

# Converting Colors

XYZ(34.4576, 68.4653, 11.3990)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(34.4576, 68.4653, 11.3990)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(34.4949, 68.5306,  
11.4097)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	15FA00
RGB	21, 250, 0
RGB Percent	8%, 98%, 0%
CMY	0.9176, 0.0196, 0.9998
CMYK	0.92, 0.00, 1.00, 0.02
HSL	115°, 100%, 49%
HSV	115°, 100%, 98%
XYZ	34.4949, 68.5306, 11.4097
YIQ	153.0290, -56.2340, -126.2980

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

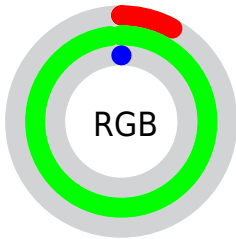
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 250, 229
Decimal	1440256
CIELab	86.27, -84.17, 82.04
CIELCh	86, 117.540, 135.736
Yxy	68.5306, 0.3014, 0.5989
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279630336 (0xFF15FA00)
YUV	153.0290, -75.4433, -115.7894
Hunter-Lab	82.7832, -70.4915, 49.7765

# Details

The XYZ color **34.4949, 68.5306, 11.4097** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33FF00**. The color can be described as dark saturated green. A complement of this color would be **49.5823, 23.5678, 92.3818**, and the grayscale version is **30.6305, 32.2256, 35.0937**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **45.6744, 76.4129, 22.2394**, and **18.8496, 37.6993, 6.2832** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34.4955, 68.5330, 11.4101**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35.3975, 68.9777, 12.3703**.

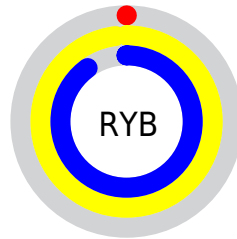
# Distribution



Red (8%)

Green (98%)

Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (98%)

Blue (90%)

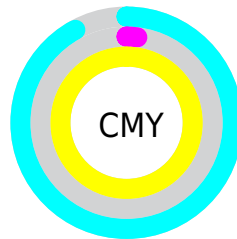


Cyan (92%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (92%)

Magenta (2%)


Yellow (100%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 34.4949, 68.5306, 11.4097 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 34.4949, 68.5306, 11.4097 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 34.4949, 68.5306,  
11.4097


 34.4949, 68.5306,  
11.4097


313.8804,  
455.3737, 211.2945


 23.4387, 50.3295,  
6.2255


 66.0417, 117.1109,  
29.0635

 15.0403, 35.6753,  
2.9117


 87.2631, 148.2589,  
42.3701


 8.9342, 24.1835,  
1.0497


 112.6036,  
184.4913, 59.2213

 4.7550, 15.4698,  
0.0000

 142.4286,  
226.1926, 80.0356

 2.1375, 9.1498,  
0.0000

 177.1034,  
273.7470, 105.2315

 0.7095, 4.8390,  
0.0000

 216.9934,

 0.0000, 2.1531,

327.5391, 135.2276

0.0000

262.4640,  
387.9532, 170.4424

■ 0.0000, 0.6942,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 34.4949, 68.5306,  
11.4097

■ 34.4949, 68.5306,  
11.4097

■ 34.4955, 68.5330,  
11.4101

■ 35.3975, 68.9777,  
12.3703

■ 37.0653, 69.7911,  
14.5396

■ 39.6470, 71.0418,  
18.2866

■ 43.2501, 72.7802,  
23.8353

■ 47.9670, 75.0499,  
31.3737

■ 53.8796, 77.8895,  
41.0661

■ 61.0622, 81.3342,  
53.0597

■ 69.5828, 85.4163,  
67.4890

■ 79.5049, 90.1655,  
84.4780

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.0030, 68.5306, 3.4349



34.4949, 68.5306, 11.4097



26.5646, 68.5306, 43.5596

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



34.4949, 68.5306, 11.4097



53.1234, 68.5306, 332.7870



129.2586, 68.5306, 41.0246

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34.4949, 68.5306, 11.4097



49.5823, 23.5678, 92.3818

# Split Complementary

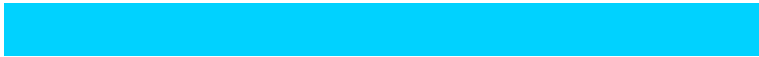
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



