

# Converting Colors

XYZ(34.3229, 44.1790, 68.7761)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(34.3229, 44.1790, 68.7761)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(34.4796, 44.3840,  
69.0371)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	55C0D4
RGB	85, 192, 212
RGB Percent	33%, 75%, 83%
CMY	0.6666, 0.2470, 0.1686
CMYK	0.60, 0.09, 0.00, 0.17
HSL	189°, 60%, 58%
HSV	189°, 60%, 83%
XYZ	34.4796, 44.3840, 69.0371
YIQ	162.2870, -70.1920, -16.4640

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

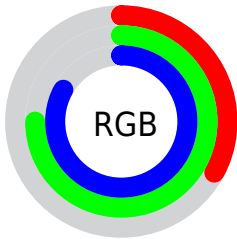
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	85, 143, 212
Decimal	5619924
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	72.48, -24.80, -19.26
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	72, 31.401, 217.831
Yxy	44.3840, 0.2331, 0.3001
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283810004 (0xFF55C0D4)
YUV	162.2870, 24.5085, -67.7807
Hunter-Lab	66.6213, -24.2053, -14.8050

# Details

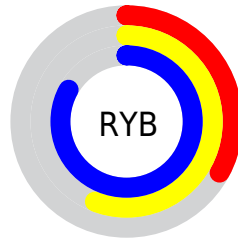
The XYZ color **34.4796, 44.3840, 69.0371** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. The color can be described as light muted cyan. A complement of this color would be **33.8438, 24.7574, 11.5906**, and the grayscale version is **34.3908, 36.1818, 39.4020**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63.7797, 81.0824, 106.8967**, and **15.1743, 20.6113, 35.0769** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32.1111, 42.0880, 68.7196**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37.4440, 47.0137, 69.3893**.

# Distribution



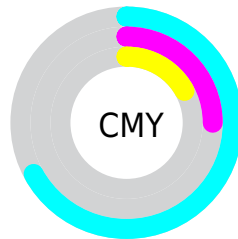
- Red (33%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (17%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (17%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 34.4796, 44.3840, 69.0371 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 34.4796, 44.3840, 69.0371 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 34.4796, 44.3840,  
69.0371

■ 34.4796, 44.3840,  
69.0371

313.8137,  
364.2730, 475.8593

■ 23.4269, 30.9725,  
50.2700

■ 66.0181, 81.7953,  
119.5028

■ 15.0315, 20.5779,  
35.2553

■ 87.2347, 106.5638,  
152.0384

■ 8.9279, 12.8158,  
23.5745

■ 112.5700,  
135.8868, 190.0006

■ 4.7509, 7.3018,  
14.8090

■ 142.3892,  
170.1488, 233.8079

■ 2.1351, 3.6516,  
8.5403

177.0579,  
209.7339, 283.8789

■ 0.7082, 1.4806,  
4.3499

216.9413,

■ 0.0000, 0.2750,

255.0268, 340.6321

1.8192

262.4048,  
306.4116, 404.4861

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.4406

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 34.4796, 44.3840,  
69.0371

