

# Converting Colors

XYZ(34.5029, 29.6788, 16.7300)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(34.5029, 29.6788, 16.7300)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(34.5189, 29.7612,  
16.7571)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| <b>Format</b> | <b>Color</b>              |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Hex           | C88467                    |
| RGB           | 200, 132, 103             |
| RGB Percent   | 78%, 52%, 40%             |
| CMY           | 0.2157, 0.4823, 0.5961    |
| CMYK          | 0.00, 0.34, 0.48, 0.22    |
| HSL           | 18°, 47%, 59%             |
| HSV           | 18°, 48%, 78%             |
| XYZ           | 34.5189, 29.7612, 16.7571 |
| YIQ           | 149.0260, 49.8370, 5.3970 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

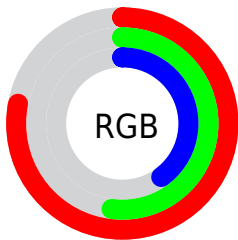
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                   |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| <b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>               | 200, 144, 103                  |
| Decimal                             | 13141095                       |
| CIE Lab                             | 61.45, 22.91, 26.35            |
| CIE LCh                             | 61, 34.916, 49.000             |
| Yxy                                 | 29.7612, 0.4260,<br>0.3673     |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4291331175<br>(0xFFC88467)     |
| YUV                                 | 149.0260, -22.6908,<br>44.7042 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 54.5538, 17.4766,<br>19.9758   |

# Details

The XYZ color **34.5189, 29.7612, 16.7571** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **30.5810, 36.1779, 60.0147**, and the grayscale version is **28.6565, 30.1489, 32.8321**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **64.4217, 58.2910, 38.4277**, and **15.0588, 12.1598, 5.2948** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31.8575, 25.8574, 11.4958**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37.6774, 34.2750, 23.3692**.

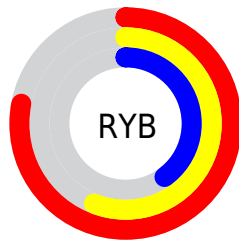
# Distribution



Red (78%)

Green (52%)

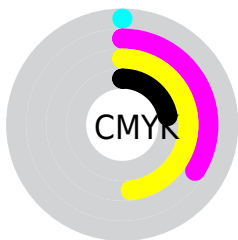
Blue (40%)



Red (78%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (40%)

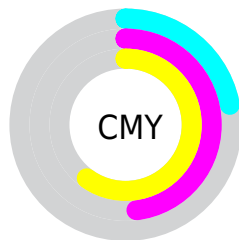


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (48%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (22%)

Magenta (48%)


Yellow (60%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 34.5189, 29.7612, 16.7571 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 34.5189, 29.7612, 16.7571 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 34.5189, 29.7612,  
16.7571


