

# Converting Colors

XYZ(34.3059, 26.4015, 22.9698)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(34.3059, 26.4015, 22.9698)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(34.2538, 26.3244,  
23.0144)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CA737E
RGB	202, 115, 126
RGB Percent	79%, 45%, 49%
CMY	0.2078, 0.5490, 0.5059
CMYK	0.00, 0.43, 0.38, 0.21
HSL	352°, 45%, 62%
HSV	352°, 43%, 79%
XYZ	34.2538, 26.3244, 23.0144
YIQ	142.2670, 48.3210, 21.8650

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

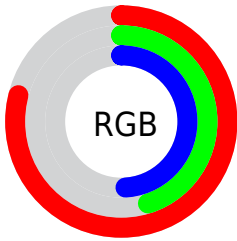
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	202, 115, 126
Decimal	13267838
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	58.34, 35.37, 9.04
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	58, 36.508, 14.341
Yxy	26.3244, 0.4098, 0.3149
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291457918 (0xFFCA737E)
YUV	142.2670, -8.0196, 52.3858
Hunter-Lab	51.3073, 29.3824, 9.3200

# Details

The XYZ color **34.2538, 26.3244, 23.0144** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **37.5961, 49.6482, 56.8946**, and the grayscale version is **25.8350, 27.1804, 29.5994**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63.3793, 52.5199, 49.4447**, and **14.8500, 10.2224, 8.2116** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31.1575, 21.7963, 16.8512**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38.0570, 31.9448, 30.4048**.

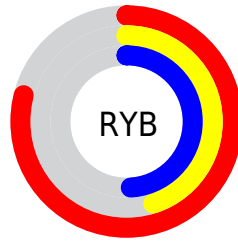
# Distribution



Red (79%)

Green (45%)

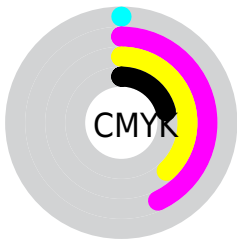
Blue (49%)



Red (79%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (49%)

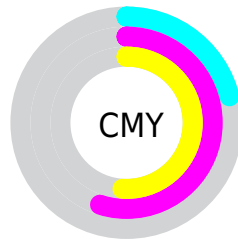


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (38%)

Black (21%)



Cyan (21%)

Magenta (55%)


Yellow (51%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 34.2538, 26.3244, 23.0144 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 34.2538, 26.3244, 23.0144 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 34.2538, 26.3244,  
23.0144


 34.2538, 26.3244,  
23.0144


312.8283,  
284.3709, 280.9233


 23.2525, 17.0665,  
14.3987


 65.6698, 53.7978,  
49.3405

 14.9017, 10.2819,  
8.2566


 86.8152, 72.7821,  
67.8880

 8.8363, 5.5863,  
4.1695


 112.0727, 95.7773,  
90.5831

 4.6908, 2.5952,  
1.7188

141.8075,  
123.1678, 117.8445

 2.0999, 0.9242,  
0.3735

176.3852,  
155.3381, 150.0907

 0.6892, 0.0000,  
0.0000

216.1710,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

192.6724, 187.7402

0.0000

261.5302,  
235.5552, 231.2115

■ 34.2538, 26.3244,  
23.0144

■ 34.2538, 26.3244,  
23.0144

■ 31.1575, 21.7963,  
16.8512

■ 38.0570, 31.9448,  
30.4048

■ 28.7223, 18.2857,  
11.8470

■ 42.6052, 38.7181,  
39.0825

■ 26.8999, 15.7147,  
7.9292


■ 47.9361, 46.7051,  
49.1054


■ 25.6346, 13.9922,  
5.0162


■ 54.0843, 55.9612,  
60.5276


■ 24.8604, 13.0092,  
3.0147

■ 61.0822, 66.5383,  
73.4000

 24.5384, 12.6291,  
2.0943

 68.9607, 78.4856,  
87.7711

 77.2988, 90.9492,  
103.5370

 78.1672, 91.2966,  
108.1099

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



34.1911, 26.3244, 35.7944



34.2538, 26.3244, 23.0144



31.6485, 26.3244, 14.7267

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



34.2538, 26.3244, 23.0144



19.5069, 26.3244, 14.4727



22.7826, 26.3244, 59.3035

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34.2538, 26.3244, 23.0144



37.5961, 49.6482, 56.8946

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.3893, 26.3244, 49.4140



34.2538, 26.3244, 23.0144



17.6566, 26.3244, 22.5475

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



34.2538, 26.3244, 23.0144



22.9616, 26.3244, 10.8802



17.6163, 26.3244, 35.1671



27.1991, 26.3244, 59.5406



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34.2538, 26.3244, 23.0144



28.9092, 26.3244, 11.7694



17.6163, 26.3244, 35.1671



21.4973, 26.3244, 56.8914

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34.2545, 26.3257, 23.0149



81.0544, 78.9161, 82.9405



38.1276, 27.5259, 59.1807



16.8922, 16.2056, 16.8979



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34.2545, 26.3257, 23.0149



52.9206, 37.1462, 28.8679



37.8707, 34.6320, 20.9100



11.2691, 11.2364, 11.9515



15.8084, 8.1340, 1.4438



0.8351, 0.4274, 0.1773



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.2545, 26.3257, 23.0149



52.9206, 37.1462, 28.8679



32.1256, 36.6973, 61.2673



11.2691, 11.2364, 11.9515



15.8084, 8.1340, 1.4438

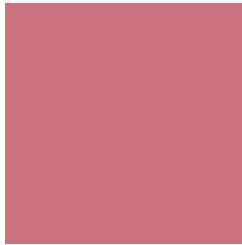


0.8351, 0.4274, 0.1773



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.2538, 26.3244, 23.0144 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.2538, 26.3244, 23.0144 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

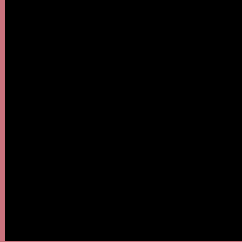
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 34.2538, 26.3244, 23.0144**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.2538, 26.3244, 23.0144.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.2538, 26.3244,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

34.2538, 26.3244, 23.0144

### Protanopia

25.4394, 26.4893, 28.5831

### Deuteranopia

27.0150, 26.5905, 22.1210



## Tritanopia

34.1259, 26.2733, 22.3414

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

34.2538, 26.3244, 23.0144

## Protanomaly

27.7993, 25.8744, 26.4507

## Deuteranomaly

29.1988, 26.0985, 22.2375

## Tritanomaly

34.1895, 26.2987, 22.6762

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

34.2538, 26.3244, 23.0144

## Achromatopsia

25.7108, 27.0498, 29.4572

## Achromatomaly

28.0050, 26.1726, 26.8683

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 34.2538, 26.3244, 23.0144 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(202, 115, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(202, 115, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(202, 115, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(202, 115, 126) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 34.2538, 26.3244, 23.0144 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(202, 115, 126) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(202, 115, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(202, 115, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(202, 115, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 115, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 115,  
126) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 34.2538, 26.3244, 23.0144 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(202, 115, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(202,  
115, 126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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