

# Converting Colors

XYZ(34.3797, 22.5598, 11.5143)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(34.3797, 22.5598, 11.5143)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(34.3419, 22.5646,  
11.5622)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	DB5757
RGB	219, 87, 87
RGB Percent	86%, 34%, 34%
CMY	0.1412, 0.6588, 0.6588
CMYK	0.00, 0.60, 0.60, 0.14
HSL	0°, 65%, 60%
HSV	0°, 60%, 86%
XYZ	34.3419, 22.5646, 11.5622
YIQ	126.4680, 78.6720, 27.9840

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

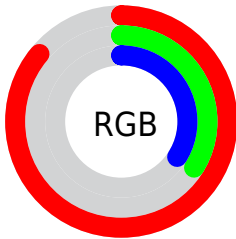
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	219, 87, 87
Decimal	14374743
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	54.62, 51.72, 27.05
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	55, 58.368, 27.611
Yxy	22.5646, 0.5016, 0.3296
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292564823 (0xFFDB5757)
YUV	126.4680, -19.4577, 81.1506
Hunter-Lab	47.5022, 45.9184, 18.8202

# Details

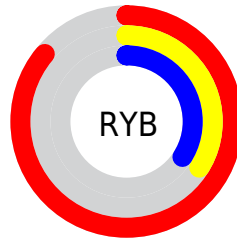
The XYZ color **34.3419, 22.5646, 11.5622** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6666**. The color can be described as dark muted red. A complement of this color would be **42.0460, 57.7995, 75.9578**, and the grayscale version is **20.0371, 21.0806, 22.9568**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **55.4284, 42.4121, 28.9319**, and **14.9578, 8.3150, 3.0071** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32.0669, 19.2360, 7.0392**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37.4269, 27.0794, 17.6942**.

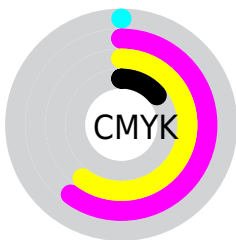
# Distribution



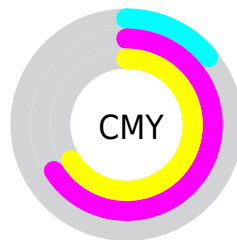
- Red (86%)
- Green (34%)
- Blue (34%)



- Red (86%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Blue (34%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Black (14%)




- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (66%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 34.3419, 22.5646, 11.5622 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 34.3419, 22.5646, 11.5622 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 34.3419, 22.5646,  
11.5622


 34.3419, 22.5646,  
11.5622


313.2130,  
265.4807, 212.3590


 23.3205, 14.2723,  
6.3274


 65.8058, 47.6774,  
29.3476

 14.9523, 8.3103,  
2.9732


 86.9790, 65.2667,  
42.7352


 8.8720, 4.2942,  
1.0810


 112.2668, 86.7239,  
59.6776

 4.7143, 1.8394,  
0.0000

 142.0346,  
112.4333, 80.5932

 2.1136, 0.5116,  
0.0000

 176.6478,  
142.7792, 105.9006

 0.6966, 0.0000,  
0.0000

216.4717,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

178.1462, 136.0184

0.0000

261.8717,  
218.9186, 171.3650

■ 34.3419, 22.5646,  
11.5622

■ 34.3419, 22.5646,  
11.5622

■ 32.0669, 19.2360,  
7.0392

■ 37.4269, 27.0794,  
17.6942

■ 30.5245, 16.9790,  
3.9733

■ 41.3867, 32.8737,  
25.5659

■ 29.6253, 15.6631,  
2.1860

■ 46.2812, 40.0358,  
35.2959

■ 29.2134, 15.0603,  
1.3672

■ 52.1647, 48.6451,  
46.9921

■ 59.0874, 58.7749,  
60.7541

67.0960, 70.4937,  
76.6750

76.2343, 83.8655,  
94.8419

83.0232, 93.8000,  
108.3372

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.2858, 22.5646, 26.0715



34.3419, 22.5646, 11.5622



28.7577, 22.5646, 5.1807

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



34.3419, 22.5646, 11.5622



12.6248, 22.5646, 10.0864



20.9368, 22.5646, 79.4787

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34.3419, 22.5646, 11.5622



42.0460, 57.7995, 75.9578

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.4939, 22.5646, 68.1123



34.3419, 22.5646, 11.5622



11.3312, 22.5646, 23.1254

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



34.3419, 22.5646, 11.5622



16.2222, 22.5646, 4.6762



12.2671, 22.5646, 44.8522



27.6880, 22.5646, 71.0605



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34.3419, 22.5646, 11.5622



24.2043, 22.5646, 3.6950



12.2671, 22.5646, 44.8522



18.9074, 22.5646, 77.7588

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34.3424, 22.5659, 11.5626



75.5867, 71.5197, 70.2074



45.4076, 26.9909, 69.8339



15.6055, 14.4695, 13.8879



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34.3424, 22.5659, 11.5626



44.6697, 26.2790, 8.7468



42.3248, 38.5306, 14.2234



13.0562, 13.0517, 13.5567



17.3223, 8.9301, 0.8107



1.1222, 0.5786, 0.0525



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.0460, 57.7995, 75.9578



56.4346, 80.0880, 107.0919



28.1079, 29.9232, 71.3117



13.4449, 14.8295, 16.8059



22.6001, 33.0696, 44.9303



1.4642, 2.1424, 2.9108



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.3419, 22.5646, 11.5622 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.3419, 22.5646, 11.5622 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 34.3419, 22.5646, 11.5622**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.3419, 22.5646, 11.5622.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.3419, 22.5646,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

34.3419, 22.5646, 11.5622

### Protanopia

21.3653, 22.7622, 16.9031

### Deuteranopia

23.1169, 22.6322, 10.9346



## Tritanopia

34.4730, 22.4884, 12.6490

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

34.3419, 22.5646, 11.5622

## Protanomaly

24.5313, 21.4872, 14.6589

## Deuteranomaly

26.3018, 21.8172, 11.0085

## Tritanomaly

34.3867, 22.4538, 12.1945

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

34.3419, 22.5646, 11.5622

## Achromatopsia

19.8309, 20.8637, 22.7206

## Achromatomaly

23.2160, 20.2318, 18.0107

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 34.3419, 22.5646, 11.5622 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(219, 87, 87)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(219, 87, 87)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(219, 87, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(219, 87, 87) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 34.3419, 22.5646, 11.5622 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(219, 87, 87) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(219, 87, 87) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(219, 87, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(219, 87, 87); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 87, 87);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 87,  
87) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 34.3419, 22.5646, 11.5622 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(219, 87, 87) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(219, 87,  
87) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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