

# Converting Colors

XYZ(34.6888, 37.8632, 42.0460)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(34.6888, 37.8632, 42.0460)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(34.6880, 37.8632,  
42.0393)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9CA8A7
RGB	156, 168, 167
RGB Percent	61%, 66%, 65%
CMY	0.3882, 0.3412, 0.3451
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.01, 0.34
HSL	175°, 6%, 64%
HSV	175°, 7%, 66%
XYZ	34.6880, 37.8632, 42.0393
YIQ	164.2980, -6.8310, -2.8550

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

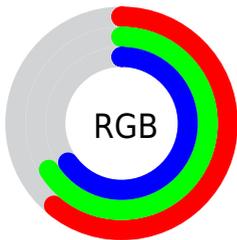
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">156, 162, 168</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">10266791</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">67.92, -4.41, -0.94</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">68, 4.509, 192.094</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">37.8632, 0.3027, 0.3304</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288456871 (0xFF9CA8A7)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">164.2980, 1.3321, -7.2773</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">61.5331, -7.0572, 2.5663</a>

# Details

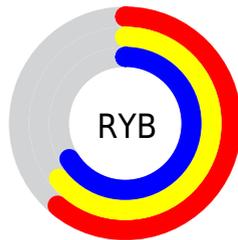
The XYZ color **34.6880, 37.8632, 42.0393** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **34.1241, 34.5371, 36.7679**, and the grayscale version is **35.4256, 37.2705, 40.5876**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66.4365, 71.8982, 79.4834**, and **15.1656, 16.7318, 18.6499** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31.5305, 36.2514, 41.2187**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38.2988, 39.7106, 42.8901**.

# Distribution



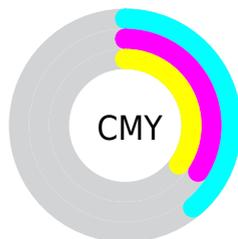
- Red (61%)
- Green (66%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (66%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (34%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (35%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 34.6880, 37.8632, 42.0393 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 34.6880, 37.8632, 42.0393 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 34.6880, 37.8632,  
42.0393

■ 34.6880, 37.8632,  
42.0393

314.7212,  
337.0328, 370.4503

■ 23.5880, 25.8765,  
28.8063

■ 66.3394, 71.8984,  
79.5298

■ 15.1514, 16.7313,  
18.6900

■ 87.6215, 94.7157,  
104.6244

■ 9.0127, 10.0431,  
11.2720

113.0283,  
121.9121, 134.5099

■ 4.8066, 5.4275,  
6.1336

142.9253,  
153.8718, 169.6049

■ 2.1679, 2.5002,  
2.8564

177.6777,  
190.9794, 210.3279

■ 0.7257, 0.8768,  
1.0218

217.6509,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

233.6191, 257.0974

0.0000

263.2103,  
282.1755, 310.3320

■ 34.6880, 37.8632,  
42.0393

■ 34.6880, 37.8632,  
42.0393

■ 31.5305, 36.2514,  
41.2187

■ 38.2988, 39.7106,  
42.8901

■ 28.8047, 34.8609,  
40.4248

■ 42.3769, 41.7977,  
43.7693

■ 26.4919, 33.6833,  
39.6575

■ 46.9397, 44.1345,  
44.6786

■ 24.5713, 32.7075,  
38.9159

■ 52.0029, 46.7291,  
45.6188

■ 23.0196, 31.9219,  
38.1988

■ 57.5814, 49.5892,  
46.5905

■ 21.8115, 31.3132,  
37.5050

■ 63.0227, 52.3784,  
47.5632

■ 20.9184, 30.8668,  
36.8332

■ 63.1617, 52.4340,  
48.2953

■ 20.3071, 30.5654,  
36.1817

■ 63.3022, 52.4902,  
49.0350

■ 19.9271, 30.3831,  
35.5483

■ 63.4441, 52.5470,  
49.7823

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



34.7225, 37.8632, 40.0530



34.6880, 37.8632, 42.0393



34.9985, 37.8632, 43.8644

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



34.6880, 37.8632, 42.0393



36.8975, 37.8632, 44.1530



36.4032, 37.8632, 37.6670

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34.6880, 37.8632, 42.0393



34.1241, 34.5371, 36.7679

# Split Complementary

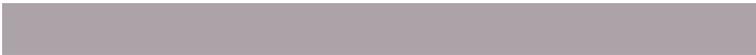
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.9957, 37.8632, 38.6967



