

# Converting Colors

XYZ(34.7219, 37.6153, 66.4021)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(34.7219, 37.6153, 66.4021)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(34.7229, 37.6183,  
66.4037)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	80A9D2
RGB	128, 169, 210
RGB Percent	50%, 66%, 82%
CMY	0.4980, 0.3372, 0.1765
CMYK	0.39, 0.20, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	210°, 48%, 66%
HSV	210°, 39%, 82%
XYZ	34.7229, 37.6183, 66.4037
YIQ	161.4150, -37.5970, 4.0590

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

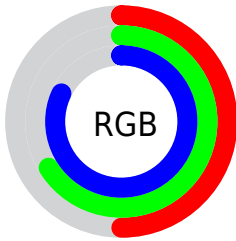
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	128, 155, 210
Decimal	8432082
CIELab	67.74, -3.51, -25.23
CIELCh	68, 25.472, 262.086
Yxy	37.6183, 0.2503, 0.2711
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286622162 (0xFF80A9D2)
YUV	161.4150, 23.9524, -29.3050
Hunter-Lab	61.3338, -6.2798, -21.2574

# Details

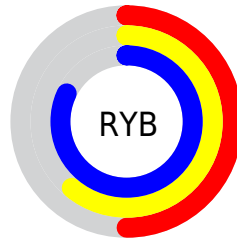
The XYZ color **34.7229, 37.6183, 66.4037** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699CC**. A complement of this color would be **44.6633, 43.6368, 26.4920**, and the grayscale version is **33.9748, 35.7442, 38.9254**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **64.2341, 70.5986, 104.8491**, and **15.1017, 16.5450, 33.4079** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.0097, 32.4050, 65.6465**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **40.2491, 43.4853, 67.2455**.

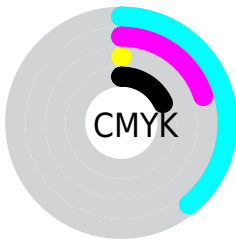
# Distribution



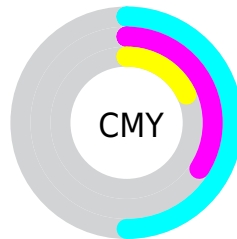
- Red (50%)
- Green (66%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (18%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 34.7229, 37.6183, 66.4037 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 34.7229, 37.6183, 66.4037 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 34.7229, 37.6183,  
66.4037

■ 34.7229, 37.6183,  
66.4037

314.8730,  
335.9797, 466.2628

■ 23.6150, 25.6866,  
48.1416

■ 66.3931, 71.5227,  
115.6981

■ 15.1715, 16.5893,  
33.5783

■ 87.6862, 94.2642,  
147.5675

■ 9.0269, 9.9421,  
22.2951

■ 113.1050,  
121.3777, 184.8097

■ 4.8160, 5.3606,  
13.8735

143.0149,  
153.2477, 227.8434

■ 2.1733, 2.4604,  
7.8950

177.7814,  
190.2585, 277.0870

■ 0.7286, 0.8567,  
3.9410

217.7696,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

232.7945, 332.9591

1.5930

263.3450,  
281.2401, 395.8782

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.2858

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 34.7229, 37.6183,  
66.4037

