

# Converting Colors

XYZ(34.6276, 15.7660, 95.8258)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(34.6276, 15.7660, 95.8258)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(34.6276, 15.7660,  
95.8258)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	AA00FF
RGB	170, 0, 255
RGB Percent	67%, 0%, 100%
CMY	0.3333, 1.0000, 0.0000
CMYK	0.33, 1.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	280°, 100%, 50%
HSV	280°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	34.6276, 15.7660, 95.8258
YIQ	79.9000, 19.4650, 115.3450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

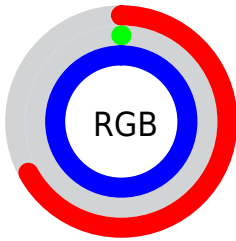
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	170, 0, 255
Decimal	11141375
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	46.67, 86.99, -83.62
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	47, 120.665, 316.134
Yxy	15.7660, 0.2368, 0.1078
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289331455 (0xFFAA00FF)
YUV	79.9000, 86.3243, 79.0177
Hunter-Lab	39.7064, 86.1819, -115.2935

# Details

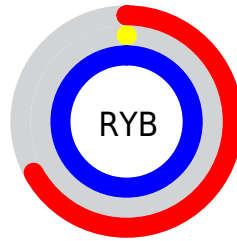
The XYZ color **34.6276, 15.7660, 95.8258** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **9900FF**. The color can be described as middle saturated purple. A complement of this color would be **39.5059, 73.4511, 12.0953**, and the grayscale version is **7.4415, 7.8291, 8.5259**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **54.9849, 31.6881, 97.8261**, and **16.2624, 7.2194, 53.3597** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34.6285, 15.7665, 95.8259**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **36.8843, 17.4615, 96.0341**.

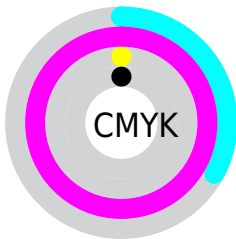
# Distribution



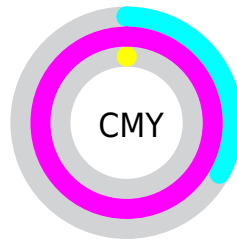
- Red (67%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 34.6276, 15.7660, 95.8258 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 34.6276, 15.7660, 95.8258 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 34.6276, 15.7660,  
95.8258


 34.6276, 15.7660,  
95.8258


314.4584,  
227.9569, 567.8571

 23.5413, 9.3587,  
72.2218


 66.2463, 36.1915,  
157.4104

 15.1166, 4.9759,  
52.8519


 87.5094, 50.9785,  
196.2280

 8.9881, 2.2331,  
37.2977


 112.8955, 69.3275,  
240.9540

 4.7905, 0.7380,  
25.1405

 142.7700, 91.6230,  
292.0067

 2.1583, 0.0000,  
15.9618

 177.4981,  
118.2493, 349.8049

 0.7206, 0.0000,  
9.3430

 217.4454,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

149.5907, 414.7670

4.8657

262.9770,  
186.0318, 487.3115

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
2.1113

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.6225

■ 34.6276, 15.7660,  
95.8258

■ 34.6276, 15.7660,  
95.8258

■ 34.6285, 15.7665,  
95.8259

■ 36.8843, 17.4615,  
96.0341

■ 39.7282, 20.1529,  
96.4037

■ 43.3049, 24.1273,  
96.9823

■ 47.7039, 29.5605,  
97.7992

■ 53.0005, 36.6000,  
98.8788

■ 59.2605, 45.3749,  
100.2426

■ 66.5433, 56.0007,  
101.9097

■ 74.9030, 68.5830,  
103.8978

■ 84.3897, 83.2192,  
106.2228

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.2871, 15.7660, 152.8854



34.6276, 15.7660, 95.8258



44.1609, 15.7660, 34.9684

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



34.6276, 15.7660, 95.8258



20.3316, 15.7660, 0.0000



2.7879, 15.7660, 38.6220

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34.6276, 15.7660, 95.8258



39.5059, 73.4511, 12.0953

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2.7214, 15.7660, 6.7429



34.6276, 15.7660, 95.8258



10.0686, 15.7660, 0.0000

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



34.6276, 15.7660, 95.8258



33.6545, 15.7660, 0.0000



4.6689, 15.7660, 0.0000



4.9320, 15.7660, 100.9806



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34.6276, 15.7660, 95.8258



45.1346, 15.7660, 11.7251



4.6689, 15.7660, 0.0000



2.5734, 15.7660, 24.0746

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34.6285, 15.7665, 95.8259



66.5433, 56.0007, 101.9097



21.2985, 13.7170, 96.1328



13.5583, 10.9777, 21.6543



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34.6285, 15.7665, 95.8259



53.1869, 26.0387, 64.8413



18.1699, 17.9793, 22.7626



18.2590, 8.3234, 50.0788



1.8938, 0.8702, 4.8814

# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.8795, 21.9158, 10.5636



36.1869, 71.6908, 14.1682



18.2591, 18.0869, 19.9815



22.4670, 11.4761, 5.8438



2.2358, 1.1367, 0.8232

# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.6276, 15.7660, 95.8258 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

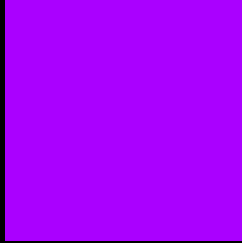
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.6276, 15.7660, 95.8258 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

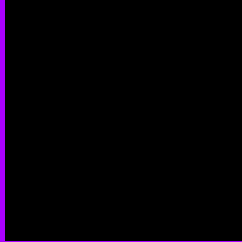
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 34.6276, 15.7660, 95.8258**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.6276, 15.7660, 95.8258.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.6276, 15.7660,



95.8258.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

34.6276, 15.7660, 95.8258

### Protanopia

19.2277, 16.2712, 74.8003

### Tritanopia

18.5387, 16.0155, 16.0241

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

34.6276, 15.7660, 95.8258



## Protanomaly

19.4008, 11.3948, 81.2976



## Tritanomaly

21.4033, 13.0123, 35.1018

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

34.6276, 15.7660, 95.8258



## Achromatopsia

7.6249, 8.0220, 8.7359



## Achromatomaly

13.0279, 7.8920, 27.2222

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 34.6276, 15.7660, 95.8258 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(170, 0, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(170, 0, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(170, 0, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(170, 0, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 34.6276, 15.7660, 95.8258 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(170, 0, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(170, 0, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(170, 0, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(170, 0, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 0, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 0,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 34.6276, 15.7660, 95.8258 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(170, 0, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(170, 0,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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