

Converting Colors

XYZ(35.1529, 40.8262, 30.3868)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(35.1529, 40.8262, 30.3868)
contains.

| | |
|--|----|
| XYZ(35.2826, 40.9897, 30.4783) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 12 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 24 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 28 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 31 |

Color

**XYZ(35.2826, 40.9897,
30.4783)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | A2B18B |
| RGB | 162, 177, 139 |
| RGB Percent | 64%, 69%, 55% |
| CMY | 0.3647, 0.3059, 0.4549 |
| CMYK | 0.08, 0.00, 0.21, 0.31 |
| HSL | 84°, 20%, 62% |
| HSV | 84°, 21%, 69% |
| XYZ | 35.2826, 40.9897, 30.4783 |
| YIQ | 168.1830, 3.2580, -14.9980 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

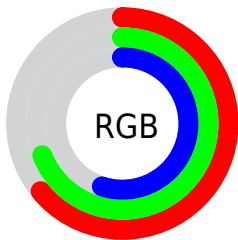
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| RYB | 139, 177, 154 |
| Decimal | 10662283 |
| CIELab | 70.17, -12.07, 17.74 |
| CIELCh | 70, 21.456, 124.241 |
| Yxy | 40.9897, 0.3305, 0.3840 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4288852363 (0xFFA2B18B) |
| YUV | 168.1830, -14.3872, -5.4225 |
| Hunter-Lab | 64.0232, -13.6709, 16.5912 |

Details

The XYZ color **35.2826, 40.9897, 30.4783** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **30.4965, 28.5107, 45.4929**, and the grayscale version is **37.3776, 39.3241, 42.8240**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67.3798, 76.8798, 61.7401**, and **15.4412, 18.4516, 12.1989** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32.7126, 39.8036, 24.1449**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38.1431, 42.3039, 37.9201**.

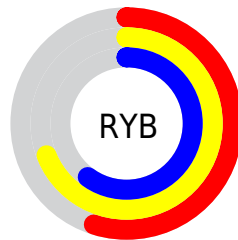
Distribution



Red (64%)

Green (69%)

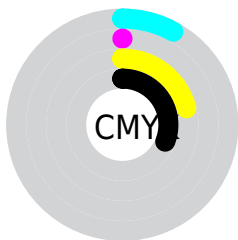
Blue (55%)



Red (55%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (60%)

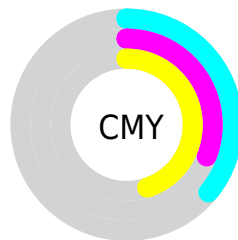


Cyan (8%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (21%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (36%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 35.2826, 40.9897, 30.4783 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 35.2826, 40.9897, 30.4783 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 35.2826, 40.9897,
30.4783

