

# Converting Colors

XYZ(34.4878, 27.0277, 24.3566)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(34.4878, 27.0277, 24.3566)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(34.4455, 27.0847,  
24.5315)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C87782
RGB	200, 119, 130
RGB Percent	78%, 47%, 51%
CMY	0.2157, 0.5333, 0.4902
CMYK	0.00, 0.40, 0.35, 0.22
HSL	352°, 42%, 63%
HSV	352°, 40%, 78%
XYZ	34.4455, 27.0847, 24.5315
YIQ	144.4730, 44.7450, 20.5930

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

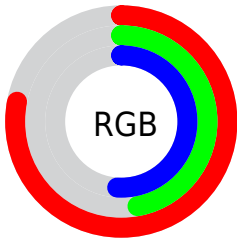
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	200, 119, 130
Decimal	13137794
CIE Lab	59.05, 32.98, 7.70
CIE LCh	59, 33.864, 13.147
Yxy	27.0847, 0.4002, 0.3147
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291327874 (0xFFC87782)
YUV	144.4730, -7.1352, 48.6972
Hunter-Lab	52.0430, 27.0680, 8.4825

# Details

The XYZ color **34.4455, 27.0847, 24.5315** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **37.4486, 48.9052, 55.6126**, and the grayscale version is **26.7160, 28.1073, 30.6089**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **64.5398, 54.1839, 51.8567**, and **15.1149, 10.7796, 9.0686** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31.2465, 22.3899, 18.2139**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38.3418, 32.8617, 32.0436**.

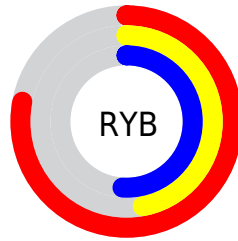
# Distribution



Red (78%)

Green (47%)

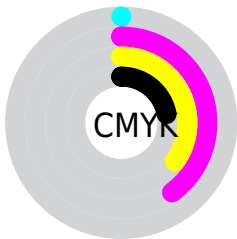
Blue (51%)



Red (78%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (51%)

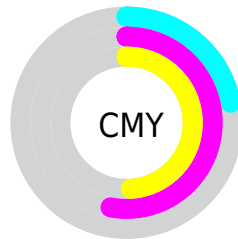


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (35%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (22%)

Magenta (53%)


Yellow (49%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 34.4455, 27.0847, 24.5315 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 34.4455, 27.0847, 24.5315 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 34.4455, 27.0847,  
24.5315


 34.4455, 27.0847,  
24.5315


313.6650,  
288.0670, 288.8693

 23.4006, 17.6368,  
15.5125

 65.9656, 55.0198,  
51.8508

 15.0119, 10.6896,  
9.0293


 87.1714, 74.2757,  
70.9882

 8.9141, 5.8585,  
4.6632


 112.4949, 97.5699,  
94.3355

 4.7419, 2.7592,  
1.9958

142.3014,  
125.2866, 122.3113

 2.1298, 1.0074,  
0.5527

176.9564,  
157.8103, 155.3340

 0.7053, 0.0000,  
0.0000

216.8251,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

195.5253, 193.8222

0.0000

262.2728,  
238.8161, 238.1944

■ 34.4455, 27.0847,  
24.5315

■ 34.4455, 27.0847,  
24.5315

■ 31.2465, 22.3899,  
18.2139

■ 38.3418, 32.8617,  
32.0436

■ 28.7010, 18.7062,  
13.0275

■ 42.9710, 39.7785,  
40.8060

■ 26.7641, 15.9600,  
8.9052


■ 48.3692, 47.8932,  
50.8727


■ 25.3837, 14.0662,  
5.7725


■ 54.5692, 57.2588,  
62.2943


■ 24.4991, 12.9240,  
3.5447

■ 61.6021, 67.9251,  
75.1185

 24.0190, 12.3592,  
2.1657

 69.4972, 79.9394,  
89.3908

 76.9912, 90.7641,  
104.7241

 77.6294, 91.0194,  
108.0847

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



34.2815, 27.0847, 36.7251



34.4455, 27.0847, 24.5315



32.1035, 27.0847, 16.3214

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



34.4455, 27.0847, 24.5315



20.6008, 27.0847, 15.6182



23.4698, 27.0847, 57.6629

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34.4455, 27.0847, 24.5315



37.4486, 48.9052, 55.6126

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.2838, 27.0847, 48.3276



34.4455, 27.0847, 24.5315



18.7552, 27.0847, 23.2747

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



34.4455, 27.0847, 24.5315



23.9478, 27.0847, 12.2020



18.6459, 27.0847, 35.0767



27.6262, 27.0847, 58.2708



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34.4455, 27.0847, 24.5315



29.5703, 27.0847, 13.2816



18.6459, 27.0847, 35.0767



22.2614, 27.0847, 55.3457

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34.4462, 27.0860, 24.5320



82.0840, 80.4188, 84.9989



37.7251, 28.0375, 58.0671



17.2940, 16.7985, 17.6816



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34.4462, 27.0860, 24.5320



54.4967, 39.3456, 32.3312



37.6383, 34.5890, 22.1470



10.6915, 10.6600, 11.3589



15.2916, 7.8662, 1.4793



0.7437, 0.3803, 0.1734



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.4462, 27.0860, 24.5320



54.4967, 39.3456, 32.3312



32.7202, 37.4652, 60.1506



10.6915, 10.6600, 11.3589



15.2916, 7.8662, 1.4793



0.7437, 0.3803, 0.1734



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.4455, 27.0847, 24.5315 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

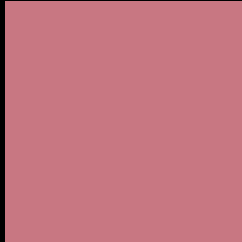
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.4455, 27.0847, 24.5315 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

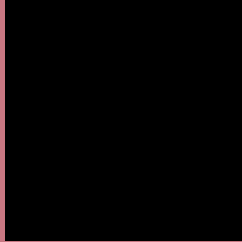
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 34.4455, 27.0847, 24.5315**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.4455, 27.0847, 24.5315.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.4455, 27.0847,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

34.4455, 27.0847, 24.5315

### Protanopia

26.3080, 27.3489, 29.8789

### Deuteranopia

27.6767, 27.1050, 23.8517



## Tritanopia

34.3125, 27.0315, 23.8312

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

34.4455, 27.0847, 24.5315

## Protanomaly

28.6296, 26.8845, 27.7250

## Deuteranomaly

29.7834, 26.7539, 24.0163

## Tritanomaly

34.3787, 27.0580, 24.1796

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

34.4455, 27.0847, 24.5315

## Achromatopsia

26.5089, 27.8894, 30.3716

## Achromatomaly

28.6340, 27.0845, 28.1448

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 34.4455, 27.0847, 24.5315 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(200, 119, 130)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(200, 119, 130)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 119, 130) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(200, 119, 130) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 34.4455, 27.0847, 24.5315 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(200, 119, 130) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(200, 119, 130) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(200, 119, 130)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(200, 119, 130); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 119, 130);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 119,  
130) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 34.4455, 27.0847, 24.5315 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(200, 119, 130) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(200,  
119, 130) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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