

# Converting Colors

XYZ(34.7587, 18.6783, 26.2513)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(34.7587, 18.6783, 26.2513)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(34.7375, 18.6519, 26.1954)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(34.7375, 18.6519,  
26.1954)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	DB2B8B
RGB	219, 43, 139
RGB Percent	86%, 17%, 55%
CMY	0.1412, 0.8313, 0.4549
CMYK	0.00, 0.80, 0.37, 0.14
HSL	327°, 71%, 51%
HSV	327°, 80%, 86%
XYZ	34.7375, 18.6519, 26.1954
YIQ	106.5680, 74.0800, 67.1680

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

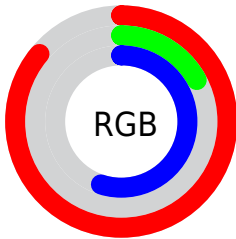
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	219, 43, 139
Decimal	14363531
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	50.28, 71.81, -10.12
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	50, 72.515, 351.979
Yxy	18.6519, 0.4365, 0.2344
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292553611 (0xFFDB2B8B)
YUV	106.5680, 15.9890, 98.6029
Hunter-Lab	43.1878, 67.9951, -5.7306

# Details

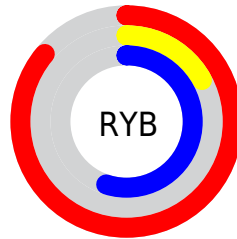
The XYZ color **34.7375, 18.6519, 26.1954** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3399**. The color can be described as dark washed rose. A complement of this color would be **29.9044, 52.6074, 27.3215**, and the grayscale version is **13.8005, 14.5192, 15.8114**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56.1170, 35.7909, 53.8198**, and **16.1012, 8.0922, 10.1645** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33.4491, 17.1868, 22.3390**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **36.5201, 20.9993, 30.5437**.

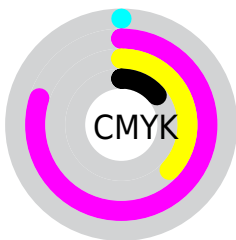
# Distribution



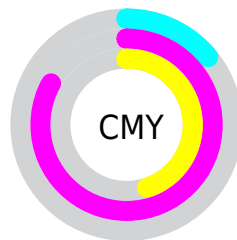
- Red (86%)
- Green (17%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (86%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Black (14%)




- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (83%)
- Yellow (45%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 34.7375, 18.6519, 26.1954 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 34.7375, 18.6519, 26.1954 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 34.7375, 18.6519,  
26.1954


 34.7375, 18.6519,  
26.1954


314.9365,  
244.5203, 297.3759


 23.6263, 11.4190,  
16.7428


 66.4156, 41.1451,  
54.5780


 15.1799, 6.3494,  
9.8913


 87.7133, 57.1741,  
74.3450


 9.0329, 3.0587,  
5.2223


 113.1371, 76.9040,  
98.3873

 4.8199, 1.1625,  
2.3172

 143.0524,  
100.7192, 127.1233

 2.1757, 0.0307,  
0.7409

 177.8247,  
129.0040, 160.9716

 0.7299, 0.0000,  
0.0000

217.8193,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

162.1429, 200.3508

0.0000

263.4014,  
200.5202, 245.6794

■ 34.7375, 18.6519,  
26.1954

■ 34.7375, 18.6519,  
26.1954

■ 33.4491, 17.1868,  
22.3390

■ 36.5201, 20.9993,  
30.5437

■ 32.5701, 16.4028,  
19.0433

■ 38.8569, 24.3465,  
35.4117

■ 41.8005, 28.7960,  
40.8254

■ 45.3966, 34.4366,  
46.8075

■ 49.6864, 41.3482,  
53.3794

■ 54.7073, 49.6035,  
60.5609

■ 60.4942, 59.2697,  
68.3707

■ 67.0795, 70.4096,  
76.8264

■ 74.4939, 83.0821,  
85.9450

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.6315, 18.6519, 54.6443



34.7375, 18.6519, 26.1954



33.4248, 18.6519, 9.0032

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



34.7375, 18.6519, 26.1954



13.1403, 18.6519, 1.4155



10.6451, 18.6519, 68.5306

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34.7375, 18.6519, 26.1954



29.9044, 52.6074, 27.3215

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



7.9248, 18.6519, 38.4878



34.7375, 18.6519, 26.1954



9.0779, 18.6519, 4.5899

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



34.7375, 18.6519, 26.1954



19.6793, 18.6519, 1.0423



7.4387, 18.6519, 15.3775



15.9103, 18.6519, 87.6895



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34.7375, 18.6519, 26.1954



29.7766, 18.6519, 3.8720



7.4387, 18.6519, 15.3775



9.4669, 18.6519, 58.6979

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34.7380, 18.6529, 26.1957



74.3773, 65.3106, 81.4893



21.7061, 10.9960, 67.9963



15.3800, 13.0926, 16.6667



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34.7380, 18.6529, 26.1957



46.3633, 23.4865, 28.3628



30.6934, 17.0351, 4.8972



13.3516, 13.1698, 15.1130



19.3685, 9.7484, 11.5865



1.2981, 0.6489, 0.9785



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.7380, 18.6529, 26.1957



46.3633, 23.4865, 28.3628



37.9863, 55.8401, 69.8801



13.3516, 13.1698, 15.1130



19.3685, 9.7484, 11.5865



1.2981, 0.6489, 0.9785



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.7375, 18.6519, 26.1954 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.7375, 18.6519, 26.1954 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 34.7375, 18.6519, 26.1954**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.7375, 18.6519, 26.1954.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.7375, 18.6519,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

34.7375, 18.6519, 26.1954

### Protanopia

20.2798, 19.0107, 50.7447

### Deuteranopia

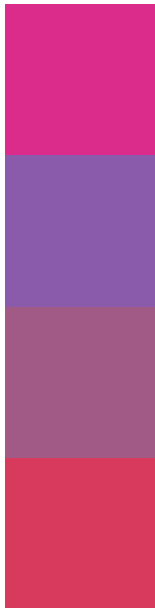
19.2926, 18.9235, 23.7549



## Tritanopia

30.7539, 18.6222, 7.6038

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

34.7375, 18.6519, 26.1954

## Protanomaly

21.7392, 15.9114, 40.4535

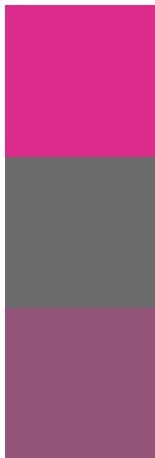
## Deuteranomaly

22.5877, 16.5829, 24.2006

## Tritanomaly

31.8523, 18.4332, 12.4688

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

34.7375, 18.6519, 26.1954

## Achromatopsia

13.9749, 14.7027, 16.0113

## Achromatomaly

18.7128, 13.9685, 19.1627

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 34.7375, 18.6519, 26.1954 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(219, 43, 139)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(219, 43, 139)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(219, 43, 139) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(219, 43, 139) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 34.7375, 18.6519, 26.1954 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(219, 43, 139) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(219, 43, 139) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(219, 43, 139)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(219, 43, 139); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 43, 139);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 43,  
139) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 34.7375, 18.6519, 26.1954 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(219, 43, 139) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(219, 43,  
139) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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