■ 34.4796, 44.3840,  
69.0371

■ 32.1111, 42.0880,  
68.7196

■ 37.4440, 47.0137,  
69.3893

■ 30.2809, 40.0931,  
68.4310

■ 41.0468, 49.9965,  
69.7751

■ 28.9271, 38.3682,  
68.1694

■ 45.3315, 53.3558,  
70.1977

■ 27.9362, 36.8545,  
67.9295

■ 50.3365, 57.1116,  
70.6588

■ 27.9272, 36.8402,  
67.9272

■ 56.0973, 61.2824,  
71.1603

■ 62.6469, 65.8853,  
71.7035

■ 70.0166, 70.9365,  
72.2901

■ 78.2357, 76.4514,  
72.9213

■ 79.2582, 78.2822,  
73.2208

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



32.6823, 44.3840, 52.5078



34.4796, 44.3840, 69.0371



38.3749, 44.3840, 81.5640

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



34.4796, 44.3840, 69.0371



52.5894, 44.3840, 60.4838



40.7818, 44.3840, 24.3823

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34.4796, 44.3840, 69.0371



33.8438, 24.7574, 11.5906

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46.2407, 44.3840, 25.6245



34.4796, 44.3840, 69.0371



53.3729, 44.3840, 44.3735

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



34.4796, 44.3840, 69.0371



48.9046, 44.3840, 75.9348



50.9620, 44.3840, 32.2373



36.1122, 44.3840, 28.3816



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34.4796, 44.3840, 69.0371



41.7926, 44.3840, 84.7001



50.9620, 44.3840, 32.2373



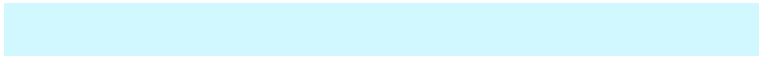
42.5812, 44.3840, 24.2198

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34.4810, 44.3857, 69.0382



77.8701, 87.7845, 107.4477



29.7922, 50.0198, 21.1961



16.1516, 18.4099, 22.9521



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

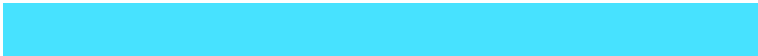


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34.4810, 44.3857, 69.0382



47.8982, 63.0152, 104.2464



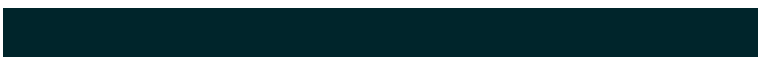
23.5410, 22.5057, 65.3915



12.6179, 13.7592, 15.9283



17.3014, 22.8646, 41.9546



1.0893, 1.4707, 2.5458



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.9155, 24.3012, 52.4576



57.2583, 31.3133, 75.0408



42.7120, 42.4938, 14.5466



12.8651, 12.5975, 15.2298



21.7918, 10.6530, 27.2714

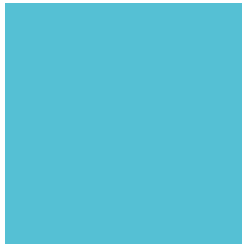


1.3375, 0.6518, 1.7666



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.4796, 44.3840, 69.0371 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

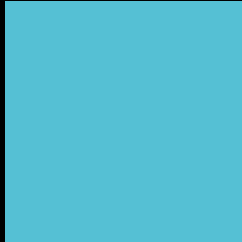
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.4796, 44.3840, 69.0371 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 34.4796, 44.3840, 69.0371**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.4796, 44.3840, 69.0371.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.4796, 44.3840,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

34.4796, 44.3840, 69.0371

### Protanopia

42.8858, 43.6476, 61.4229

### Deuteranopia

44.7938, 43.8437, 71.0675



## Tritanopia

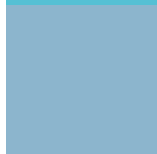
34.0224, 44.5330, 66.4771

# Trichromacy



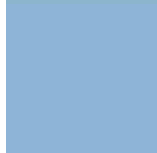
## Original Color

34.4796, 44.3840, 69.0371



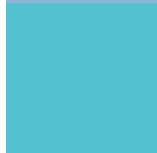
## Protanomaly

38.3585, 43.0310, 64.0417



## Deuteranomaly

39.7423, 43.2996, 70.5530



## Tritanomaly

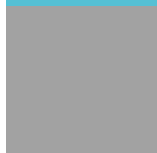
34.2347, 44.6282, 67.1313

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

34.4796, 44.3840, 69.0371



## Achromatopsia

34.3422, 36.1307, 39.3463



## Achromatomaly

33.0133, 38.2508, 48.8232

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 34.4796, 44.3840, 69.0371 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(85, 192, 212)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(85, 192, 212)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(85, 192, 212) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(85, 192, 212) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 34.4796, 44.3840, 69.0371 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(85, 192, 212) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(85, 192, 212) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(85, 192, 212)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(85, 192, 212); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 192, 212);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 192,  
212) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 34.4796, 44.3840, 69.0371 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(85, 192, 212) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(85, 192,  
212) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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