

# Converting Colors

XYZ(34.6369, 21.6236, 14.7964)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(34.6369, 21.6236, 14.7964)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(34.6379, 21.6237,  
14.9186)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	DC4E66
RGB	220, 78, 102
RGB Percent	86%, 31%, 40%
CMY	0.1373, 0.6941, 0.6000
CMYK	0.00, 0.65, 0.54, 0.14
HSL	350°, 67%, 58%
HSV	350°, 65%, 86%
XYZ	34.6379, 21.6237, 14.9186
YIQ	123.1940, 76.9280, 37.5680

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

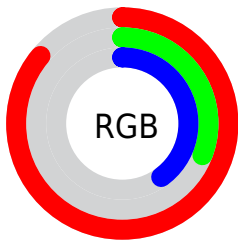
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	220, 78, 102
Decimal	14437990
CIELab	53.63, 57.03, 16.94
CIElCh	54, 59.494, 16.540
Yxy	21.6237, 0.4866, 0.3038
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292628070 (0xFFDC4E66)
YUV	123.1940, -10.4486, 84.8989
Hunter-Lab	46.5013, 51.5839, 13.5294

# Details

The XYZ color **34.6379, 21.6237, 14.9186** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3366**. The color can be described as dark muted rose. A complement of this color would be **38.7004, 56.7922, 61.1512**, and the grayscale version is **18.9074, 19.8920, 21.6624**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **55.5149, 40.6101, 35.0496**, and **15.0879, 7.8084, 4.4533** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32.5189, 18.6805, 10.2215**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37.4805, 25.6945, 20.8437**.

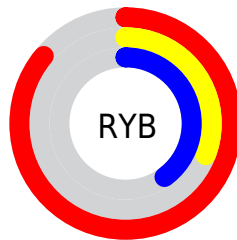
# Distribution



Red (86%)

Green (31%)

Blue (40%)



Red (86%)

Yellow (31%)

Blue (40%)

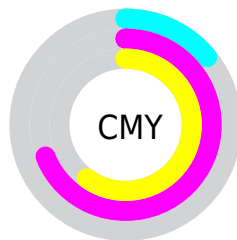


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (65%)

Yellow (54%)

Black (14%)



Cyan (14%)

Magenta (69%)


Yellow (60%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 34.6379, 21.6237, 14.9186 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 34.6379, 21.6237, 14.9186 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 34.6379, 21.6237,  
14.9186


 34.6379, 21.6237,  
14.9186

314.5032,  
260.5748, 234.4968


 23.5493, 13.5807,  
8.6163


 66.2622, 46.1233,  
35.4506


 15.1225, 7.8296,  
4.3984


 87.5285, 63.3486,  
50.5174


 8.9923, 3.9861,  
1.8463


 112.9182, 84.4034,  
69.3427

 4.7932, 1.6658,  
0.4583

 142.7965,  
109.6722, 92.3451

 2.1600, 0.4014,  
0.0000

 177.5288,  
139.5394, 119.9432

 0.7215, 0.0000,  
0.0000

217.4804,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

174.3893, 152.5555

0.0000

263.0168,  
214.6063, 190.6005

■ 34.6379, 21.6237,  
14.9186

■ 34.6379, 21.6237,  
14.9186

■ 32.5189, 18.6805,  
10.2215

■ 37.4805, 25.6945,  
20.8437

■ 31.0542, 16.7469,  
6.6632

■ 41.1042, 30.9881,  
28.0751

■ 30.1629, 15.6852,  
4.1433

■ 45.5625, 37.5938,  
36.6855

■ 29.8518, 15.3503,  
3.1541

■ 50.9036, 45.5914,  
46.7422

■ 57.1720, 55.0543,  
58.3078

■ 64.4092, 66.0510,  
71.4412

■ 72.6541, 78.6455,  
86.1984

■ 81.9435, 92.8980,  
102.6322

■ 83.3251, 93.9556,  
108.3513

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



34.8793, 21.6237, 32.6688



34.6379, 21.6237, 14.9186



30.1589, 21.6237, 6.1796

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



34.6379, 21.6237, 14.9186



12.8958, 21.6237, 6.7413



17.8368, 21.6237, 76.6351

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34.6379, 21.6237, 14.9186



38.7004, 56.7922, 61.1512

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.2394, 21.6237, 59.1911



34.6379, 21.6237, 14.9186



10.8098, 21.6237, 16.3002

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



34.6379, 21.6237, 14.9186



17.2656, 21.6237, 3.4051



10.9210, 21.6237, 34.9827



24.2326, 21.6237, 75.5703



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34.6379, 21.6237, 14.9186



25.8129, 21.6237, 3.8190



10.9210, 21.6237, 34.9827



16.0605, 21.6237, 72.4694

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34.6384, 21.6249, 14.9190



75.6759, 70.5607, 73.7437



37.8832, 22.0824, 69.9757



15.6658, 14.3006, 14.8008



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34.6384, 21.6249, 14.9190



44.7103, 25.1218, 12.5782



37.9701, 29.9248, 10.9841



13.1454, 13.0872, 14.0268



17.5477, 9.0201, 1.9981



1.1647, 0.5955, 0.2763



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.6384, 21.6249, 14.9190



44.7103, 25.1218, 12.5782



31.3978, 37.4613, 73.2859



13.1454, 13.0872, 14.0268



17.5477, 9.0201, 1.9981

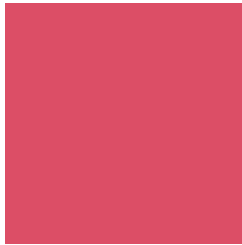


1.1647, 0.5955, 0.2763



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.6379, 21.6237, 14.9186 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.6379, 21.6237, 14.9186 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 34.6379, 21.6237, 14.9186**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.6379, 21.6237, 14.9186.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.6379, 21.6237,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

34.6379, 21.6237, 14.9186

### Protanopia

20.9100, 21.7959, 23.1836

### Deuteranopia

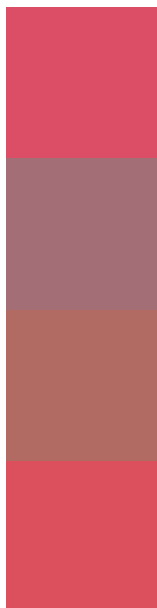
22.0974, 21.6675, 13.8441



## Tritanopia

33.8356, 21.6168, 11.1932

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

34.6379, 21.6237, 14.9186

## Protanomaly

23.9502, 20.2464, 19.7852

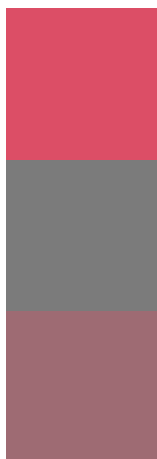
## Deuteranomaly

25.5938, 20.7443, 14.2104

## Tritanomaly

34.0138, 21.5701, 12.4959

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

34.6379, 21.6237, 14.9186

## Achromatopsia

18.8265, 19.8069, 21.5697

## Achromatomaly

22.4528, 19.0223, 18.7079

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 34.6379, 21.6237, 14.9186 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(220, 78, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(220, 78, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(220, 78, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(220, 78, 102) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 34.6379, 21.6237, 14.9186 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(220, 78, 102) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(220, 78, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(220, 78, 102)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(220, 78, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 78, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 78,  
102) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 34.6379, 21.6237, 14.9186 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(220, 78, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(220, 78,  
102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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