

# Converting Colors

XYZ(35.2122, 26.0938, 13.2602)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(35.2122, 26.0938, 13.2602)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(35.1320, 26.0061,  
13.2932)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D66D5C
RGB	214, 109, 92
RGB Percent	84%, 43%, 36%
CMY	0.1608, 0.5725, 0.6392
CMYK	0.00, 0.49, 0.57, 0.16
HSL	8°, 60%, 60%
HSV	8°, 57%, 84%
XYZ	35.1320, 26.0061, 13.2932
YIQ	138.4570, 68.0370, 16.9730

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

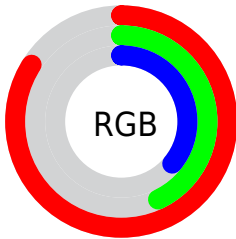
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	214, 112, 92
Decimal	14052700
CIE Lab	58.04, 39.68, 28.44
CIE LCh	58, 48.823, 35.632
Yxy	26.0061, 0.4720, 0.3494
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292242780 (0xFFD66D5C)
YUV	138.4570, -22.9033, 66.2512
Hunter-Lab	50.9962, 33.7279, 20.2422

# Details

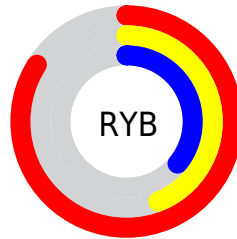
The XYZ color **35.1320, 26.0061, 13.2932** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. The color can be described as middle muted orange. A complement of this color would be **36.5163, 47.0603, 70.7772**, and the grayscale version is **24.3996, 25.6702, 27.9549**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59.0428, 49.0537, 31.9476**, and **15.3326, 10.0934, 3.7249** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32.5621, 22.1581, 8.4550**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38.3789, 30.7858, 19.6608**.

# Distribution



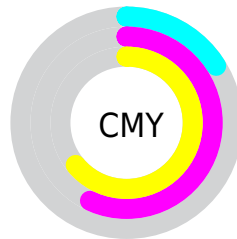
- Red (84%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Black (16%)




- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (64%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 35.1320, 26.0061, 13.2932 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 35.1320, 26.0061, 13.2932 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 35.1320, 26.0061,  
13.2932


 35.1320, 26.0061,  
13.2932


316.6484,  
282.8120, 224.0617


 23.9316, 16.8282,  
7.4977


 67.0229, 53.2848,  
32.5284

 15.4073, 10.1121,  
3.6921


 88.4440, 72.1544,  
46.8052

 9.1939, 5.4733,  
1.4580

 114.0028, 95.0233,  
64.7461

 4.9260, 2.5276,  
0.1863

 144.0646,  
122.2760, 86.7696

 2.2382, 0.8904,  
0.0000

178.9946,  
154.2968, 113.2945

 0.7628, 0.0000,  
0.0000

219.1584,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

191.4701, 144.7391

0.0000

264.9212,  
234.1804, 181.5220

■ 35.1320, 26.0061,  
13.2932

■ 35.1320, 26.0061,  
13.2932

■ 32.5621, 22.1581,  
8.4550

■ 38.3789, 30.7858,  
19.6608

■ 30.6187, 19.1766,  
5.0157

■ 42.3450, 36.5484,  
27.6709

■ 29.2465, 16.9946,  
2.8250

■ 47.0709, 43.3464,  
37.4275

■ 28.3776, 15.5322,  
1.6862

■ 52.5938, 51.2273,  
49.0255

■ 28.1915, 15.2161,  
1.4511

■ 58.9484, 60.2356,  
62.5530

■ 66.1673, 70.4135,  
78.0925

■ 74.2815, 81.8007,  
95.7216

■ 81.5415, 93.0361,  
108.2678

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



37.8130, 26.0061, 25.2461



35.1320, 26.0061, 13.2932



29.7001, 26.0061, 7.8349

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.1320, 26.0061, 13.2932



15.7578, 26.0061, 16.9156



25.8481, 26.0061, 74.5139

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.1320, 26.0061, 13.2932



36.5163, 47.0603, 70.7772

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.3267, 26.0061, 69.4170



35.1320, 26.0061, 13.2932



15.0603, 26.0061, 31.6256

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.1320, 26.0061, 13.2932



18.6808, 26.0061, 9.2681



16.5968, 26.0061, 51.7731



31.9332, 26.0061, 63.7803



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.1320, 26.0061, 13.2932



25.5921, 26.0061, 6.7051



16.5968, 26.0061, 51.7731



23.8640, 26.0061, 74.6330

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.1326, 26.0075, 13.2937



78.0713, 75.9793, 72.6068



41.7210, 26.0155, 56.0875



16.3336, 15.7263, 14.7450



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.1326, 26.0075, 13.2937



47.8782, 32.1239, 11.5801



43.9010, 43.5442, 16.2164



12.5615, 12.6972, 12.9494



17.0848, 9.2868, 0.8921



1.0766, 0.6524, 0.0692

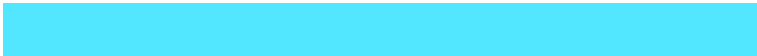


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.5163, 47.0603, 70.7772



50.0233, 66.0525, 104.7206



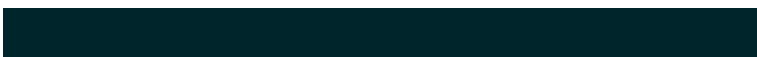
25.4592, 24.9461, 67.0915



12.6378, 13.7989, 15.9349



17.7756, 23.8129, 42.1126



1.1137, 1.5193, 2.5539



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.1320, 26.0061, 13.2932 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.1320, 26.0061, 13.2932 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

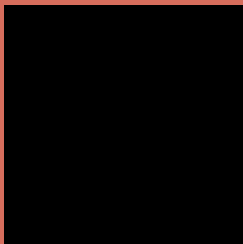
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 35.1320, 26.0061, 13.2932**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.1320, 26.0061, 13.2932.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.1320, 26.0061,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

35.1320, 26.0061, 13.2932

### Protanopia

24.5056, 26.2601, 17.1417

### Deuteranopia

26.6076, 26.1733, 12.6664



## Tritanopia

36.1590, 25.9474, 18.7253

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

35.1320, 26.0061, 13.2932

## Protanomaly

27.3841, 25.5049, 15.5362

## Deuteranomaly

29.1444, 25.7028, 12.8763

## Tritanomaly

35.8318, 25.9824, 16.4912

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

35.1320, 26.0061, 13.2932

## Achromatopsia

24.1572, 25.4152, 27.6772

## Achromatomaly

26.7664, 24.6662, 21.4395

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 35.1320, 26.0061, 13.2932 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(214, 109, 92)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(214, 109, 92)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(214, 109, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(214, 109, 92) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 35.1320, 26.0061, 13.2932 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(214, 109, 92) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(214, 109, 92) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(214, 109, 92)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(214, 109, 92); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 109, 92);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 109,  
92) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 35.1320, 26.0061, 13.2932 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(214, 109, 92) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(214,  
109, 92) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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