

# Converting Colors

XYZ(34.3890, 65.5323, 36.9104)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(34.3890, 65.5323, 36.9104)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(37.6103, 67.2880,  
36.9922)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00F58F
RGB	0, 245, 143
RGB Percent	0%, 96%, 56%
CMY	0.9999, 0.0392, 0.4392
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.42, 0.04
HSL	155°, 100%, 48%
HSV	155°, 100%, 96%
XYZ	37.6103, 67.2880, 36.9922
YIQ	160.1170, -113.2780, -83.6620

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

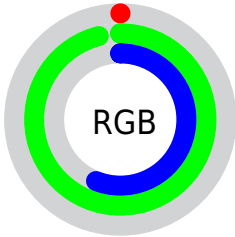
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 155, 245
Decimal	62863
CIELab	85.65, -71.06, 35.70
CIELCh	86, 79.528, 153.326
Yxy	67.2880, 0.2651, 0.4742
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278252943 (0xFF00F58F)
YUV	160.1170, -8.4387, -140.4226
Hunter-Lab	82.0293, -61.7092, 30.6829

# Details

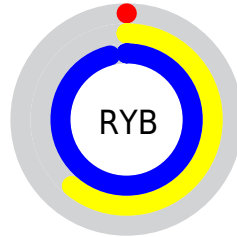
The XYZ color **37.6103, 67.2880, 36.9922** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00FF99**. The color can be described as dark saturated spring green. A complement of this color would be **40.0570, 20.3733, 14.3963**, and the grayscale version is **33.5460, 35.2930, 38.4340**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **52.7631, 79.1079, 65.9145**, and **19.6587, 36.2960, 15.8672** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37.6113, 67.2904, 36.9909**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38.8094, 67.8146, 41.2693**.

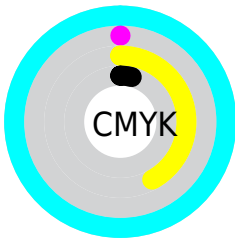
# Distribution



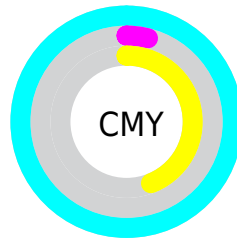
- Red (0%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Black (4%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (44%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 37.6103, 67.2880, 36.9922 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 37.6103, 67.2880, 36.9922 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 37.6103, 67.2880,  
36.9922


 37.6103, 67.2880,  
36.9922


327.2551,  
450.9692, 348.4444


 25.8562, 49.3187,  
24.9057


 70.8182, 115.3330,  
71.7470


 16.8482, 34.8724,  
15.7884


 93.0027, 146.1775,  
95.2524


 10.2210, 23.5646,  
9.2218


 119.3947,  
182.0825, 123.4011

 5.6091, 15.0109,  
4.7874

 150.3596,  
223.4324, 156.6118

 2.6473, 8.8271,  
2.0665

 186.2628,  
270.6117, 195.3029

 0.9701, 4.6286,  
0.5957

227.4695,

 0.0000, 2.0310,

324.0046, 239.8930

0.0000

274.3452,  
383.9957, 290.8007

■ 0.0000, 0.6254,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 37.6103, 67.2880,  
36.9922

■ 37.6103, 67.2880,  
36.9922

■ 37.6113, 67.2904,  
36.9909

■ 38.8094, 67.8146,  
41.2693

■ 40.5683, 68.6196,  
45.9474

■ 43.0423, 69.7847,  
51.0442

■ 46.3241, 71.3576,  
56.5728

■ 50.4918, 73.3783,  
62.5453

■ 55.6138, 75.8818,  
68.9730

■ 61.7516, 78.8997,  
75.8668

■ 68.9613, 82.4608,  
83.2371

■ 77.2947, 86.5916,  
91.0937

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46.6666, 67.2880, 17.5321



37.6103, 67.2880, 36.9922



35.1075, 67.2880, 79.2046

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



37.6103, 67.2880, 36.9922



65.9968, 67.2880, 224.7544



97.6908, 67.2880, 30.9948

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



37.6103, 67.2880, 36.9922



40.0570, 20.3733, 14.3963

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



105.4030, 67.2880, 67.6304



37.6103, 67.2880, 36.9922



85.0598, 67.2880, 192.1952

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



37.6103, 67.2880, 36.9922



49.5605, 67.2880, 203.4116



100.3949, 67.2880, 127.7804



80.8978, 67.2880, 15.3953



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



37.6103, 67.2880, 36.9922



37.0098, 67.2880, 120.2780



100.3949, 67.2880, 127.7804



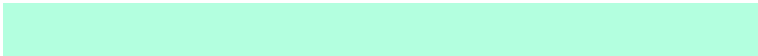
101.5612, 67.2880, 40.4439

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



37.6120, 67.2907, 36.9938



67.5744, 86.3800, 83.0288



38.1440, 68.1377, 11.1420



13.8266, 18.1752, 17.0757



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



37.6120, 67.2907, 36.9938



41.1712, 73.6845, 40.4151



43.2964, 60.2212, 95.7314



16.6879, 18.6343, 19.6407



20.3318, 36.2776, 20.2989



1.8381, 3.2089, 2.0534



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.0570, 20.3733, 14.3963



43.8504, 22.3042, 15.6761



37.9156, 19.9290, 1.8488



16.7853, 16.5970, 18.6159



21.6436, 11.0009, 8.0975

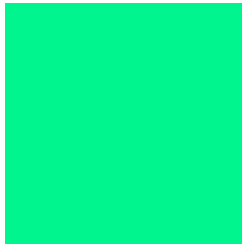


1.9522, 0.9869, 0.9748



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 37.6103, 67.2880, 36.9922 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 37.6103, 67.2880, 36.9922 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

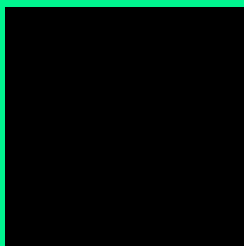
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 37.6103, 67.2880, 36.9922**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 37.6103, 67.2880, 36.9922.



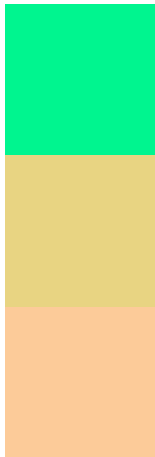
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 37.6103, 67.2880,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

37.6103, 67.2880, 36.9922

### Protanopia

60.8515, 65.8545, 30.6231

### Deuteranopia

67.2506, 65.7072, 39.2753



## Tritanopia

50.4856, 66.8519, 101.5096

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

37.6103, 67.2880, 36.9922



## Protanomaly

43.2416, 61.3565, 32.4856



## Deuteranomaly

44.9934, 59.7863, 37.6023



## Tritanomaly

43.8552, 66.1917, 72.7522

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

37.6103, 67.2880, 36.9922



## Achromatopsia

33.4132, 35.1533, 38.2819



## Achromatomaly

29.9430, 42.4195, 37.1815

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 37.6103, 67.2880, 36.9922 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 245, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 245, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 245, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 245, 143) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 37.6103, 67.2880, 36.9922 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 245, 143) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 245, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 245, 143)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 245, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 245, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 245,  
143) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 37.6103, 67.2880, 36.9922 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 245, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 245,  
143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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