■ 35.2826, 40.9897,
30.4783

317.3002,
350.2776, 318.4040

■ 24.0482, 28.3110,
19.9468

■ 67.2545, 76.6683,
61.4877

■ 15.4943, 18.5603,
12.1727

■ 88.7226, 100.4369,
82.8026

■ 9.2556, 11.3530,
6.7374

■ 114.3328,
128.6711, 108.5491

■ 4.9667, 6.3048,
3.2225

144.4502,
161.7551, 139.1458

■ 2.2623, 3.0313,
1.2093

179.4403,
200.0733, 175.0110

■ 0.7753, 1.1481,
0.0000

219.6684,

■ 0.0000, 0.0187,

244.0102, 216.5635

0.0000

265.4999,
293.9502, 264.2216

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 35.2826, 40.9897,
30.4783

■ 35.2826, 40.9897,
30.4783

■ 32.7126, 39.8036,
24.1449

■ 38.1431, 42.3039,
37.9201

■ 30.4185, 38.7355,
18.8641

■ 41.3015, 43.7451,
46.5172

■ 28.3893, 37.7821,
14.5794

■ 44.7689, 45.3193,
56.3168

■ 26.6116, 36.9380,
11.2280

■ 48.5549, 47.0304,
67.3630

■ 25.0708, 36.1971,
8.7398

■ 52.6684, 48.8823,
79.6973

■ 23.7503, 35.5528,
7.0347

■ 57.1182, 50.8784,
93.3597

■ 22.6306, 34.9969,
6.0180

■ 60.6134, 52.5027,
101.5471

■ 21.8011, 34.5793,
5.5254

■ 62.6584, 53.5569,
101.6428

■ 64.7914, 54.6565,
101.7426

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



38.4623, 40.9897, 27.9913



35.2826, 40.9897, 30.4783



33.1896, 40.9897, 36.7439

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.2826, 40.9897, 30.4783



36.0983, 40.9897, 64.4091



46.0880, 40.9897, 43.2160

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.2826, 40.9897, 30.4783



30.4965, 28.5107, 45.4929

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



45.3621, 40.9897, 53.5726



35.2826, 40.9897, 30.4783



39.4609, 40.9897, 66.8248

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.2826, 40.9897, 30.4783



33.6403, 40.9897, 56.4190



42.8833, 40.9897, 62.6001



44.8118, 40.9897, 34.6109

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.2826, 40.9897, 30.4783



32.6205, 40.9897, 42.7185



42.8833, 40.9897, 62.6001



46.0706, 40.9897, 46.5993

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.2837, 40.9915, 30.4792



71.2778, 77.1171, 75.9112



34.2773, 34.1810, 29.2177



15.3699, 16.6773, 16.2411



84.5950, 89.0005, 96.9216



16.2198, 17.0645, 18.5832

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.2837, 40.9915, 30.4792



60.8350, 72.3251, 48.6997



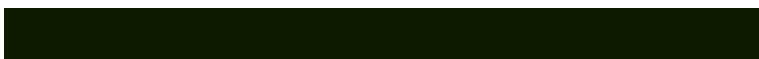
31.7865, 39.1886, 30.3155



8.8658, 9.7359, 9.0645



15.8645, 25.0885, 4.0064



0.5625, 0.8221, 0.1290

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.4965, 28.5107, 45.4929



50.6470, 45.7594, 80.6584



34.3078, 30.4755, 45.6713



8.3488, 8.3883, 10.6854



7.6378, 3.2732, 30.3662



0.3069, 0.1373, 0.9586

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.2826, 40.9897, 30.4783 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.2826, 40.9897, 30.4783 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

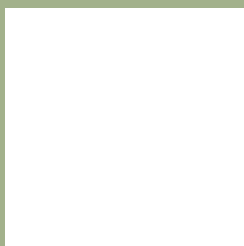
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 35.2826, 40.9897, 30.4783

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.2826, 40.9897, 30.4783.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.2826, 40.9897,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

35.2826, 40.9897, 30.4783

Protanopia

38.2982, 40.8485, 29.1586

Deuteranopia

41.6263, 40.8690, 31.2858



Tritanopia

39.5768, 41.0215, 51.1794

Trichromacy



Original Color

35.2826, 40.9897, 30.4783

Protanomaly

37.1381, 40.8072, 29.5861

Deuteranomaly

39.0033, 40.6133, 30.9828

Tritanomaly

37.7373, 40.8213, 42.9361

Monochromacy



Original Color

35.2826, 40.9897, 30.4783

Achromatopsia

37.2190, 39.1572, 42.6422

Achromatomaly

36.3746, 39.6671, 37.6377

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 35.2826, 40.9897, 30.4783 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(162, 177, 139)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(162, 177, 139)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(162, 177, 139) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(162, 177, 139) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 35.2826, 40.9897, 30.4783 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(162, 177, 139) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(162, 177, 139) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(162, 177, 139)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(162, 177, 139); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 177, 139);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 177,  
139) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 35.2826, 40.9897, 30.4783 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(162, 177, 139) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(162,  
177, 139) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor