

# Converting Colors

XYZ(34.8713, 20.9721, 7.6852)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(34.8713, 20.9721, 7.6852)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(34.8501, 21.0045, 7.6863)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(34.8501, 21.0045,  
7.6863)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	E34544
RGB	227, 69, 68
RGB Percent	89%, 27%, 27%
CMY	0.1098, 0.7294, 0.7333
CMYK	0.00, 0.70, 0.70, 0.11
HSL	0°, 74%, 58%
HSV	0°, 70%, 89%
XYZ	34.8501, 21.0045, 7.6863
YIQ	116.1280, 94.4890, 33.1850

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

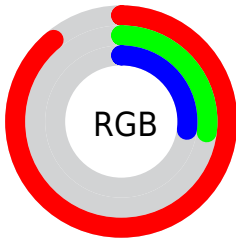
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	227, 69, 68
Decimal	14894404
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	52.95, 60.65, 36.23
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	53, 70.649, 30.851
Yxy	21.0045, 0.5485, 0.3306
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293084484 (0xFFE34544)
YUV	116.1280, -23.7271, 97.2347
Hunter-Lab	45.8307, 55.5295, 22.1379

# Details

The XYZ color **34.8501, 21.0045, 7.6863** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3333**. The color can be described as dark muted red. A complement of this color would be **43.4425, 61.1620, 82.1885**, and the grayscale version is **16.6911, 17.5604, 19.1233**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51.9117, 37.4661, 21.3252**, and **15.4747, 7.9585, 1.5847** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33.1527, 18.5123, 4.3390**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37.3435, 24.6604, 12.6217**.

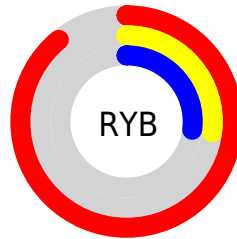
# Distribution



Red (89%)

Green (27%)

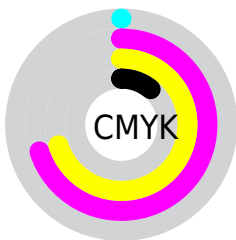
Blue (27%)



Red (89%)

Yellow (27%)

Blue (27%)

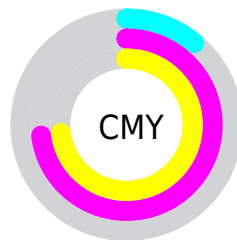


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (70%)

Yellow (70%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (11%)

Magenta (73%)


Yellow (73%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 34.8501, 21.0045, 7.6863 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 34.8501, 21.0045, 7.6863 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 34.8501, 21.0045,  
7.6863


 34.8501, 21.0045,  
7.6863


315.4258,  
257.3024, 183.0921


 23.7134, 13.1273,  
3.8100


 66.5890, 45.0950,  
21.8771


 15.2447, 7.5163,  
1.5217


 87.9220, 62.0771,  
33.0286


 9.0788, 3.7870,  
0.2340


 113.3844, 82.8630,  
47.4423

 4.8501, 1.5551,  
0.0000

 143.3416,  
107.8370, 65.5367

 2.1934, 0.3271,  
0.0000

 178.1590,  
137.3835, 87.7303

 0.7393, 0.0000,  
0.0000


218.2019,


 0.0000, 0.0000,


171.8870, 114.4418


0.0000


263.8358,  
211.7319, 146.0895


 34.8501, 21.0045,  
7.6863


 34.8501, 21.0045,  
7.6863


 33.1527, 18.5123,  
4.3390


 37.3435, 24.6604,  
12.6217


 32.1536, 17.0402,  
2.3842


 40.7127, 29.5943,  
19.3078


 31.6940, 16.3621,  
1.4877


 45.0294, 35.9111,  
27.8882


 50.3575, 43.7038,  
38.4917

 56.7552, 53.0573,  
51.2355

 64.2765, 64.0501,  
66.2280

 72.9718, 76.7553,  
83.5701

 82.8881, 91.2419,  
103.3570

 85.4884, 95.0708,  
108.4525

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



37.8505, 21.0045, 22.2701



34.8501, 21.0045, 7.6863



27.7324, 21.0045, 2.5452

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



34.8501, 21.0045, 7.6863



9.9331, 21.0045, 8.2045



20.1763, 21.0045, 92.6600

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34.8501, 21.0045, 7.6863



43.4425, 61.1620, 82.1885

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.8016, 21.0045, 80.1572



34.8501, 21.0045, 7.6863



8.8444, 21.0045, 23.4812

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



34.8501, 21.0045, 7.6863



13.5173, 21.0045, 2.6879



10.0665, 21.0045, 50.7975



28.1908, 21.0045, 78.7681



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34.8501, 21.0045, 7.6863



22.3144, 21.0045, 1.6147



10.0665, 21.0045, 50.7975



17.7850, 21.0045, 91.3594

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34.8506, 21.0057, 7.6866



72.9070, 67.6409, 64.7497



47.6106, 26.0112, 75.1840



15.0883, 13.7224, 12.8295



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34.8506, 21.0057, 7.6866



42.4704, 23.0861, 4.2972



43.2335, 37.7715, 10.4809



14.3843, 14.3826, 14.9224



18.4873, 9.5488, 0.8687



1.3688, 0.7108, 0.0651



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43.4425, 61.1620, 82.1885



54.2839, 78.3422, 106.8682



26.7607, 27.7983, 76.6278



14.7992, 16.3199, 18.5144



23.8807, 34.8236, 47.8461



1.7673, 2.5785, 3.5365



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.8501, 21.0045, 7.6863 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.8501, 21.0045, 7.6863 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 34.8501, 21.0045, 7.6863**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.8501, 21.0045, 7.6863.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.8501, 21.0045,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

34.8501, 21.0045, 7.6863

### Protanopia

19.7091, 21.2184, 12.5080

### Deuteranopia

21.5314, 21.1586, 7.0869



## Tritanopia

34.9154, 20.9330, 8.3311

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

34.8501, 21.0045, 7.6863

## Protanomaly

23.2168, 19.4482, 10.3148

## Deuteranomaly

24.9123, 19.7956, 7.0653

## Tritanomaly

34.8830, 20.9201, 8.1607

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

34.8501, 21.0045, 7.6863

## Achromatopsia

16.6002, 17.4647, 19.0191

## Achromatomaly

20.4243, 16.8925, 13.9885

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 34.8501, 21.0045, 7.6863 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(227, 69, 68)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(227, 69, 68)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 69, 68) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(227, 69, 68) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 34.8501, 21.0045, 7.6863 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(227, 69, 68) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(227, 69, 68) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 69, 68) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(227, 69, 68); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 69, 68);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 69,  
68) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 34.8501, 21.0045, 7.6863 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(227, 69, 68) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(227, 69,  
68) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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