■ 34.7229, 37.6183,  
66.4037

■ 30.0097, 32.4050,  
65.6465

■ 40.2491, 43.4853,  
67.2455

■ 26.0615, 27.8127,  
64.9682

■ 46.6254, 50.0277,  
68.1723

■ 22.8306, 23.8120,  
64.3663

■ 53.8906, 57.2718,  
69.1876

■ 20.2617, 20.3685,  
63.8370

■ 62.0803, 65.2405,  
70.2941

■ 18.2901, 17.4427,  
63.3762

■ 71.2278, 73.9560,  
71.4942

■ 16.8125, 14.9751,  
62.9778

■ 81.3647, 83.4391,  
72.7904

■ 16.6848, 14.7569,  
62.9424

■ 84.7747, 89.7166,  
73.8223

■ 87.9988, 96.1648,  
74.8970

■ 88.6330, 97.4332,  
75.1084

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.3024, 37.6183, 60.5546



34.7229, 37.6183, 66.4037



38.6775, 37.6183, 64.5115

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



34.7229, 37.6183, 66.4037



43.2381, 37.6183, 33.3373



30.1093, 37.6183, 29.0305

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34.7229, 37.6183, 66.4037



44.6633, 43.6368, 26.4920

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



32.9837, 37.6183, 23.9765



34.7229, 37.6183, 66.4037



40.6112, 37.6183, 26.1265

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



34.7229, 37.6183, 66.4037



43.7891, 37.6183, 44.0180



36.8075, 37.6183, 23.0208



28.7692, 37.6183, 38.0469



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34.7229, 37.6183, 66.4037



41.0725, 37.6183, 59.2476



36.8075, 37.6183, 23.0208



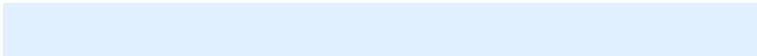
30.9176, 37.6183, 26.8855

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34.7241, 37.6197, 66.4046



79.9865, 85.2752, 106.8518



38.9834, 53.4967, 45.1393



16.7968, 17.9307, 22.8256



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

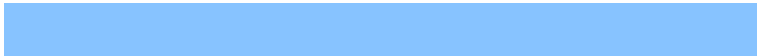


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34.7241, 37.6197, 66.4046



47.5980, 51.4478, 102.0295



28.4347, 25.0408, 64.3081



11.6450, 12.3803, 15.0195



10.2780, 9.2026, 38.4271



0.6540, 0.6733, 2.1750



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41.4600, 32.0057, 41.5302



59.7839, 42.5734, 56.7416



53.1860, 60.6821, 29.3329



12.0517, 11.9054, 13.5482



17.8186, 9.0003, 9.2168

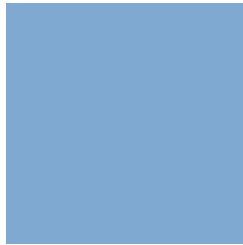


1.0364, 0.5193, 0.7263



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.7229, 37.6183, 66.4037 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

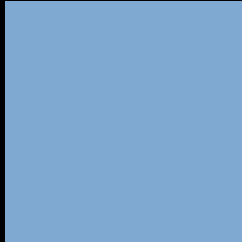
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.7229, 37.6183, 66.4037 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

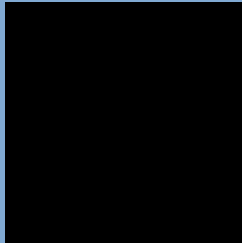
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 34.7229, 37.6183, 66.4037**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.7229, 37.6183, 66.4037.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.7229, 37.6183,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

34.7229, 37.6183, 66.4037

### Protanopia

37.5642, 37.5206, 63.6549

### Deuteranopia

38.5143, 37.6620, 67.5269



## Tritanopia

31.9393, 37.6126, 52.5903

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

34.7229, 37.6183, 66.4037

## Protanomaly

36.3947, 37.4350, 64.3390

## Deuteranomaly

37.0671, 37.7244, 66.9559

## Tritanomaly

32.9150, 37.7303, 57.1776

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

34.7229, 37.6183, 66.4037

## Achromatopsia

33.8758, 35.6400, 38.8120

## Achromatomaly

33.8066, 36.1952, 47.8524

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 34.7229, 37.6183, 66.4037 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 169, 210)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 169, 210)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 169, 210) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 169, 210) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 34.7229, 37.6183, 66.4037 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 169, 210) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 169, 210) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 169, 210)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 169, 210); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 169, 210);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 169,  
210) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 34.7229, 37.6183, 66.4037 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 169, 210) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
169, 210) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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