

# Converting Colors

XYZ(34.8448, 26.0820, 97.0990)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(34.8448, 26.0820, 97.0990)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(34.7184, 25.9814, 96.9510)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(34.7184, 25.9814,  
96.9510)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8779FE
RGB	135, 121, 254
RGB Percent	53%, 47%, 100%
CMY	0.4706, 0.5255, 0.0039
CMYK	0.47, 0.52, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	246°, 99%, 74%
HSV	246°, 52%, 100%
XYZ	34.7184, 25.9814, 96.9510
YIQ	140.3480, -34.3490, 44.3310

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

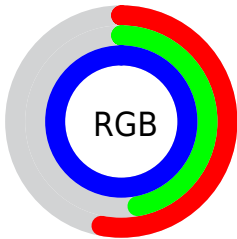
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	135, 121, 254
Decimal	8878590
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	58.02, 38.37, -64.79
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	58, 75.299, 300.634
Yxy	25.9814, 0.2202, 0.1648
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287068670 (0xFF8779FE)
YUV	140.3480, 56.0304, -4.6902
Hunter-Lab	50.9720, 32.3803, -77.0919

# Details

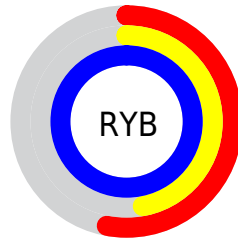
The XYZ color **34.7184, 25.9814, 96.9510** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6666FF**. A complement of this color would be **74.8276, 90.7894, 31.6699**, and the grayscale version is **24.8619, 26.1567, 28.4846**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **55.4342, 48.9614, 101.1365**, and **15.1052, 10.0761, 53.3733** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28.7538, 18.9121, 95.9014**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **42.2781, 35.0795, 98.3092**.

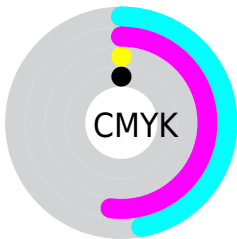
# Distribution



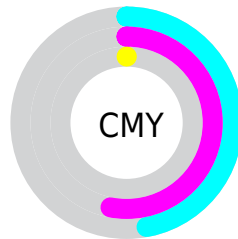
- Red (53%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 34.7184, 25.9814, 96.9510 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 34.7184, 25.9814, 96.9510 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 34.7184, 25.9814,  
96.9510

■ 34.7184, 25.9814,  
96.9510

314.8535,  
282.6908, 571.5353

■ 23.6115, 16.8097,  
73.1540

■ 66.3862, 53.2449,  
158.9759

■ 15.1689, 10.0989,  
53.6093

■ 87.6778, 72.1056,  
198.0410

■ 9.0251, 5.4646,  
37.8984

■ 113.0951, 94.9647,  
243.0325

■ 4.8148, 2.5224,  
25.6026

143.0034,  
122.2066, 294.3689

■ 2.1726, 0.8878,  
16.3035

177.7680,  
154.2158, 352.4689

■ 0.7283, 0.0000,  
9.5825

217.7543,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

191.3766, 417.7509

5.0211

263.3277,  
234.0735, 490.6336

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
2.2007

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.6748

■ 34.7184, 25.9814,  
96.9510

■ 34.7184, 25.9814,  
96.9510

■ 28.7538, 18.9121,  
95.9014

■ 42.2781, 35.0795,  
98.3092

■ 24.2654, 13.7127,  
95.1344

■ 51.5332, 46.3436,  
99.9956

■ 21.1233, 10.2047,  
94.6229

■ 62.5799, 59.9021,  
102.0305

■ 19.1723, 8.1730,  
94.3336

■ 75.5061, 75.8725,  
104.4318

■ 18.3347, 7.3853,  
94.2257

■ 90.3939, 94.3643,  
107.2164

94.8895, 99.9358,  
108.0548

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



24.8887, 25.9814, 113.7126



34.7184, 25.9814, 96.9510



43.2817, 25.9814, 60.6350

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



34.7184, 25.9814, 96.9510



34.2992, 25.9814, 3.2430



11.0125, 25.9814, 28.8474

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34.7184, 25.9814, 96.9510



74.8276, 90.7894, 31.6699

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.3759, 25.9814, 10.1534



34.7184, 25.9814, 96.9510



24.5014, 25.9814, 1.9498

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



34.7184, 25.9814, 96.9510



43.0008, 25.9814, 9.6760



16.8136, 25.9814, 3.3757



12.4985, 25.9814, 62.2456



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34.7184, 25.9814, 96.9510



46.2752, 25.9814, 37.2456



16.8136, 25.9814, 3.3757



11.1485, 25.9814, 20.8979

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34.7196, 25.9823, 96.9517



71.2092, 70.3964, 104.4425



57.1417, 73.9545, 105.0295



14.6642, 14.3542, 22.2477



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34.7196, 25.9823, 96.9517



28.6728, 18.6845, 96.7030



48.7610, 33.2209, 97.6088



17.1805, 17.4692, 22.7163



9.7228, 3.9228, 49.6793



1.0023, 0.4106, 4.8397



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63.4386, 41.0372, 87.0133



60.7190, 35.5059, 84.6077



56.3937, 81.2864, 30.8073



18.7054, 18.2655, 22.3317



28.9103, 14.0534, 39.7736

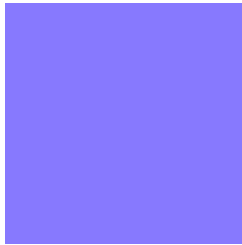


2.8376, 1.3774, 3.9921



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.7184, 25.9814, 96.9510 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

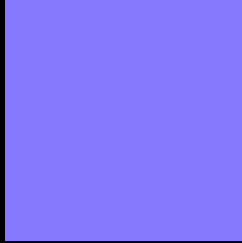
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.7184, 25.9814, 96.9510 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 34.7184, 25.9814, 96.9510**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.7184, 25.9814, 96.9510.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.7184, 25.9814,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

34.7184, 25.9814, 96.9510

### Protanopia

29.8559, 26.1676, 98.0850

### Deuteranopia

27.0758, 26.1223, 93.2376



## Tritanopia

22.3955, 25.8733, 35.7120

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

34.7184, 25.9814, 96.9510

**Protanomaly**

31.1782, 25.8379, 97.9517

**Deuteranomaly**

28.1845, 25.1735, 94.6403

**Tritanomaly**

25.7898, 25.2656, 53.3867

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

34.7184, 25.9814, 96.9510

**Achromatopsia**

24.9269, 26.2251, 28.5591

**Achromatomaly**

27.2093, 25.5145, 47.2068

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 34.7184, 25.9814, 96.9510 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(135, 121, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(135, 121, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 121, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(135, 121, 254) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 34.7184, 25.9814, 96.9510 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

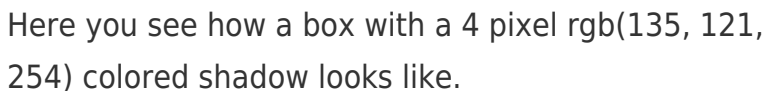
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(135, 121, 254) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(135, 121, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(135, 121, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 121, 254); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 121, 254); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 121, 254) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 34.7184, 25.9814, 96.9510 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(135, 121, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(135,  
121, 254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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