, 149)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(177, 149, 149); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 149, 149);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 149,  
149) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 34.3037, 33.0119, 32.9977 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(177, 149, 149) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(177,  
149, 149) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor