

# Converting Colors

XYZ(34.8822, 17.7041, 14.2071)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(34.8822, 17.7041, 14.2071)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(34.7114, 17.6173,  
14.1414)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E50066
RGB	229, 0, 102
RGB Percent	90%, 0%, 40%
CMY	0.1020, 0.9998, 0.6000
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.55, 0.10
HSL	333°, 100%, 45%
HSV	333°, 100%, 90%
XYZ	34.7114, 17.6173, 14.1414
YIQ	80.0990, 103.7420, 80.2700

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

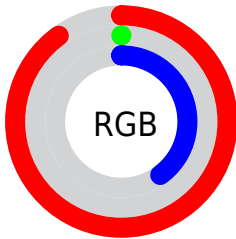
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>Y</sub>B</b>	229, 0, 102
Decimal	15007846
CIE Lab	49.03, 77.10, 10.83
CIE LCh	49, 77.856, 7.999
Yxy	17.6173, 0.5222, 0.2650
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293197926 (0xFFE50066)
YUV	80.0990, 10.7972, 130.5862
Hunter-Lab	41.9730, 74.1658, 9.4053

# Details

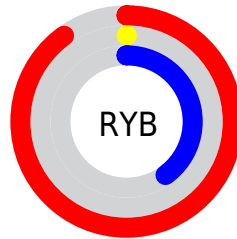
The XYZ color **34.7114, 17.6173, 14.1414** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0066**. The color can be described as dark washed rose. A complement of this color would be **31.8538, 57.5724, 29.5293**, and the grayscale version is **7.6151, 8.0117, 8.7247**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **50.9041, 31.3886, 33.5127**, and **16.4397, 8.3925, 4.4948** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34.7099, 17.6167, 14.1342**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35.6959, 18.4998, 17.8197**.

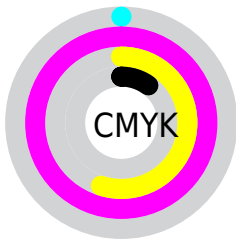
# Distribution



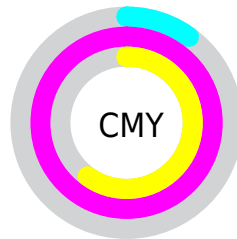
- Red (90%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Black (10%)




- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (60%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 34.7114, 17.6173, 14.1414 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 34.7114, 17.6173, 14.1414 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 34.7114, 17.6173,  
14.1414


 34.7114, 17.6173,  
14.1414


314.8230,  
238.7050, 229.5677


 23.6061, 10.6756,  
8.0792


 66.3754, 39.3841,  
34.0604

 15.1648, 5.8491,  
4.0572


 87.6649, 54.9780,  
48.7544


 9.0222, 2.7536,  
1.6568

 113.0797, 74.2248,  
67.1626

 4.8129, 1.0045,  
0.3308

 142.9854, 97.5088,  
89.7037

 2.1715, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 177.7472,  
125.2144, 116.7963

 0.7277, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 217.7305,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

157.7260, 148.8587

0.0000

263.3006,  
195.4281, 186.3097

■ 34.7114, 17.6173,  
14.1414

■ 34.7114, 17.6173,  
14.1414

■ 34.7099, 17.6167,  
14.1342

■ 35.6959, 18.4998,  
17.8197

■ 37.1414, 20.1432,  
22.1481

■ 39.1674, 22.7802,  
27.1856

■ 41.8441, 26.5454,  
32.9737

■ 45.2310, 31.5524,  
39.5494

■ 49.3804, 37.9006,  
46.9466

■ 54.3397, 45.6791,  
55.1967

■ 60.1519, 54.9697,  
64.3293

■ 66.8571, 65.8475,  
74.3722

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



33.2997, 17.6173, 38.3846



34.7114, 17.6173, 14.1414



30.3225, 17.6173, 3.5991

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



34.7114, 17.6173, 14.1414



9.5396, 17.6173, 1.7807



12.0426, 17.6173, 85.2082

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34.7114, 17.6173, 14.1414



31.8538, 57.5724, 29.5293

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



7.9804, 17.6173, 55.8009



34.7114, 17.6173, 14.1414



6.8533, 17.6173, 7.7686

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



34.7114, 17.6173, 14.1414



14.8771, 17.6173, 0.5197



6.3794, 17.6173, 25.2978



18.7624, 17.6173, 92.2043



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34.7114, 17.6173, 14.1414



25.2808, 17.6173, 1.3328



6.3794, 17.6173, 25.2978



10.3854, 17.6173, 76.9450

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34.7118, 17.6184, 14.1417



69.2152, 58.0822, 70.2247



22.7435, 10.0917, 74.8777



14.2145, 11.4850, 14.0482



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34.7118, 17.6184, 14.1417



44.2517, 22.4647, 17.7895



32.4387, 16.9090, 1.5555



14.6423, 14.4741, 16.3170



19.9041, 10.0958, 8.3897



1.5170, 0.7645, 0.8631



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.7118, 17.6184, 14.1417



44.2517, 22.4647, 17.7895



39.0989, 55.5683, 82.7936



14.6423, 14.4741, 16.3170



19.9041, 10.0958, 8.3897



1.5170, 0.7645, 0.8631



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.7114, 17.6173, 14.1414 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.7114, 17.6173, 14.1414 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 34.7114, 17.6173, 14.1414**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.7114, 17.6173, 14.1414.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.7114, 17.6173,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

34.7114, 17.6173, 14.1414

### Protanopia

18.2621, 18.2402, 30.5752

### Deuteranopia

18.4303, 18.2106, 12.6688



## Tritanopia

32.8545, 18.0700, 3.7637

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

34.7114, 17.6173, 14.1414



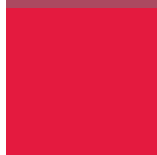
## Protanomaly

19.8719, 13.4063, 23.0130



## Deuteranomaly

21.2885, 14.2675, 12.6982



## Tritanomaly

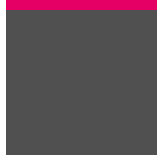
33.2615, 17.5917, 6.3451

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

34.7114, 17.6173, 14.1414



## Achromatopsia

7.6249, 8.0220, 8.7359



## Achromatomaly

12.7768, 8.1406, 10.1304

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 34.7114, 17.6173, 14.1414 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(229, 0, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(229, 0, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(229, 0, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(229, 0, 102) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 34.7114, 17.6173, 14.1414 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(229, 0, 102) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(229, 0, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(229, 0, 102)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(229, 0, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 0, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 0,  
102) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 34.7114, 17.6173, 14.1414 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(229, 0, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(229, 0,  
102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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