

# Converting Colors

XYZ(34.3666, 40.5227, 75.8231)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(34.3666, 40.5227, 75.8231)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(34.2566, 40.3499, 75.7948)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(34.2566, 40.3499,  
75.7948)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5EB4DF
RGB	94, 180, 223
RGB Percent	37%, 71%, 87%
CMY	0.6313, 0.2941, 0.1255
CMYK	0.58, 0.19, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	200°, 67%, 62%
HSV	200°, 58%, 87%
XYZ	34.2566, 40.3499, 75.7948
YIQ	159.1880, -65.0590, -4.8590

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

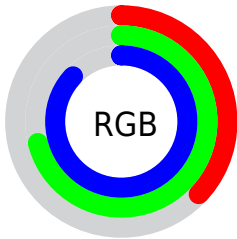
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	94, 146, 223
Decimal	6206687
CIE Lab	69.72, -13.65, -29.46
CIE LCh	70, 32.469, 245.145
Yxy	40.3499, 0.2278, 0.2683
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284396767 (0xFF5EB4DF)
YUV	159.1880, 31.4593, -57.1699
Hunter-Lab	63.5216, -14.8993, -26.2805

# Details

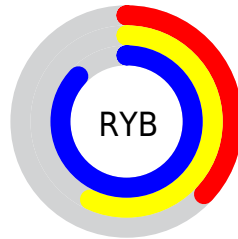
The XYZ color **34.2566, 40.3499, 75.7948** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. The color can be described as light muted azure. A complement of this color would be **41.3987, 34.3890, 15.0469**, and the grayscale version is **32.9239, 34.6385, 37.7213**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61.1823, 73.9832, 105.6633**, and **14.9067, 18.1345, 39.7604** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.8312, 36.4164, 75.2169**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38.4256, 44.7878, 76.4324**.

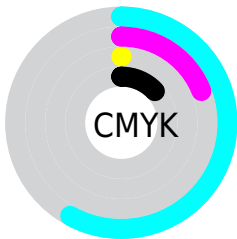
# Distribution



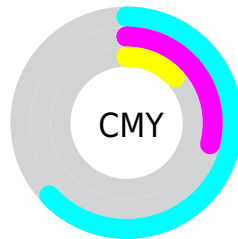
- Red (37%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (37%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (13%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 34.2566, 40.3499, 75.7948 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 34.2566, 40.3499, 75.7948 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 34.2566, 40.3499,  
75.7948

■ 34.2566, 40.3499,  
75.7948

312.8405,  
347.5961, 499.9731

■ 23.2546, 27.8115,  
55.7586

■ 65.6741, 75.6960,  
129.1942

■ 14.9034, 18.1836,  
39.6067

■ 86.8204, 99.2725,  
163.3946

■ 8.8375, 11.0819,  
26.9206

■ 112.0788,  
127.2971, 203.1533

■ 4.6916, 6.1219,  
17.2817

■ 141.8148,  
160.1543, 248.8891

■ 2.1003, 2.9194,  
10.2715

176.3935,  
198.2284, 301.0205

■ 0.6894, 1.0898,  
5.4714

216.1805,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

241.9038, 359.9659

2.4629

261.5411,  
291.5649, 426.1439

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.8204

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 34.2566, 40.3499,  
75.7948