 34.5189, 29.7612,  
16.7571


313.9850,  
300.7898, 245.7651

 23.4573, 19.6574,  
9.9013


 66.0787, 59.2843,  
38.6926

 15.0541, 12.1463,  
5.2288


 87.3077, 79.4724,  
54.6094

 8.9439, 6.8434,  
2.3211


 112.6564,  
103.7908, 74.3836

 4.7614, 3.3643,  
0.7430

 142.4904,  
132.6238, 98.4338

 2.1413, 1.3248,  
0.0000

177.1748,  
166.3557, 127.1785

 0.7115, 0.1603,  
0.0000

217.0752,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

205.3711, 161.0363

0.0000

262.5568,  
250.0544, 200.4256

■ 34.5189, 29.7612,  
16.7571

■ 34.5189, 29.7612,  
16.7571

■ 31.8575, 25.8574,  
11.4958

■ 37.6774, 34.2750,  
23.3692

■ 29.6635, 22.5321,  
7.4885

■ 41.3560, 39.4197,  
31.4161

■ 27.9071, 19.7571,  
4.6283


■ 45.5788, 45.2207,  
40.9771


■ 26.5535, 17.5000,  
2.7890

■ 50.3679, 51.7007,  
52.1249


■ 25.5534, 15.7211,  
1.7738


■ 55.7439, 58.8809,  
64.9278

 25.4250, 15.4905,  
1.6499

 61.7263, 66.7821,  
79.4497

 68.3338, 75.4237,  
95.7516

 74.2690, 84.2986,  
106.9646

 77.6294, 91.0193,  
108.0847

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



37.5367, 29.7612, 24.8134



34.5189, 29.7612, 16.7571



30.0147, 29.7612, 13.3089

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



34.5189, 29.7612, 16.7571



20.4382, 29.7612, 27.7927



31.2764, 29.7612, 62.8718

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34.5189, 29.7612, 16.7571



30.5810, 36.1779, 60.0147

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.6272, 29.7612, 64.3106



34.5189, 29.7612, 16.7571



20.6974, 29.7612, 41.4055

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



34.5189, 29.7612, 16.7571



22.1032, 29.7612, 18.4253



22.8545, 29.7612, 55.6247



35.5286, 29.7612, 52.1061



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34.5189, 29.7612, 16.7571



26.9212, 29.7612, 13.2240



22.8545, 29.7612, 55.6247



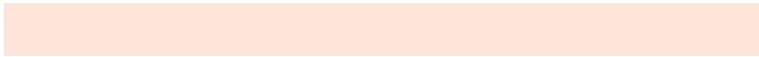
29.6985, 29.7612, 64.5541

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34.5196, 29.7627, 16.7577



81.5269, 81.8468, 76.9764



36.1659, 24.9785, 42.2057



17.0833, 17.0203, 15.6285



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34.5196, 29.7627, 16.7577



55.0181, 44.5615, 19.6390



42.3844, 45.4922, 19.3793



10.8881, 11.1454, 11.1402



16.2352, 9.9876, 1.0721



0.8331, 0.6016, 0.0722



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.5810, 36.1779, 60.0147



47.3639, 56.8289, 103.0805



23.2288, 21.4735, 57.5640



10.6686, 11.5113, 13.5771



12.6914, 14.7766, 36.9276



0.6620, 0.8219, 1.7689



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.5189, 29.7612, 16.7571 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

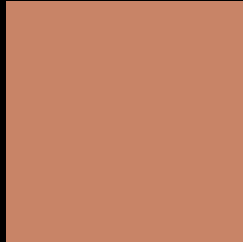
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.5189, 29.7612, 16.7571 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

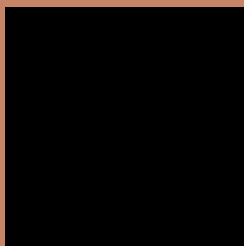
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 34.5189, 29.7612, 16.7571**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.5189, 29.7612, 16.7571.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.5189, 29.7612,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

34.5189, 29.7612, 16.7571

### Protanopia

28.0591, 30.0943, 19.0818

### Deuteranopia

30.3821, 29.7506, 16.4530



## Tritanopia

36.7333, 29.6814, 27.4599

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

34.5189, 29.7612, 16.7571

## Protanomaly

30.1555, 29.8204, 18.0765

## Deuteranomaly

31.7365, 29.5754, 16.6063

## Tritanomaly

35.9090, 29.7377, 23.2494

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

34.5189, 29.7612, 16.7571

## Achromatopsia

28.5667, 30.0544, 32.7292

## Achromatomaly

30.1358, 29.6357, 25.9617

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 34.5189, 29.7612, 16.7571 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(200, 132, 103)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(200, 132, 103)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 132, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(200, 132, 103) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 34.5189, 29.7612, 16.7571 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(200, 132, 103) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(200, 132, 103) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 132, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(200, 132, 103); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 132, 103);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 132,  
103) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 34.5189, 29.7612, 16.7571 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(200, 132, 103) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(200,  
132, 103) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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