

# Converting Colors

XYZ(35.1712, 17.0265, 51.5650)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(35.1712, 17.0265, 51.5650)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(35.2466, 17.0712, 51.3065)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(35.2466, 17.0712,  
51.3065)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CF00C0
RGB	207, 0, 192
RGB Percent	81%, 0%, 75%
CMY	0.1882, 0.9999, 0.2471
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.07, 0.19
HSL	304°, 100%, 41%
HSV	304°, 100%, 81%
XYZ	35.2466, 17.0712, 51.3065
YIQ	83.7810, 61.7400, 103.5960

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

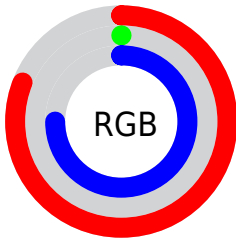
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	207, 0, 192
Decimal	13566144
CIELab	48.35, 81.85, -44.69
CIELCh	48, 93.256, 331.369
Yxy	17.0712, 0.3401, 0.1647
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291756224 (0xFFCF00C0)
YUV	83.7810, 53.3520, 108.0631
Hunter-Lab	41.3173, 79.9679, -44.7023

# Details

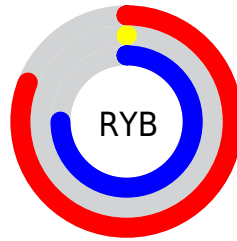
The XYZ color **35.2466, 17.0712, 51.3065** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC00CC**. The color can be described as middle washed magenta. A complement of this color would be **22.4000, 44.6610, 7.8930**, and the grayscale version is **8.2705, 8.7012, 9.4756**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **62.2532, 35.9283, 93.2763**, and **16.8002, 8.1309, 24.7287** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35.2467, 17.0713, 51.3054**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35.6773, 17.6647, 52.2746**.

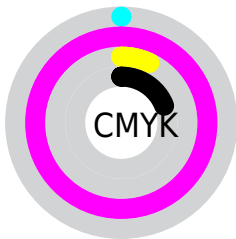
# Distribution



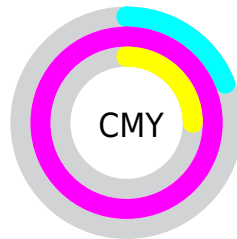
- Red (81%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (19%)




- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (25%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 35.2466, 17.0712, 51.3065 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 35.2466, 17.0712, 51.3065 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 35.2466, 17.0712,  
51.3065


 35.2466, 17.0712,  
51.3065

317.1445,  
235.5824, 408.6339


 24.0203, 10.2853,  
36.0742


 67.1991, 38.4482,  
93.5238


 15.4735, 5.5885,  
24.2013


 88.6561, 53.8080,  
121.3459


 9.2408, 2.5965,  
15.2695


 114.2539, 72.7945,  
154.2016

 4.9570, 0.9249,  
8.8600

 144.3580, 95.7922,  
192.5095

 2.2565, 0.0000,  
4.5544

 179.3338,  
123.1855, 236.6881

 0.7723, 0.0000,  
1.9342

 219.5466,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

155.3586, 287.1561

0.5143

265.3617,  
192.6961, 344.3318

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 35.2466, 17.0712,  
51.3065

■ 35.2466, 17.0712,  
51.3065

■ 35.2467, 17.0713,  
51.3054

■ 35.6773, 17.6647,  
52.2746

■ 36.3908, 18.8216,  
53.3452

■ 37.4832, 20.7335,  
54.5506

■ 39.0061, 23.5036,  
55.9078

■ 41.0030, 27.2191,  
57.4316

■ 43.5121, 31.9562,  
59.1345

■ 46.5678, 37.7837,  
61.0282

■ 50.2013, 44.7642,  
63.1230

■ 54.4418, 52.9557,  
65.4286

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.3229, 17.0712, 94.1999



35.2466, 17.0712, 51.3065



38.7025, 17.0712, 17.4901

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.2466, 17.0712, 51.3065



15.8378, 17.0712, 0.0000



5.8795, 17.0712, 55.2186

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.2466, 17.0712, 51.3065



22.4000, 44.6610, 7.8930

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4.7476, 17.0712, 19.7301



35.2466, 17.0712, 51.3065



9.1104, 17.0712, 0.2612

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.2466, 17.0712, 51.3065



25.3989, 17.0712, 0.1055



5.6830, 17.0712, 3.9598



9.5792, 17.0712, 97.5428



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.2466, 17.0712, 51.3065



36.7365, 17.0712, 6.2058



5.6830, 17.0712, 3.9598



5.2587, 17.0712, 41.4308

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.2473, 17.0720, 51.3068



74.4301, 60.1681, 97.6861



11.4414, 4.5977, 59.3167



15.4633, 11.9846, 20.6245



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.2473, 17.0720, 51.3068



56.4557, 27.3463, 82.0548



27.5663, 13.9996, 10.8594



12.2723, 11.9937, 14.7096



22.2218, 10.7615, 32.4037



1.2538, 0.6062, 1.8714



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.2473, 17.0720, 51.3068



56.4557, 27.3463, 82.0548



25.5429, 45.9182, 24.4435



12.2723, 11.9937, 14.7096



22.2218, 10.7615, 32.4037



1.2538, 0.6062, 1.8714



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.2466, 17.0712, 51.3065 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

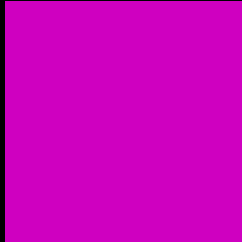
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.2466, 17.0712, 51.3065 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 35.2466, 17.0712, 51.3065**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.2466, 17.0712, 51.3065.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.2466, 17.0712,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

35.2466, 17.0712, 51.3065

### Protanopia

21.4851, 18.0422, 84.0115

### Deuteranopia

18.1398, 17.6709, 45.6348



## Tritanopia

26.7290, 17.3471, 9.5290

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

35.2466, 17.0712, 51.3065



## Protanomaly

18.4038, 11.4045, 70.3385



## Deuteranomaly

20.1538, 13.0254, 46.7993



## Tritanomaly

28.3276, 15.7737, 19.6408

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

35.2466, 17.0712, 51.3065



## Achromatopsia

8.4267, 8.8656, 9.6546



## Achromatomaly

13.9015, 8.6434, 19.6745

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 35.2466, 17.0712, 51.3065 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(207, 0, 192)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(207, 0, 192)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(207, 0, 192) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(207, 0, 192) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 35.2466, 17.0712, 51.3065 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(207, 0, 192) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(207, 0, 192) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(207, 0, 192)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(207, 0, 192); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 0, 192);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 0,  
192) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 35.2466, 17.0712, 51.3065 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(207, 0, 192) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(207, 0,  
192) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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