

# Converting Colors

XYZ(35.0290, 34.4548, 35.0361)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(35.0290, 34.4548, 35.0361)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(34.9846, 34.5251, 34.9571)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(34.9846, 34.5251,  
34.9571)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	AF9A99
RGB	175, 154, 153
RGB Percent	69%, 60%, 60%
CMY	0.3137, 0.3961, 0.4000
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.13, 0.31
HSL	3°, 12%, 64%
HSV	3°, 13%, 69%
XYZ	34.9846, 34.5251, 34.9571
YIQ	160.1650, 12.8370, 4.1410

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

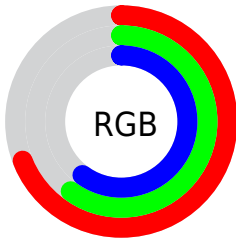
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">175, 154, 153</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">11508377</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">65.38, 7.57, 3.36</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">65, 8.277, 23.932</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">34.5251, 0.3349, 0.3305</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4289698457</a> (0xFFAF9A99)
YUV	<a href="#">160.1650, -3.5323, 13.0103</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">58.7581, 3.4524, 5.8571</a>

# Details

The XYZ color **34.9846, 34.5251, 34.9571** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **36.0106, 40.1388, 46.4075**, and the grayscale version is **33.5021, 35.2469, 38.3838**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66.7734, 66.6057, 68.3683**, and **15.2746, 14.7974, 14.6215** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31.0766, 28.8549, 27.0387**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39.4901, 41.0504, 44.1214**.

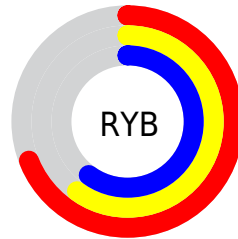
# Distribution



Red (69%)

Green (60%)

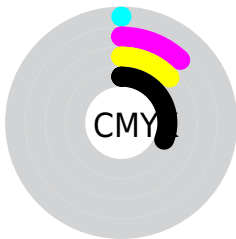
Blue (60%)



Red (69%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (60%)

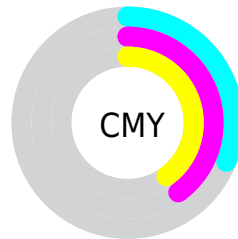


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (31%)

Magenta (40%)


Yellow (40%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 34.9846, 34.5251, 34.9571 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 34.9846, 34.5251, 34.9571 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 34.9846, 34.5251,  
34.9571


 34.9846, 34.5251,  
34.9571


316.0096,  
322.4672, 339.2774

 23.8175, 23.2973,  
23.3465


 66.7961, 66.7494,  
68.5701

 15.3223, 14.8132,  
14.6419


 88.1712, 88.5147,  
91.4097

 9.1337, 8.6884,  
8.4246


113.6796,  
114.5613, 118.8293

 4.8863, 4.5385,  
4.2762

143.6867,  
145.2735, 151.2475

 2.2148, 1.9791,  
1.7781

178.5579,  
181.0358, 189.0829

 0.7505, 0.5953,  
0.4134

218.6586,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

222.2326, 232.7540

0.0000

264.3540,  
269.2483, 282.6793

■ 34.9846, 34.5251,  
34.9571

■ 34.9846, 34.5251,  
34.9571

■ 31.0766, 28.8549,  
27.0387

■ 39.4901, 41.0504,  
44.1214

■ 27.7383, 23.9999,  
20.3103

■ 44.6137, 48.4591,  
54.5798

■ 24.9440, 19.9240,  
14.7151

■ 50.3786, 56.7843,  
66.3806

■ 22.6648, 16.5868,  
10.1908

■ 56.8058, 66.0558,  
79.5691

■ 20.8693, 13.9439,  
6.6689

■ 63.9156, 76.3019,  
94.1883

■ 19.5224, 11.9465,  
4.0733

■ 71.2399, 87.3552,  
107.7142

■ 18.5845, 10.5391,  
2.3168

■ 71.4894, 87.8541,  
107.7974

■ 18.0091, 9.6572,  
1.2956

■ 17.7660, 9.2873,  
0.8563

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



35.1798, 34.5251, 38.2996



34.9846, 34.5251, 34.9571



34.2019, 34.5251, 32.4664

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



34.9846, 34.5251, 34.9571



30.9728, 34.5251, 33.8094



32.5701, 34.5251, 44.6037

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34.9846, 34.5251, 34.9571



36.0106, 40.1388, 46.4075

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



31.4663, 34.5251, 43.2305



34.9846, 34.5251, 34.9571



30.5587, 34.5251, 36.8931

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



34.9846, 34.5251, 34.9571



31.8817, 34.5251, 31.8327



30.7371, 34.5251, 40.3560



33.7665, 34.5251, 44.0070



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34.9846, 34.5251, 34.9571



33.4623, 34.5251, 31.5542



30.7371, 34.5251, 40.3560



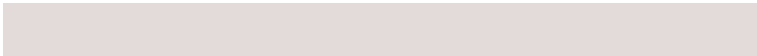
32.1763, 34.5251, 44.3546

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34.9856, 34.5266, 34.9578



69.4466, 71.6693, 76.4152



36.7369, 34.9633, 44.9936



15.2963, 15.7282, 16.7012



84.5950, 89.0005, 96.9216



16.2198, 17.0645, 18.5832



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34.9856, 34.5266, 34.9578



60.6724, 58.9575, 58.5801



36.8365, 38.2285, 35.5748



8.0335, 8.0717, 8.3480



12.7351, 6.6757, 0.6173



0.3636, 0.2043, 0.0203



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.0106, 40.1388, 46.4075



62.8598, 70.9342, 83.0155



34.0198, 36.1571, 45.7439



8.2046, 9.0085, 10.2591



15.4525, 22.0388, 32.4840



0.4392, 0.6318, 0.9068



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.9846, 34.5251, 34.9571 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 34.9846, 34.5251, 34.9571 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

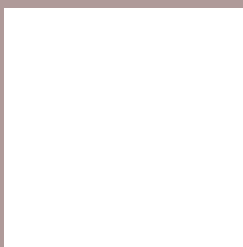
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 34.9846, 34.5251, 34.9571**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.9846, 34.5251, 34.9571.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 34.9846, 34.5251,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

34.9846, 34.5251, 34.9571

### Protanopia

33.0435, 34.5017, 35.9283

### Deuteranopia

35.2099, 34.6412, 34.9677



## Tritanopia

35.8336, 34.3669, 39.8668

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

34.9846, 34.5251, 34.9571

## Protanomaly

33.8261, 34.6625, 35.4796

## Deuteranomaly

35.2099, 34.6412, 34.9677

## Tritanomaly

35.6409, 34.5506, 38.0482

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

34.9846, 34.5251, 34.9571

## Achromatopsia

33.4132, 35.1533, 38.2819

## Achromatomaly

33.8297, 34.8874, 36.8492

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 34.9846, 34.5251, 34.9571 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(175, 154, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(175, 154, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(175, 154, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(175, 154, 153) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 34.9846, 34.5251, 34.9571 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(175, 154, 153) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(175, 154, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(175, 154, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(175, 154, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 154, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 154,  
153) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 34.9846, 34.5251, 34.9571 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(175, 154, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(175,  
154, 153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor