

# Converting Colors

XYZ(34.3190, 26.8804, 37.6746)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(34.3190, 26.8804, 37.6746)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(34.2243, 26.8604,  
37.5632)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BD78A2
RGB	189, 120, 162
RGB Percent	74%, 47%, 64%
CMY	0.2588, 0.5294, 0.3647
CMYK	0.00, 0.37, 0.14, 0.26
HSL	323°, 34%, 61%
HSV	323°, 37%, 74%
XYZ	34.2243, 26.8604, 37.5632
YIQ	145.4190, 27.6420, 27.6900

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

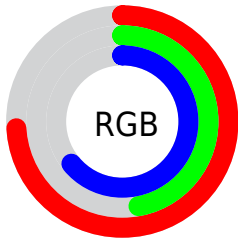
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	189, 120, 162
Decimal	12417186
CIELab	58.84, 33.11, -11.23
CIELCh	59, 34.959, 341.268
Yxy	26.8604, 0.3469, 0.2723
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290607266 (0xFFBD78A2)
YUV	145.4190, 8.1744, 38.2205
Hunter-Lab	51.8270, 27.1763, -6.6933

# Details

The XYZ color **34.2243, 26.8604, 37.5632** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **31.2109, 42.4956, 34.1631**, and the grayscale version is **27.0447, 28.4531, 30.9855**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **65.4740, 54.4897, 72.7124**, and **14.8361, 10.5744, 16.0110** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31.5335, 22.4999, 33.5175**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37.4040, 32.1361, 41.9632**.

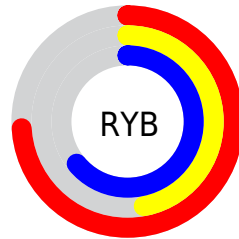
# Distribution



Red (74%)

Green (47%)

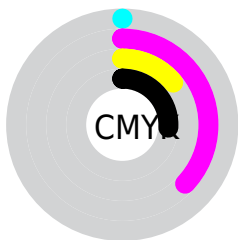
Blue (64%)



Red (74%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (64%)

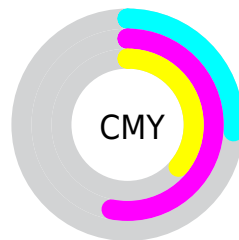


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (14%)

Black (26%)



Cyan (26%)

Magenta (53%)


Yellow (36%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 34.2243, 26.8604, 37.5632 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 34.2243, 26.8604, 37.5632 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 34.2243, 26.8604,  
37.5632


 34.2243, 26.8604,  
37.5632


312.6994,  
286.9806, 350.9843

 23.2297, 17.4684,  
25.3447


 65.6243, 54.6598,  
72.6341

 14.8848, 10.5690,  
16.1127


 86.7604, 73.8359,  
96.3236

 8.8244, 5.7778,  
9.4487


 112.0077, 97.0423,  
124.6738

 4.6830, 2.7105,  
4.9342

141.7315,  
124.6632, 158.1032

 2.0953, 0.9825,  
2.1506

176.2972,  
157.0831, 197.0304

 0.6867, 0.0000,  
0.6457

216.0702,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

194.6864, 241.8740

0.0000

261.4158,  
237.8574, 293.0524

■ 34.2243, 26.8604,  
37.5632

■ 34.2243, 26.8604,  
37.5632

■ 31.5335, 22.4999,  
33.5175

■ 37.4040, 32.1361,  
41.9632

■ 29.3020, 18.9975,  
29.8122

■ 41.0952, 38.3722,  
46.7274

■ 27.5006, 16.2957,  
26.4345


■ 45.3219, 45.6153,  
51.8672


■ 26.0957, 14.3279,  
23.3697


■ 50.1058, 53.9082,  
57.3929

■ 25.0479, 13.0171,  
20.6013


■ 55.4676, 63.2907,  
63.3142


 24.3058, 12.2614,  
18.1084

 61.4266, 73.8009,  
69.6405

 24.0832, 12.0576,  
17.2897

 68.0014, 85.4750,  
76.3808

 69.8201, 87.5684,  
81.7474

 70.8286, 87.9718,  
87.0581

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.4049, 26.8604, 50.9974



34.2243, 26.8604, 37.5632



34.5654, 26.8604, 24.8434

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



34.2243, 26.8604, 37.5632



23.9423, 26.8604, 11.5800



19.7860, 26.8604, 47.8928

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34.2243, 26.8604, 37.5632



31.2109, 42.4956, 34.1631

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.2247, 26.8604, 34.1412



34.2243, 26.8604, 37.5632



20.4376, 26.8604, 14.7714

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



34.2243, 26.8604, 37.5632



28.2892, 26.8604, 12.0173



18.4490, 26.8604, 22.2579



22.9563, 26.8604, 58.0263



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34.2243, 26.8604, 37.5632



33.3015, 26.8604, 18.5625



18.4490, 26.8604, 22.2579



19.0727, 26.8604, 43.4000

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34.2251, 26.8616, 37.5637



77.5137, 75.4086, 88.5096



27.8372, 23.2608, 51.1670



16.4497, 15.8408, 18.7665



90.7827, 95.5105, 104.0109



18.6292, 19.5994, 21.3438



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34.2251, 26.8616, 37.5637



57.2824, 41.5880, 61.2894



31.6033, 25.8129, 23.7575



9.7675, 9.6313, 11.1645



16.2422, 8.1280, 11.8351



0.6675, 0.3309, 0.6281



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.2251, 26.8616, 37.5637



57.2824, 41.5880, 61.2894



34.2796, 43.7230, 50.3224



9.7675, 9.6313, 11.1645



16.2422, 8.1280, 11.8351

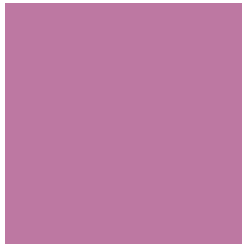


0.6675, 0.3309, 0.6281



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.2243, 26.8604, 37.5632 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

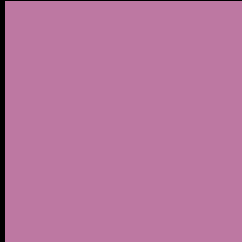
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.2243, 26.8604, 37.5632 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

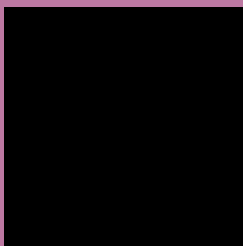
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 34.2243, 26.8604, 37.5632**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.2243, 26.8604, 37.5632.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.2243, 26.8604,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

34.2243, 26.8604, 37.5632

### Protanopia

27.1929, 27.2527, 44.9014

### Deuteranopia

27.5592, 26.9761, 36.5553



## Tritanopia

31.9565, 26.8556, 26.4210

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

34.2243, 26.8604, 37.5632

## Protanomaly

29.0646, 26.5854, 42.1277

## Deuteranomaly

29.5657, 26.5572, 36.8255

## Tritanomaly

32.6873, 26.7750, 30.2334

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

34.2243, 26.8604, 37.5632

## Achromatopsia

26.9133, 28.3149, 30.8349

## Achromatomaly

29.0880, 27.4198, 33.0376

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 34.2243, 26.8604, 37.5632 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(189, 120, 162)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(189, 120, 162)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(189, 120, 162) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(189, 120, 162) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 34.2243, 26.8604, 37.5632 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(189, 120, 162) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(189, 120, 162) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(189, 120, 162)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(189, 120, 162); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 120, 162);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 120,  
162) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 34.2243, 26.8604, 37.5632 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(189, 120, 162) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(189,  
120, 162) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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