

# Converting Colors

XYZ(35.1255, 38.1784, 39.2968)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(35.1255, 38.1784, 39.2968)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(35.1336, 38.1555, 39.2312)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(35.1336, 38.1555,  
39.2312)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A1A8A1
RGB	161, 168, 161
RGB Percent	63%, 66%, 63%
CMY	0.3686, 0.3412, 0.3686
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.04, 0.34
HSL	120°, 4%, 65%
HSV	120°, 4%, 66%
XYZ	35.1336, 38.1555, 39.2312
YIQ	165.1090, -1.9250, -3.6610

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

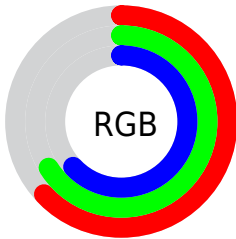
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	161, 168, 168
Decimal	10594465
CIELab	68.14, -3.81, 2.74
CIELCh	68, 4.698, 144.258
Yxy	38.1555, 0.3122, 0.3391
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288784545 (0xFFA1A8A1)
YUV	165.1090, -2.0257, -3.6036
Hunter-Lab	61.7701, -6.5706, 5.5831

# Details

The XYZ color **35.1336, 38.1555, 39.2312** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **35.9626, 36.6427, 42.2250**, and the grayscale version is **35.8274, 37.6932, 41.0479**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67.1012, 72.3322, 75.3906**, and **15.4903, 16.9316, 17.2035** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.5895, 35.9739, 31.7975**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **40.3339, 40.6546, 47.7364**.

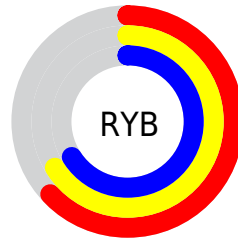
# Distribution



Red (63%)

Green (66%)

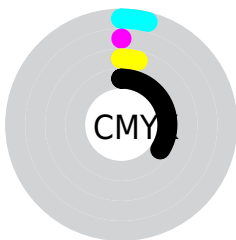
Blue (63%)



Red (63%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (66%)

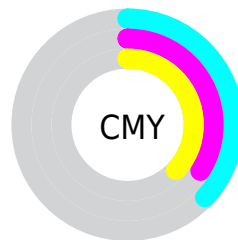


Cyan (4%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (4%)

Black (34%)



Cyan (37%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (37%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 35.1336, 38.1555, 39.2312 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 35.1336, 38.1555, 39.2312 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 35.1336, 38.1555,  
39.2312