34.6880, 37.8632, 42.0393



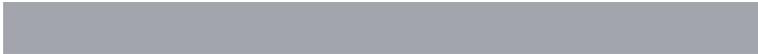
37.2836, 37.8632, 42.4229

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



34.6880, 37.8632, 42.0393



36.2705, 37.8632, 45.1109



37.3197, 37.8632, 40.4244



35.7066, 37.8632, 37.5719

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34.6880, 37.8632, 42.0393



35.3617, 37.8632, 44.7270



37.3197, 37.8632, 40.4244



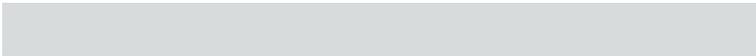
36.6213, 37.8632, 37.9138

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34.6891, 37.8648, 42.0401



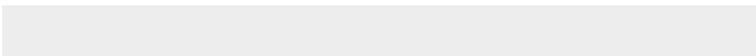
66.1864, 70.3647, 77.0654



33.9482, 37.5954, 36.9205



14.4423, 15.3449, 16.8008



80.6108, 84.8088, 92.3568



14.7206, 15.4872, 16.8656



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34.6891, 37.8648, 42.0401



61.7220, 68.0827, 75.9789



33.9121, 36.1618, 42.2402



7.7201, 8.5211, 9.5122



14.9859, 22.9131, 26.7564



0.3722, 0.5605, 0.6911



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.1241, 34.5371, 36.7679



60.4245, 60.4401, 63.8704



34.8605, 36.1463, 36.5927



7.5556, 7.5521, 7.9771



12.2632, 6.3140, 0.9317

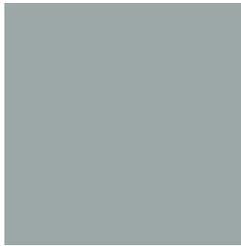


0.3060, 0.1567, 0.0630



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.6880, 37.8632, 42.0393 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

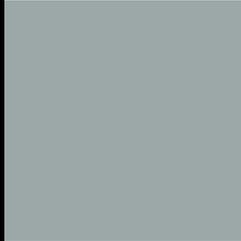
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.6880, 37.8632, 42.0393 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

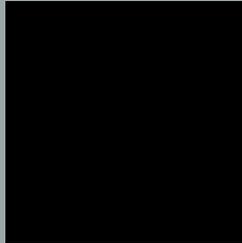
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

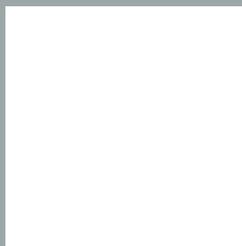
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 34.6880, 37.8632, 42.0393**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.6880, 37.8632, 42.0393.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.6880, 37.8632,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

34.6880, 37.8632, 42.0393

### Protanopia

36.2154, 37.5924, 40.9446

### Deuteranopia

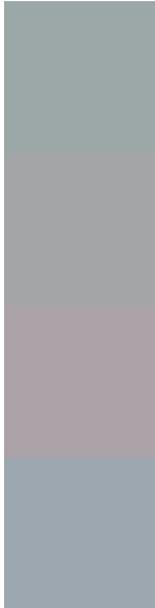
38.5546, 37.7095, 42.7827



## Tritanopia

35.8735, 37.7962, 48.0525

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

34.6880, 37.8632, 42.0393

## Protanomaly

35.6479, 37.5560, 41.4466

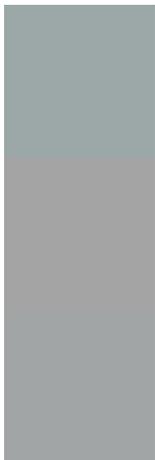
## Deuteranomaly

36.9597, 37.6795, 42.3707

## Tritanomaly

35.4612, 37.9007, 46.0040

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

34.6880, 37.8632, 42.0393

## Achromatopsia

35.2861, 37.1238, 40.4278

## Achromatomaly

34.9446, 37.2039, 40.9366

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 34.6880, 37.8632, 42.0393 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(156, 168, 167) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 168, 167)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 168, 167) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 168, 167) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 34.6880, 37.8632, 42.0393 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 168, 167) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 168, 167) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(156, 168, 167)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 168, 167); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 168, 167);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 168,  
167) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 34.6880, 37.8632, 42.0393 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 168, 167) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156,  
168, 167) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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