

# Converting Colors

XYZ(35.1688, 29.7839, 58.8374)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(35.1688, 29.7839, 58.8374)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(35.0256, 29.7136,  
58.5328)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A787C8
RGB	167, 135, 200
RGB Percent	65%, 53%, 78%
CMY	0.3451, 0.4706, 0.2157
CMYK	0.16, 0.32, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	270°, 37%, 66%
HSV	270°, 32%, 78%
XYZ	35.0256, 29.7136, 58.5328
YIQ	151.9780, -1.7930, 26.9990

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

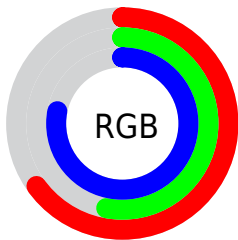
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	167, 135, 200
Decimal	10979272
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	61.41, 24.82, -29.16
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	61, 38.295, 310.404
Y <sub>xy</sub>	29.7136, 0.2841, 0.2410
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289169352 (0xFFA787C8)
Y <sub>UV</sub>	151.9780, 23.6748, 13.1743
Hunter-Lab	54.5102, 19.3026, -25.5082

# Details

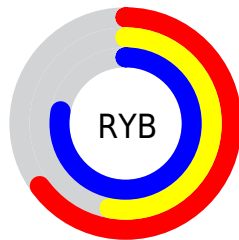
The XYZ color **35.0256, 29.7136, 58.5328** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **41.1770, 51.3834, 30.6708**, and the grayscale version is **29.7381, 31.2868, 34.0713**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66.6790, 59.3032, 102.5400**, and **15.3762, 12.1497, 28.7288** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.4315, 23.5852, 57.5925**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **40.3143, 36.9795, 59.6570**.

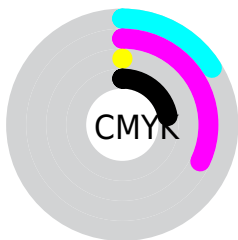
# Distribution



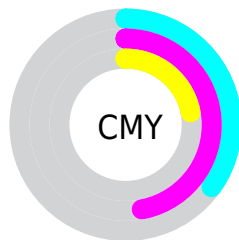
- Red (65%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (22%)




- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (22%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 35.0256, 29.7136, 58.5328 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 35.0256, 29.7136, 58.5328 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 35.0256, 29.7136,  
58.5328


 35.0256, 29.7136,  
58.5328


316.1874,  
300.5672, 436.8219


 23.8492, 19.6213,  
41.8196


 66.8592, 59.2090,  
104.2208

 15.3459, 12.1201,  
28.6355


 88.2471, 79.3808,  
134.0326

 9.1504, 6.8255,  
18.5621

 113.7695,  
103.6813, 169.0478

 4.8973, 3.3532,  
11.1807

143.7919,  
132.4948, 209.6848

 2.2213, 1.3188,  
6.0728

178.6795,  
166.2058, 256.3621

 0.7539, 0.1557,  
2.8199

218.7977,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

205.1986, 309.4984

1.0034

264.5119,  
249.8576, 369.5122

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 35.0256, 29.7136,  
58.5328

■ 35.0256, 29.7136,  
58.5328

■ 30.4315, 23.5852,  
57.5925

■ 40.3143, 36.9795,  
59.6570

■ 26.4957, 18.5300,  
56.8242

■ 46.3255, 45.4355,  
60.9723

■ 23.1829, 14.4823,  
56.2175

■ 53.0890, 55.1352,  
62.4881

■ 20.4529, 11.3678,  
55.7603

■ 60.6320, 66.1277,  
64.2123

■ 18.2598, 9.1013,  
55.4384

■ 68.9802, 78.4595,  
66.1526

■ 16.5493, 7.5808,  
55.2350

■ 78.1569, 92.1721,  
68.3157

■ 15.5122, 6.7925,  
55.1375

■ 81.4723, 93.8812,  
68.4709

■ 84.9800, 95.6895,  
68.6350

■ 87.4254, 96.9502,  
68.7495

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.0346, 29.7136, 68.2039



35.0256, 29.7136, 58.5328



38.4295, 29.7136, 42.6217

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.0256, 29.7136, 58.5328



31.6306, 29.7136, 12.5692



19.7163, 29.7136, 37.6474

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.0256, 29.7136, 58.5328



41.1770, 51.3834, 30.6708

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.0355, 29.7136, 23.8823



35.0256, 29.7136, 58.5328



26.5220, 29.7136, 11.9640

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.0256, 29.7136, 58.5328



36.3132, 29.7136, 17.4505



22.3960, 29.7136, 15.4415



21.4650, 29.7136, 53.9704



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.0256, 29.7136, 58.5328



39.1250, 29.7136, 32.1573



22.3960, 29.7136, 15.4415



19.5909, 29.7136, 32.5496

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.0266, 29.7148, 58.5335



82.8442, 82.4225, 106.1505



34.5287, 37.5433, 60.0708



17.3883, 17.1518, 22.6441



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.0266, 29.7148, 58.5335



54.9047, 43.7556, 100.1596



42.6212, 33.6300, 58.8889



10.5456, 10.5395, 13.3960



9.9661, 4.3720, 35.0630



0.5555, 0.2501, 1.6641



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.5523, 32.4357, 41.2233



64.1987, 49.3444, 64.5594



35.1954, 48.2998, 30.3909



10.8548, 10.7253, 12.2186



16.7011, 8.4300, 8.9016



0.8273, 0.4138, 0.6139



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.0256, 29.7136, 58.5328 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

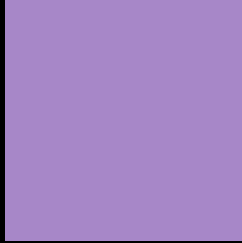
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.0256, 29.7136, 58.5328 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

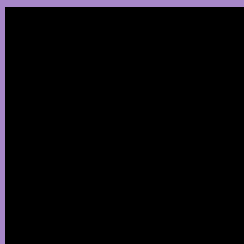
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 35.0256, 29.7136, 58.5328**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.0256, 29.7136, 58.5328.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.0256, 29.7136,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

35.0256, 29.7136, 58.5328

### Protanopia

30.8408, 29.8283, 64.4536

### Deuteranopia

30.6253, 29.8692, 57.5773



## Tritanopia

30.3869, 29.7867, 35.1582

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

35.0256, 29.7136, 58.5328

## Protanomaly

32.1413, 29.6419, 62.4199

## Deuteranomaly

32.0144, 29.6726, 58.0729

## Tritanomaly

31.9798, 29.7766, 42.5900

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

35.0256, 29.7136, 58.5328

## Achromatopsia

29.8446, 31.3989, 34.1934

## Achromatomaly

31.3449, 30.5904, 41.7886

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 35.0256, 29.7136, 58.5328 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(167, 135, 200)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(167, 135, 200)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(167, 135, 200) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(167, 135, 200) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 35.0256, 29.7136, 58.5328 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(167, 135, 200) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(167, 135, 200) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(167, 135, 200)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(167, 135, 200); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 135, 200);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 135,  
200) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 35.0256, 29.7136, 58.5328 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(167, 135, 200) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(167,  
135, 200) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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