

# Converting Colors

XYZ(34.4275, 17.7136, 3.1692)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(34.4275, 17.7136, 3.1692)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(34.5643, 17.7835,  
3.2009)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EB0023
RGB	235, 0, 35
RGB Percent	92%, 0%, 14%
CMY	0.0784, 0.9998, 0.8627
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.85, 0.08
HSL	351°, 100%, 46%
HSV	351°, 100%, 92%
XYZ	34.5643, 17.7835, 3.2009
YIQ	74.2550, 128.8250, 60.7050

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

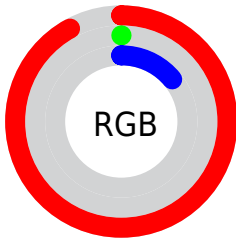
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	235, 0, 35
Decimal	15400995
CIE Lab	49.23, 75.71, 50.74
CIE LCh	49, 91.146, 33.830
Yxy	17.7835, 0.6222, 0.3201
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293591075 (0xFFEB0023)
YUV	74.2550, -19.3527, 140.9734
Hunter-Lab	42.1705, 72.5060, 25.0190

# Details

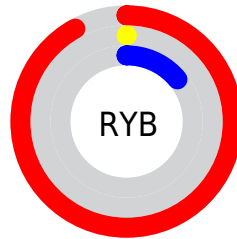
The XYZ color **34.5643, 17.7835, 3.2009** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF3333**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **40.1409, 63.5894, 64.8372**, and the grayscale version is **6.5773, 6.9198, 7.5356**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **46.5901, 29.5235, 11.2257**, and **16.3622, 8.4350, 0.7657** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34.5633, 17.7831, 3.1970**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35.2680, 18.5731, 5.3412**.

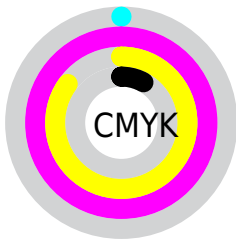
# Distribution



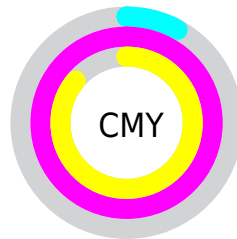
- Red (92%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (14%)



- Red (92%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (14%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Black (8%)




- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (86%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 34.5643, 17.7835, 3.2009 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 34.5643, 17.7835, 3.2009 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 34.5643, 17.7835,  
3.2009


 34.5643, 17.7835,  
3.2009


314.1828,  
239.6479, 138.8796

 23.4924, 10.7947,  
1.1981

 66.1487, 39.6681,  
12.1203


 15.0802, 5.9289,  
0.0000


 87.3919, 55.3326,  
19.8739

 8.9624, 2.8019,  
0.0000


 112.7563, 74.6578,  
30.3816

 4.7736, 1.0292,  
0.0000

 142.6072, 98.0281,  
44.0619

 2.1484, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 177.3099,  
125.8278, 61.3333


 0.7153, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 217.2299,


 0.0000, 0.0000,


158.4415, 82.6144


0.0000


 262.7324,  
196.2534, 108.3236


 34.5643, 17.7835,  
3.2009


 34.5643, 17.7835,  
3.2009


 34.5633, 17.7831,  
3.1970

 35.2680, 18.5731,  
5.3412

 36.5499, 20.2079,  
8.6325

 38.5521, 22.9390,  
13.2257

 41.3642, 26.9160,  
19.2408

 45.0621, 32.2650,  
26.7835

■ 49.7130, 39.0964,  
35.9495

■ 55.3774, 47.5096,  
46.8267

■ 62.1110, 57.5951,  
59.4964

■ 69.9652, 69.4367,  
74.0348

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.1802, 17.7835, 16.3859



34.5643, 17.7835, 3.2009



25.2381, 17.7835, 0.2154

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



34.5643, 17.7835, 3.2009



6.0259, 17.7835, 5.1376



18.0246, 17.7835, 114.5520

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34.5643, 17.7835, 3.2009



40.1409, 63.5894, 64.8372

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.6401, 17.7835, 99.7940



34.5643, 17.7835, 3.2009



5.2345, 17.7835, 22.6810

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



34.5643, 17.7835, 3.2009



9.3035, 17.7835, 0.6410



6.5949, 17.7835, 59.1751



27.8049, 17.7835, 90.7028



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34.5643, 17.7835, 3.2009



18.7317, 17.7835, 0.0000



6.5949, 17.7835, 59.1751



15.1968, 17.7835, 114.0048

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34.5647, 17.7846, 3.2011



66.5409, 57.0125, 56.1424



38.7508, 18.2455, 80.0759



13.5934, 11.2366, 10.7778



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34.5647, 17.7846, 3.2011



41.5886, 21.3995, 3.7659



37.3000, 23.7402, 2.6181



15.1568, 15.0906, 16.1108



19.2648, 9.9086, 1.9297



1.5409, 0.7893, 0.2998



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.5647, 17.7846, 3.2011



41.5886, 21.3995, 3.7659



26.3496, 28.7057, 82.7486



15.1568, 15.0906, 16.1108



19.2648, 9.9086, 1.9297



1.5409, 0.7893, 0.2998



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.5643, 17.7835, 3.2009 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.5643, 17.7835, 3.2009 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 34.5643, 17.7835, 3.2009**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.5643, 17.7835, 3.2009.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.5643, 17.7835,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

34.5643, 17.7835, 3.2009

### Protanopia

16.8511, 18.3946, 6.5333

### Deuteranopia

18.4828, 18.2943, 2.5570



## Tritanopia

34.1998, 18.0288, 1.6774

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

34.5643, 17.7835, 3.2009

## Protanomaly

19.5010, 13.8257, 4.5465

## Deuteranomaly

21.4461, 14.4875, 2.0468

## Tritanomaly

34.1483, 17.8093, 2.0185

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

34.5643, 17.7835, 3.2009

## Achromatopsia

6.5089, 6.8478, 7.4573

## Achromatomaly

11.5050, 7.3458, 5.0865

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 34.5643, 17.7835, 3.2009 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(235, 0, 35)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(235, 0, 35)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 0, 35) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(235, 0, 35) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 34.5643, 17.7835, 3.2009 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(235, 0, 35) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(235, 0, 35) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(235, 0, 35)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(235, 0, 35); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 0, 35);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 0, 35)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 34.5643, 17.7835, 3.2009 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(235, 0, 35) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(235, 0,  
35) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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