

# Converting Colors

XYZ(35.1534, 30.1503, 59.7835)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(35.1534, 30.1503, 59.7835)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(35.1234, 30.1549,  
59.8464)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A589CA
RGB	165, 137, 202
RGB Percent	65%, 54%, 79%
CMY	0.3529, 0.4627, 0.2078
CMYK	0.18, 0.32, 0.00, 0.21
HSL	266°, 38%, 66%
HSV	266°, 32%, 79%
XYZ	35.1234, 30.1549, 59.8464
YIQ	152.7820, -4.1770, 26.1510

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

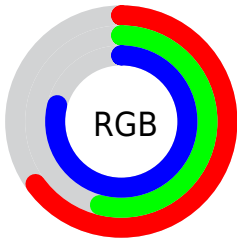
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	165, 137, 202
Decimal	10848714
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	61.79, 23.51, -29.71
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	62, 37.889, 308.355
Yxy	30.1549, 0.2807, 0.2410
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289038794 (0xFFA589CA)
YUV	152.7820, 24.2645, 10.7152
Hunter-Lab	54.9135, 18.0724, -26.1766

# Details

The XYZ color **35.1234, 30.1549, 59.8464** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **43.0923, 53.0466, 31.6359**, and the grayscale version is **30.0836, 31.6503, 34.4672**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66.4996, 59.8538, 102.6558**, and **15.4356, 12.3993, 29.5967** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.2313, 23.7625, 58.8709**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **40.7701, 37.7357, 61.0125**.

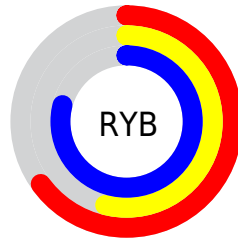
# Distribution



Red (65%)

Green (54%)

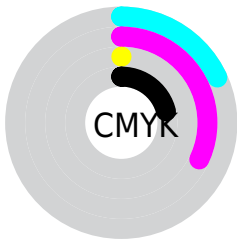
Blue (79%)



Red (65%)

Yellow (54%)

Blue (79%)

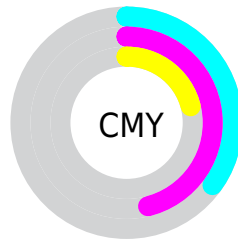


Cyan (18%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (21%)



Cyan (35%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (21%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 35.1234, 30.1549, 59.8464 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 35.1234, 30.1549, 59.8464 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 35.1234, 30.1549,  
59.8464

■ 35.1234, 30.1549,  
59.8464

316.6112,  
302.6258, 441.8203

■ 23.9249, 19.9562,  
42.8704

■ 67.0097, 59.9071,  
106.1480

■ 15.4024, 12.3632,  
29.4528

■ 88.4281, 80.2293,  
136.3107

■ 9.1904, 6.9915,  
19.1751

■ 113.9840,  
104.6948, 171.7059

■ 4.9237, 3.4568,  
11.6188

144.0425,  
133.6881, 212.7523

■ 2.2369, 1.3746,  
6.3653

178.9692,  
167.5934, 259.8684

■ 0.7621, 0.1979,  
2.9961

219.1293,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

206.7952, 313.4728

1.0926

264.8881,  
251.6779, 373.9839

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 35.1234, 30.1549,  
59.8464

■ 35.1234, 30.1549,  
59.8464

■ 30.2313, 23.7625,  
58.8709

■ 40.7701, 37.7357,  
61.0125

■ 26.0551, 18.4918,  
58.0736

■ 47.2016, 46.5595,  
62.3767

■ 22.5569, 14.2749,  
57.4441

■ 54.4498, 56.6818,  
63.9485

■ 19.6937, 11.0349,  
56.9696

■ 62.5441, 68.1536,  
65.7362

■ 17.4166, 8.6837,  
56.6358

■ 71.5123, 81.0233,  
67.7476

■ 15.6682, 7.1165,  
56.4254

■ 80.3502, 93.2756,  
69.6467

■ 14.5927, 6.2913,  
56.3228

■ 84.2487, 95.2853,  
69.8291

■ 87.6608, 97.0443,  
69.9888

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.0965, 30.1549, 68.7779



35.1234, 30.1549, 59.8464



38.6745, 30.1549, 44.2044

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.1234, 30.1549, 59.8464



32.3967, 30.1549, 13.1658



20.0827, 30.1549, 37.0453

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.1234, 30.1549, 59.8464



43.0923, 53.0466, 31.6359

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.5454, 30.1549, 23.6018



35.1234, 30.1549, 59.8464



27.2725, 30.1549, 12.2801

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.1234, 30.1549, 59.8464



36.9759, 30.1549, 18.4161



23.0448, 30.1549, 15.4893



21.6971, 30.1549, 53.3053



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.1234, 30.1549, 59.8464



39.5122, 30.1549, 33.6388



23.0448, 30.1549, 15.4893



20.0046, 30.1549, 32.0412

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.1244, 30.1561, 59.8471



82.3078, 82.1459, 106.1254



36.2919, 40.2112, 61.7264



17.2588, 17.0851, 22.6381



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.1244, 30.1561, 59.8471



53.2548, 42.9050, 100.0824



42.5241, 33.9708, 60.1934



11.0524, 11.0763, 14.1258



9.4880, 4.0988, 36.2473



0.5758, 0.2560, 1.8740



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.9436, 33.5050, 44.3545



64.9569, 49.6477, 68.5525



36.8638, 49.8357, 31.3445



11.4754, 11.3189, 13.0380



17.7096, 8.8944, 11.4556



0.9512, 0.4739, 0.7890



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.1234, 30.1549, 59.8464 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

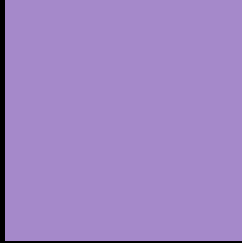
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.1234, 30.1549, 59.8464 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

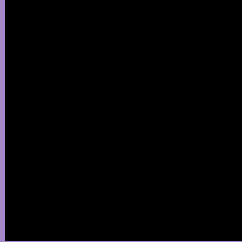
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 35.1234, 30.1549, 59.8464

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.1234, 30.1549, 59.8464.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.1234, 30.1549,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

35.1234, 30.1549, 59.8464

### Protanopia

31.2725, 30.2664, 65.1665

### Deuteranopia

31.0124, 30.2718, 58.8521



## Tritanopia

30.2693, 30.1602, 36.1244

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

35.1234, 30.1549, 59.8464

## Protanomaly

32.4126, 29.9896, 63.1117

## Deuteranomaly

32.3977, 30.0650, 59.3539

## Tritanomaly

31.8625, 30.1356, 43.6726

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

35.1234, 30.1549, 59.8464

## Achromatopsia

30.2779, 31.8547, 34.6897

## Achromatomaly

31.6890, 30.9758, 42.8368

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 35.1234, 30.1549, 59.8464 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(165, 137, 202)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(165, 137, 202)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(165, 137, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(165, 137, 202) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 35.1234, 30.1549, 59.8464 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(165, 137, 202) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(165, 137, 202) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(165, 137, 202)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(165, 137, 202); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 137, 202);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 137,  
202) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 35.1234, 30.1549, 59.8464 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(165, 137, 202) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(165,  
137, 202) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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