

# Converting Colors

XYZ(35.2242, 25.9641, 4.9258)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(35.2242, 25.9641, 4.9258)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(35.1068, 25.8646,  
4.8923)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	DC6B25
RGB	220, 107, 37
RGB Percent	86%, 42%, 15%
CMY	0.1373, 0.5804, 0.8549
CMYK	0.00, 0.51, 0.83, 0.14
HSL	23°, 72%, 50%
HSV	23°, 83%, 86%
XYZ	35.1068, 25.8646, 4.8923
YIQ	132.8070, 89.8180, 2.1860

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

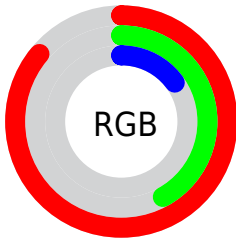
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">220, 150, 37</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">14445349</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">57.91, 40.18, 56.33</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">58, 69.186, 54.501</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">25.8646, 0.5330, 0.3927</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4292635429 (0xFFDC6B25)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">132.8070, -47.2329, 76.4683</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">50.8573, 34.2185, 29.8966</a>

# Details

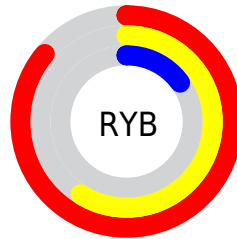
The XYZ color **35.1068, 25.8646, 4.8923** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6600**. The color can be described as dark washed orange. A complement of this color would be **24.5866, 27.3715, 71.6969**, and the grayscale version is **22.3685, 23.5334, 25.6278**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **55.5723, 47.1062, 15.3959**, and **15.5147, 10.0974, 1.1313** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33.5528, 23.1533, 3.1526**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37.0922, 29.1069, 7.8012**.

# Distribution



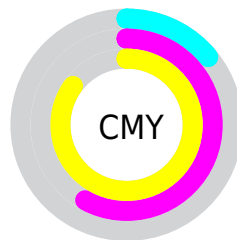
- Red (86%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (15%)



- Red (86%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (15%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Black (14%)




- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (85%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 35.1068, 25.8646, 4.8923 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 35.1068, 25.8646, 4.8923 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 35.1068, 25.8646,  
4.8923


 35.1068, 25.8646,  
4.8923


316.5393,  
282.1168, 157.6797

 23.9121, 16.7224,  
2.1266


 66.9841, 53.0564,  
16.0204


 15.3928, 10.0367,  
0.6315


 88.3974, 71.8748,  
25.2198

 9.1836, 5.4233,  
0.0000


 113.9476, 94.6874,  
37.4008

 4.9192, 2.4977,  
0.0000

 144.0000,  
121.8786, 52.9821

 2.2342, 0.8755,  
0.0000

 178.9200,  
153.8327, 72.3820

 0.7607, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 219.0730,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

190.9341, 96.0192

0.0000

264.8243,  
233.5674, 124.3123

■ 35.1068, 25.8646,  
4.8923

■ 35.1068, 25.8646,  
4.8923

■ 33.5528, 23.1533,  
3.1526

■ 37.0922, 29.1069,  
7.8012

■ 32.6977, 21.5810,  
2.4422

■ 39.5496, 32.9083,  
12.0525

■ 42.5154, 37.2991,  
17.7912

■ 46.0216, 42.3060,  
25.1430

■ 50.0973, 47.9536,  
34.2201

■ 54.7691, 54.2652,  
45.1246

■ 60.0619, 61.2627,  
57.9505

■ 65.9990, 68.9669,  
72.7854

■ 72.6026, 77.3978,  
89.7112

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.2284, 25.8646, 13.1009



35.1068, 25.8646, 4.8923



26.1507, 25.8646, 2.7332

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.1068, 25.8646, 4.8923



11.8385, 25.8646, 23.9908



31.8420, 25.8646, 93.9219

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.1068, 25.8646, 4.8923



24.5866, 27.3715, 71.6969

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



23.0803, 25.8646, 102.9451



35.1068, 25.8646, 4.8923



12.6993, 25.8646, 51.7900

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.1068, 25.8646, 4.8923



13.7134, 25.8646, 9.0406



16.4062, 25.8646, 84.4468



40.0648, 25.8646, 64.0804



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.1068, 25.8646, 4.8923



20.7871, 25.8646, 3.0058



16.4062, 25.8646, 84.4468



28.8161, 25.8646, 100.0070

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.1074, 25.8660, 4.8927



75.1346, 73.9587, 59.7500



35.9181, 18.8354, 31.8364



15.5792, 15.1530, 11.6100



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.1074, 25.8660, 4.8927



45.5657, 29.9113, 3.3719



49.4986, 54.6486, 9.6898



13.4623, 13.8640, 13.6921



19.2899, 12.8654, 1.4666



1.3314, 0.9970, 0.1223



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24.5866, 27.3715, 71.6969



30.1833, 31.4866, 99.0944



15.3715, 8.9412, 68.6252



13.0048, 13.9493, 16.6592



12.8462, 13.5619, 41.6790



0.9146, 1.0432, 2.7276



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.1068, 25.8646, 4.8923 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.1068, 25.8646, 4.8923 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 35.1068, 25.8646, 4.8923**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.1068, 25.8646, 4.8923.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.1068, 25.8646,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

35.1068, 25.8646, 4.8923

### Protanopia

23.5620, 26.0135, 6.2619

### Deuteranopia

26.3312, 25.8028, 4.5123



## Tritanopia

37.6424, 25.8639, 16.9182

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

35.1068, 25.8646, 4.8923

## Protanomaly

26.7275, 25.1892, 5.6438

## Deuteranomaly

29.0430, 25.4611, 4.5461

## Tritanomaly

36.4974, 25.8393, 11.0465

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

35.1068, 25.8646, 4.8923

## Achromatopsia

22.2940, 23.4551, 25.5426

## Achromatomaly

24.9293, 23.2965, 14.7380

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 35.1068, 25.8646, 4.8923 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(220, 107, 37)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(220, 107, 37)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(220, 107, 37) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(220, 107, 37) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 35.1068, 25.8646, 4.8923 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(220, 107, 37) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(220, 107, 37) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(220, 107, 37)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(220, 107, 37); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 107, 37);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 107,  
37) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 35.1068, 25.8646, 4.8923 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(220, 107, 37) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(220,  
107, 37) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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