

# Converting Colors

XYZ(35.0123, 23.1713, 39.6440)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(35.0123, 23.1713, 39.6440)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(34.8900, 23.1119,  
39.6679)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C85EA8
RGB	200, 94, 168
RGB Percent	78%, 37%, 66%
CMY	0.2157, 0.6314, 0.3412
CMYK	0.00, 0.53, 0.16, 0.22
HSL	318°, 49%, 58%
HSV	318°, 53%, 78%
XYZ	34.8900, 23.1119, 39.6679
YIQ	134.1300, 39.4220, 45.4860

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

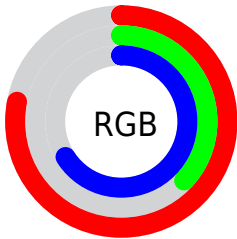
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	200, 94, 168
Decimal	13131432
CIE Lab	55.19, 51.16, -20.11
CIE LCh	55, 54.973, 338.547
Yxy	23.1119, 0.3572, 0.2366
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291321512 (0xFFC85EA8)
YUV	134.1300, 16.6979, 57.7680
Hunter-Lab	48.0748, 45.4142, -15.2695

# Details

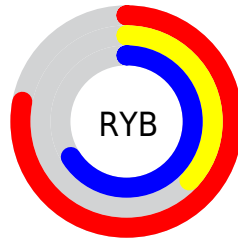
The XYZ color **34.8900, 23.1119, 39.6679** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. The color can be described as light muted rose. A complement of this color would be **29.0374, 45.1954, 26.9337**, and the grayscale version is **22.6389, 23.8179, 25.9377**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **65.1492, 47.7675, 75.5984**, and **15.2056, 8.5516, 17.3722** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32.7870, 19.7850, 36.2558**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37.4813, 27.3728, 43.3721**.

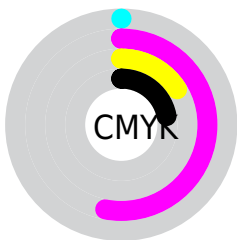
# Distribution



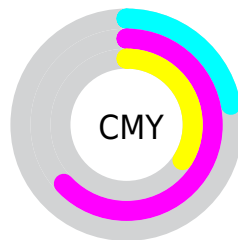
- Red (78%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (66%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (66%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (22%)




- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (34%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 34.8900, 23.1119, 39.6679 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 34.8900, 23.1119, 39.6679 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 34.8900, 23.1119,  
39.6679


 34.8900, 23.1119,  
39.6679

315.5991,  
268.2992, 360.2322


 23.7443, 14.6762,  
26.9679


 66.6505, 48.5770,  
75.8891


 15.2677, 8.5924,  
17.3169


 87.9959, 66.3751,  
100.2473

 9.0950, 4.4763,  
10.2963


 113.4720, 88.0629,  
129.3288

 4.8608, 1.9434,  
5.4877

 143.4440,  
114.0246, 163.5519

 2.1998, 0.5743,  
2.4725

178.2774,  
144.6447, 203.3352

 0.7426, 0.0000,  
0.8255

218.3375,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

180.3076, 249.0974

0.0000

263.9896,  
221.3976, 301.2569

■ 34.8900, 23.1119,  
39.6679

■ 34.8900, 23.1119,  
39.6679

■ 32.7870, 19.7850,  
36.2558

■ 37.4813, 27.3728,  
43.3721

■ 31.1334, 17.3160,  
33.1203

■ 40.5915, 32.6296,  
47.3797

■ 29.8877, 15.6222,  
30.2463

■ 44.2513, 38.9426,  
51.7027

■ 28.9992, 14.6027,  
27.6150

■ 48.4881, 46.3663,  
56.3520

■ 28.5253, 14.1617,  
25.8944

■ 53.3278, 54.9516,  
61.3376

■ 58.7942, 64.7462,  
66.6693

■ 64.9103, 75.7949,  
72.3561

■ 71.6975, 88.1406,  
78.4067

■ 72.8105, 89.0918,  
82.7075

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.1766, 23.1119, 61.9553



34.8900, 23.1119, 39.6679



35.8333, 23.1119, 20.4665

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



34.8900, 23.1119, 39.6679



20.2587, 23.1119, 4.3507



13.9667, 23.1119, 52.6644

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34.8900, 23.1119, 39.6679



29.0374, 45.1954, 26.9337

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.2380, 23.1119, 30.5325



34.8900, 23.1119, 39.6679



15.4006, 23.1119, 6.9016

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



34.8900, 23.1119, 39.6679



26.5743, 23.1119, 4.9901



12.7089, 23.1119, 14.7134



17.9259, 23.1119, 71.5776



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34.8900, 23.1119, 39.6679



34.0562, 23.1119, 12.2179



12.7089, 23.1119, 14.7134



13.1425, 23.1119, 45.0293

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34.8907, 23.1130, 39.6684



81.4669, 75.9063, 94.9004



23.0039, 16.5973, 56.6352



17.1062, 15.6664, 19.9510



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34.8907, 23.1130, 39.6684



56.1576, 33.3228, 61.6925



30.9291, 21.5284, 18.8067



10.9414, 10.7600, 12.6749



18.1785, 9.0210, 16.6817



0.8918, 0.4395, 0.9531



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.8907, 23.1130, 39.6684



56.1576, 33.3228, 61.6925



33.3877, 46.9355, 49.8425



10.9414, 10.7600, 12.6749



18.1785, 9.0210, 16.6817



0.8918, 0.4395, 0.9531



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.8900, 23.1119, 39.6679 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.8900, 23.1119, 39.6679 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 34.8900, 23.1119, 39.6679**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.8900, 23.1119, 39.6679.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.8900, 23.1119,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

34.8900, 23.1119, 39.6679

### Protanopia

24.6357, 23.5976, 55.4809

### Deuteranopia

23.8643, 23.3992, 37.4411



## Tritanopia

30.4394, 22.9923, 18.7532

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

34.8900, 23.1119, 39.6679

## Protanomaly

26.6691, 22.3417, 49.3611

## Deuteranomaly

26.7724, 22.4708, 38.0482

## Tritanomaly

31.8194, 22.9597, 25.3089

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

34.8900, 23.1119, 39.6679

## Achromatopsia

22.6597, 23.8398, 25.9615

## Achromatomaly

25.8857, 22.5381, 30.1801

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 34.8900, 23.1119, 39.6679 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(200, 94, 168)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(200, 94, 168)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 94, 168) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(200, 94, 168) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 34.8900, 23.1119, 39.6679 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(200, 94, 168) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(200, 94, 168) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(200, 94, 168)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(200, 94, 168); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 94, 168);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 94,  
168) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 34.8900, 23.1119, 39.6679 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(200, 94, 168) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(200, 94,  
168) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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