■ 35.1336, 38.1555,  
39.2312

316.6553,  
338.2866, 358.3277

■ 23.9328, 26.1034,  
26.6304

■ 67.0253, 72.3464,  
75.2156

■ 15.4082, 16.9010,  
17.0659

■ 88.4470, 95.2540,  
99.4363

■ 9.1946, 10.1639,  
10.1190

114.0063,  
122.5489, 128.3674

■ 4.9264, 5.5078,  
5.3713

144.0687,  
154.6155, 162.4275

■ 2.2385, 2.5482,  
2.4042

178.9994,  
191.8382, 202.0350

■ 0.7629, 0.9007,  
0.7887

219.1638,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

234.6013, 247.6085

0.0000

264.9274,  
283.2893, 299.5666

■ 35.1336, 38.1555,  
39.2312

■ 35.1336, 38.1555,  
39.2312

■ 30.5895, 35.9739,  
31.7975

■ 40.3339, 40.6546,  
47.7364

■ 26.6725, 34.0923,  
25.3905

■ 46.2116, 43.4779,  
57.3506

■ 23.3560, 32.4992,  
19.9657

■ 52.7910, 46.6384,  
68.1125

■ 20.6104, 31.1804,  
15.4747

■ 60.0942, 50.1464,  
80.0584

■ 18.4035, 30.1203,  
11.8649

■ 68.1422, 54.0123,  
93.2226

■ 16.6998, 29.3019,  
9.0783

■ 73.2933, 56.4867,  
101.6478

■ 15.4598, 28.7063,  
7.0501

■ 14.6380, 28.3116,  
5.7059

■ 14.1797, 28.0914,  
4.9562

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



35.6896, 38.1555, 37.9722



35.1336, 38.1555, 39.2312



34.8812, 38.1555, 41.1423

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.1336, 38.1555, 39.2312



36.1248, 38.1555, 45.6922



37.5660, 38.1555, 39.9083

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.1336, 38.1555, 39.2312



35.9626, 36.6427, 42.2250

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



37.6863, 38.1555, 41.9500



35.1336, 38.1555, 39.2312



36.8478, 38.1555, 45.3349

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.1336, 38.1555, 39.2312



35.4485, 38.1555, 44.9082



37.4218, 38.1555, 43.9477



37.0952, 38.1555, 38.3538



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.1336, 38.1555, 39.2312



34.9166, 38.1555, 42.5470



37.4218, 38.1555, 43.9477



37.6490, 38.1555, 40.5585

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.1347, 38.1571, 39.2320



66.5953, 70.6032, 75.8365



36.5642, 38.8621, 39.2928



14.5265, 15.3940, 16.5480



80.6108, 84.8088, 92.3568



14.7206, 15.4872, 16.8656



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.1347, 38.1571, 39.2320



62.9430, 68.8488, 69.8625



35.4373, 38.2782, 40.8256



7.8298, 8.5965, 8.6630



10.5742, 21.1485, 3.5247



0.2573, 0.5145, 0.0858



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.9626, 36.6427, 42.2250



64.7671, 65.5122, 76.4566



35.6513, 36.5182, 40.5856



8.0790, 8.1407, 9.5639



17.5318, 8.4214, 28.6770



0.4266, 0.2049, 0.6977



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.1336, 38.1555, 39.2312 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.1336, 38.1555, 39.2312 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

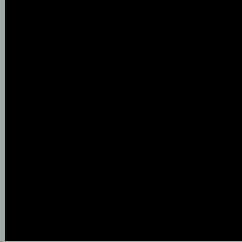
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

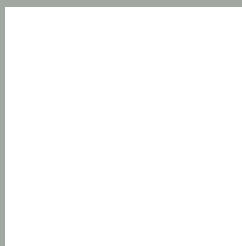
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 35.1336, 38.1555, 39.2312**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.1336, 38.1555, 39.2312.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.1336, 38.1555,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

35.1336, 38.1555, 39.2312

### Protanopia

36.2907, 37.9595, 38.2151

### Deuteranopia

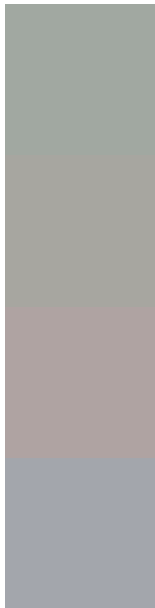
38.7101, 37.8532, 39.9165



## Tritanopia

36.8009, 38.0171, 47.5179

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

35.1336, 38.1555, 39.2312

## Protanomaly

35.9177, 38.0260, 38.7044

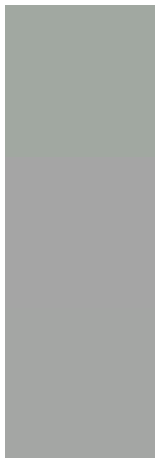
## Deuteranomaly

37.2980, 37.9170, 39.5353

## Tritanomaly

36.1869, 38.0375, 44.4644

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

35.1336, 38.1555, 39.2312

## Achromatopsia

35.7637, 37.6262, 40.9749

## Achromatomaly

35.6469, 37.8453, 40.5480

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 35.1336, 38.1555, 39.2312 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 168, 161)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 168, 161)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 168, 161) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 168, 161) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 35.1336, 38.1555, 39.2312 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 168, 161) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 168, 161) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(161, 168, 161)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(161, 168, 161); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 168, 161);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 168,  
161) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 35.1336, 38.1555, 39.2312 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 168, 161) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161,  
168, 161) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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