129.8063, 68.5306, 117.7541



34.4949, 68.5306, 11.4097



80.3132, 68.5306, 330.1065

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



34.4949, 68.5306, 11.4097



35.1180, 68.5306, 240.6073



110.0271, 68.5306, 234.7405



108.6903, 68.5306, 10.6522



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34.4949, 68.5306, 11.4097



25.8315, 68.5306, 90.5471



110.0271, 68.5306, 234.7405



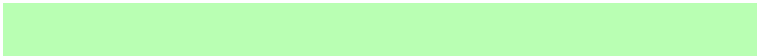
131.9487, 68.5306, 60.6763

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34.4965, 68.5334, 11.4112



63.8335, 85.0583, 55.4367



66.3534, 74.1795, 10.8220



12.9492, 17.8638, 10.6686



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34.4965, 68.5334, 11.4112



36.0775, 71.6837, 11.9349



36.4889, 69.2947, 23.5150



17.1523, 19.3788, 18.2988



18.3439, 36.3749, 6.0542



1.7437, 3.3920, 0.5628



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.5823, 23.5678, 92.3818



51.8549, 24.6471, 96.6320



44.9328, 22.5282, 30.8420



17.8410, 17.4462, 21.8124



26.3585, 12.5310, 49.0030

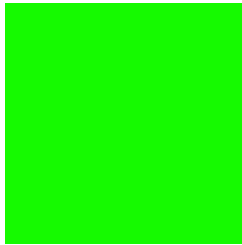


2.4824, 1.1818, 4.5404



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.4949, 68.5306, 11.4097 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

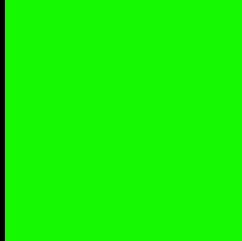
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.4949, 68.5306, 11.4097 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

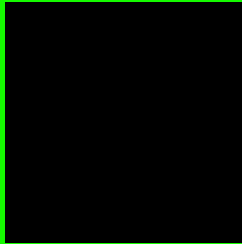
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

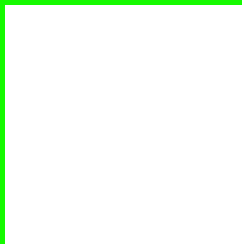
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 34.4949, 68.5306, 11.4097**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.4949, 68.5306, 11.4097.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.4949, 68.5306,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

34.4949, 68.5306, 11.4097

### Protanopia

60.3222, 66.7939, 9.7132

### Deuteranopia

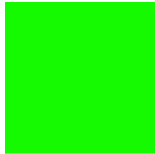
67.0130, 66.8833, 28.7798



## Tritanopia

52.2131, 67.7424, 101.5905

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

34.4949, 68.5306, 11.4097



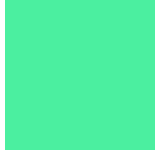
## Protanomaly

42.1670, 62.5152, 9.8442



## Deuteranomaly

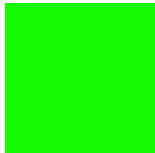
44.1468, 61.3678, 17.1078



## Tritanomaly

40.1133, 65.7669, 43.8378

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

34.4949, 68.5306, 11.4097



## Achromatopsia

30.2779, 31.8547, 34.6897



## Achromatomaly

25.9666, 39.8328, 17.6292

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 34.4949, 68.5306, 11.4097 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(21, 250, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(21, 250, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(21, 250, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(21, 250, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 34.4949, 68.5306, 11.4097 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(21, 250, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(21, 250, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(21, 250, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(21, 250, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(21, 250, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(21, 250, 0)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 34.4949, 68.5306, 11.4097 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(21, 250, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(21, 250,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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