■ 34.2566, 40.3499,  
75.7948

■ 30.8312, 36.4164,  
75.2169

■ 38.4256, 44.7878,  
76.4324

■ 28.0854, 32.9502,  
74.6925

■ 43.3871, 49.7546,  
77.1296

■ 25.9504, 29.9146,  
74.2191

■ 49.1902, 55.2784,  
77.8900

■ 24.3289, 27.2575,  
73.7917

■ 55.8786, 61.3834,  
78.7158

■ 24.0143, 26.7175,  
73.7041

■ 63.4929, 68.0923,  
79.6095

■ 72.0711, 75.4262,  
80.5729

■ 81.6489, 83.4052,  
81.6082

■ 85.5636, 88.5962,  
82.4039

■ 87.7906, 93.0501,  
83.1462

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.6636, 40.3499, 62.8002



34.2566, 40.3499, 75.7948



39.2653, 40.3499, 79.5452

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



34.2566, 40.3499, 75.7948



49.3286, 40.3499, 41.3882



32.8205, 40.3499, 24.2552

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34.2566, 40.3499, 75.7948



41.3987, 34.3890, 15.0469

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



37.4518, 40.3499, 20.9444



34.2566, 40.3499, 75.7948



47.2273, 40.3499, 29.2844

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



34.2566, 40.3499, 75.7948



48.2768, 40.3499, 57.2639



42.7601, 40.3499, 22.5492



29.8891, 40.3499, 32.8524



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34.2566, 40.3499, 75.7948



42.8100, 40.3499, 75.7056



42.7601, 40.3499, 22.5492



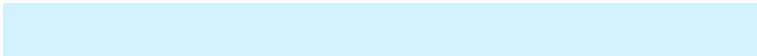
34.2135, 40.3499, 22.5890

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34.2579, 40.3514, 75.7958



76.4228, 83.8096, 106.7567



35.5204, 56.9622, 32.7913



15.9398, 17.5638, 22.8000



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34.2579, 40.3514, 75.7958



41.0976, 48.5223, 101.8074



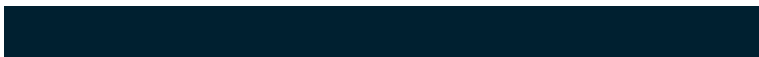
24.1247, 20.0848, 72.4180



13.7116, 14.7623, 17.5144



14.2278, 15.9252, 43.3723



1.0675, 1.2664, 3.0334



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.6735, 26.9900, 46.1419



54.0433, 30.8607, 55.5419



53.4562, 58.5041, 19.0661



14.0906, 13.8539, 16.2475



21.1217, 10.5157, 17.8387

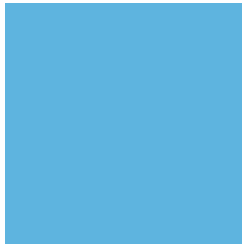


1.5051, 0.7453, 1.4525



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.2566, 40.3499, 75.7948 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

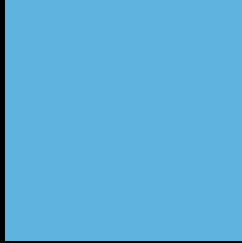
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.2566, 40.3499, 75.7948 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

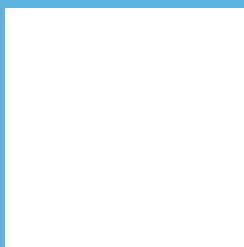
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 34.2566, 40.3499, 75.7948**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.2566, 40.3499, 75.7948.



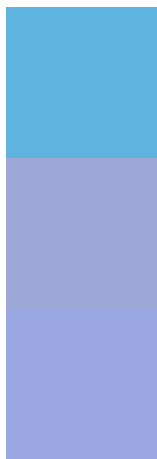
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.2566, 40.3499,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

34.2566, 40.3499, 75.7948

### Protanopia

40.2408, 40.1294, 69.2432

### Deuteranopia

41.0638, 40.0970, 77.5267



## Tritanopia

31.1054, 40.2893, 60.1700

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

34.2566, 40.3499, 75.7948

**Protanomaly**

37.2686, 39.6657, 71.3376

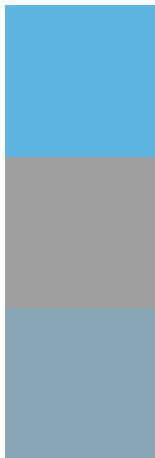
**Deuteranomaly**

38.0160, 39.9278, 76.9373

**Tritanomaly**

32.3432, 40.4957, 65.7863

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

34.2566, 40.3499, 75.7948

**Achromatopsia**

32.9542, 34.6704, 37.7561

**Achromatomaly**

32.2539, 36.1657, 49.5367

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 34.2566, 40.3499, 75.7948 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(94, 180, 223)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(94, 180, 223)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 180, 223) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(94, 180, 223) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 34.2566, 40.3499, 75.7948 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(94, 180, 223) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(94, 180, 223) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(94, 180, 223)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(94, 180, 223); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 180, 223);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 180,  
223) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 34.2566, 40.3499, 75.7948 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(94, 180, 223) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(94, 180,  
223) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor