

# Converting Colors

XYZ(35.1367, 41.0739, 99.0709)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(35.1367, 41.0739, 99.0709)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(35.1985, 41.2348,  
99.0325)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1EB7FD
RGB	30, 183, 253
RGB Percent	12%, 72%, 99%
CMY	0.8822, 0.2823, 0.0078
CMYK	0.88, 0.28, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	199°, 98%, 55%
HSV	199°, 88%, 99%
XYZ	35.1985, 41.2348, 99.0325
YIQ	145.2330, -113.6580, -10.6660

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

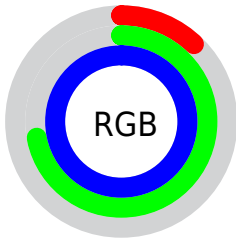
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	30, 121, 253
Decimal	2013181
CIELab	70.34, -13.10, -44.91
CIELCh	70, 46.785, 253.743
Yxy	41.2348, 0.2006, 0.2350
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280203261 (0xFF1EB7FD)
YUV	145.2330, 53.1291, -101.0593
Hunter-Lab	64.2143, -14.5319, -46.4881

# Details

The XYZ color **35.1985, 41.2348, 99.0325** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. The color can be described as light washed azure. A complement of this color would be **45.3032, 30.0969, 4.6519**, and the grayscale version is **26.8364, 28.2340, 30.7469**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56.5243, 72.8749, 105.6949**, and **17.9464, 19.9508, 55.1296** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33.1305, 37.8054, 98.4804**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37.9423, 45.1510, 99.6447**.

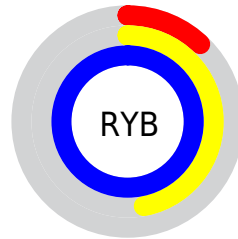
# Distribution



Red (12%)

Green (72%)

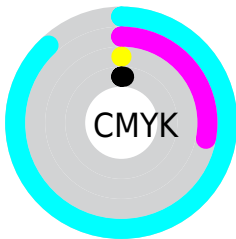
Blue (99%)



Red (12%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (99%)

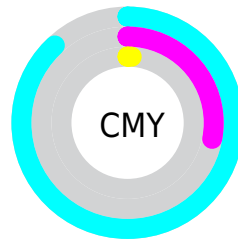


Cyan (88%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (1%)



Cyan (88%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (1%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 35.1985, 41.2348, 99.0325 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 35.1985, 41.2348, 99.0325 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



35.1985, 41.2348,  
99.0325

35.1985, 41.2348,  
99.0325

316.9363,  
351.3010, 578.3065

23.9831, 28.5026,  
74.8804

67.1252, 77.0402,  
161.8672

15.4457, 18.7049,  
55.0138

88.5671, 100.8822,  
201.3870

9.2211, 11.4572,  
39.0141

114.1485,  
129.1962, 246.8663

4.9440, 6.3753,  
26.4628

144.2349,  
162.3667, 298.7239

2.2488, 3.0746,  
16.9413

179.1915,  
200.7780, 357.3781

0.7683, 1.1708,  
10.0311

219.3837,

0.0000, 0.0377,

244.8146, 423.2476

5.3137

265.1768,  
294.8608, 496.7509

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
2.3705

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.7703

■ 35.1985, 41.2348,  
99.0325

■ 35.1985, 41.2348,  
99.0325

■ 33.1305, 37.8054,  
98.4804

■ 37.9423, 45.1510,  
99.6447

■ 32.7837, 37.1996,  
98.3818

■ 41.4892, 49.6200,  
100.3203

■ 45.9372, 54.6953,  
101.0655

■ 51.3684, 60.4210,  
101.8844

■ 57.8550, 66.8365,  
102.7809

■ 65.4619, 73.9772,  
103.7582

■ 74.2486, 81.8759,  
104.8197

■ 84.2704, 90.5629,  
105.9683

■ 94.5662, 99.5447,  
107.1593

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.4543, 41.2348, 80.9887



35.1985, 41.2348, 99.0325



42.8100, 41.2348, 99.8490

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.1985, 41.2348, 99.0325



55.3752, 41.2348, 35.5729



29.8349, 41.2348, 20.7334

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.1985, 41.2348, 99.0325



45.3032, 30.0969, 4.6519

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



35.7847, 41.2348, 15.0535



35.1985, 41.2348, 99.0325



50.8702, 41.2348, 21.5277

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.1985, 41.2348, 99.0325



55.1642, 41.2348, 57.8214



43.4776, 41.2348, 15.2866



26.6459, 41.2348, 34.0592



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.1985, 41.2348, 99.0325



47.9897, 41.2348, 90.0992



43.4776, 41.2348, 15.2866



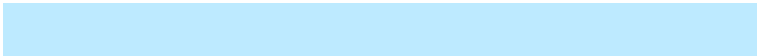
31.5419, 41.2348, 18.0949

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.2000, 41.2362, 99.0336



68.4377, 76.9520, 105.8539



37.8160, 71.3894, 23.0767



14.0268, 15.9012, 22.5799



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.2000, 41.2362, 99.0336



33.3693, 37.8586, 100.1564



20.7569, 12.3499, 94.2192



18.0456, 19.4629, 23.0556



17.5759, 20.0614, 52.3805



1.8092, 2.1491, 5.1327



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.5209, 25.2320, 47.0610



48.9725, 24.3530, 42.6487



63.3984, 66.2873, 10.6837



18.5357, 18.1976, 21.4381



25.6597, 12.7532, 22.6562

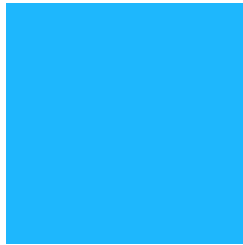


2.5478, 1.2615, 2.4662



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.1985, 41.2348, 99.0325 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

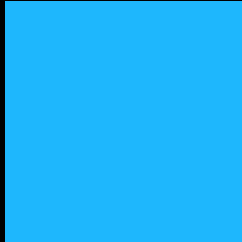
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.1985, 41.2348, 99.0325 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

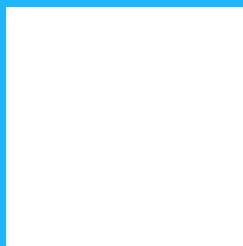
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 35.1985, 41.2348, 99.0325**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.1985, 41.2348, 99.0325.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.1985, 41.2348,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

35.1985, 41.2348, 99.0325

### Protanopia

42.0926, 40.6520, 88.8472

### Deuteranopia

41.9404, 40.8750, 100.2869



## Tritanopia

29.3125, 41.1865, 63.5316

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

35.1985, 41.2348, 99.0325



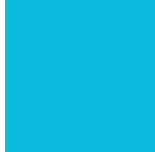
## Protanomaly

37.2507, 39.4830, 92.0439



## Deuteranomaly

37.9387, 40.2486, 99.5351



## Tritanomaly

31.0932, 40.8857, 75.3602

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

35.1985, 41.2348, 99.0325



## Achromatopsia

26.9133, 28.3149, 30.8349



## Achromatomaly

26.6434, 31.1405, 49.9539

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 35.1985, 41.2348, 99.0325 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(30, 183, 253)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(30, 183, 253)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(30, 183, 253) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(30, 183, 253) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 35.1985, 41.2348, 99.0325 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(30, 183, 253) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(30, 183, 253) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(30, 183, 253)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(30, 183, 253); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(30, 183, 253);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(30, 183,  
253) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 35.1985, 41.2348, 99.0325 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(30, 183, 253) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(30, 183,  
253) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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