

# Converting Colors

XYZ(35.2670, 42.4624, 36.1391)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(35.2670, 42.4624, 36.1391)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(35.1579, 42.3022,  
36.0179)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	97B698
RGB	151, 182, 152
RGB Percent	59%, 71%, 60%
CMY	0.4078, 0.2863, 0.4039
CMYK	0.17, 0.00, 0.16, 0.29
HSL	122°, 18%, 65%
HSV	122°, 17%, 71%
XYZ	35.1579, 42.3022, 36.0179
YIQ	169.3110, -8.8460, -15.9020

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

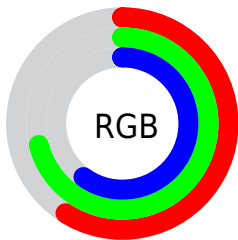
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	151, 181, 182
Decimal	9942680
CIELab	71.08, -16.42, 11.82
CIELCh	71, 20.229, 144.258
Yxy	42.3022, 0.3098, 0.3728
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288132760 (0xFF97B698)
YUV	169.3110, -8.5343, -16.0587
Hunter-Lab	65.0401, -17.3308, 12.6945

# Details

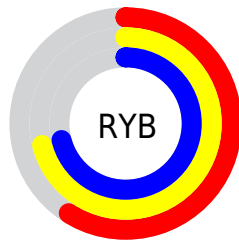
The XYZ color **35.1579, 42.3022, 36.0179** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **38.6999, 35.4154, 48.5140**, and the grayscale version is **37.9111, 39.8854, 43.4352**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67.1687, 78.7271, 70.0482**, and **15.4548, 19.3494, 15.2322** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.7004, 40.1600, 28.8302**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **40.3534, 44.8026, 44.3602**.

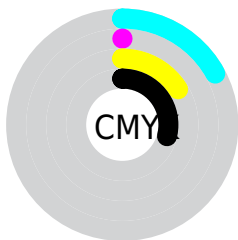
# Distribution



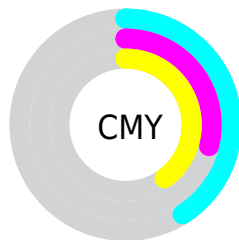
- Red (59%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (29%)




- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (40%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 35.1579, 42.3022, 36.0179 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 35.1579, 42.3022, 36.0179 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 35.1579, 42.3022,  
36.0179


 35.1579, 42.3022,  
36.0179


316.7606,  
355.7341, 344.0786

 23.9516, 29.3380,  
24.1582


 67.0627, 78.6568,  
70.2290

 15.4223, 19.3367,  
15.2377


 88.4920, 102.8160,  
93.4176

 9.2045, 11.9138,  
8.8379


114.0596,  
131.4756, 121.2195

 4.9330, 6.6850,  
4.5403

144.1309,  
165.0200, 154.0533

 2.2424, 3.2659,  
1.9262

179.0713,  
203.8337, 192.3376

 0.7649, 1.2721,  
0.5093

219.2462,

 0.0000, 0.1194,

248.3010, 236.4909

0.0000

265.0208,  
298.8064, 286.9317

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 35.1579, 42.3022,  
36.0179

■ 35.1579, 42.3022,  
36.0179

■ 30.7004, 40.1600,  
28.8302

■ 40.3534, 44.8026,  
44.3602

■ 26.9442, 38.3544,  
22.7436

■ 46.3147, 47.6707,  
53.9017

■ 23.8547, 36.8701,  
17.7046

■ 53.0722, 50.9225,  
64.6884

■ 21.3929, 35.6881,  
13.6541

■ 60.6537, 54.5716,  
76.7626

■ 19.5158, 34.7876,  
10.5272

■ 69.0857, 58.6305,  
90.1651

■ 18.1750, 34.1454,  
8.2512

■ 76.0188, 61.9376,  
102.5563

■ 17.3142, 33.7342,  
6.7426

■ 16.8573, 33.5168,  
5.9005

■ 16.7610, 33.4704,  
5.7458

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



37.5948, 42.3022, 31.0854



35.1579, 42.3022, 36.0179



34.0793, 42.3022, 44.2222

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.1579, 42.3022, 36.0179



39.5601, 42.3022, 67.1791



46.4299, 42.3022, 38.8263

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.1579, 42.3022, 36.0179



38.6999, 35.4154, 48.5140

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.0283, 42.3022, 47.9478



35.1579, 42.3022, 36.0179



42.9374, 42.3022, 65.2047

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.1579, 42.3022, 36.0179



36.5279, 42.3022, 62.8844



45.7177, 42.3022, 57.8138



44.1252, 42.3022, 32.5407



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.1579, 42.3022, 36.0179



34.2297, 42.3022, 50.7993



45.7177, 42.3022, 57.8138



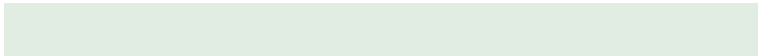
46.8425, 42.3022, 41.6249

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.1590, 42.3040, 36.0188



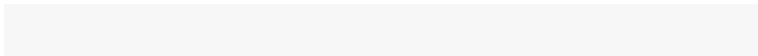
75.1532, 82.1831, 83.6200



41.4853, 45.5747, 35.8888



16.4392, 18.0748, 18.2130



88.6918, 93.3107, 101.6153



17.8044, 18.7317, 20.3988

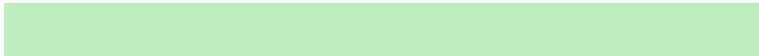


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.1590, 42.3040, 36.0188



60.9246, 75.3391, 60.7660



36.4682, 42.8277, 42.9130



8.9018, 10.0647, 9.6402



11.8406, 23.6372, 4.0826



0.4214, 0.8349, 0.1649



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.6999, 35.4154, 48.5140



68.4130, 60.7701, 87.1910



37.2407, 34.8317, 40.8299



9.3681, 9.1576, 11.2857



19.1711, 9.2422, 29.8514



0.6798, 0.3274, 1.0731



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.1579, 42.3022, 36.0179 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

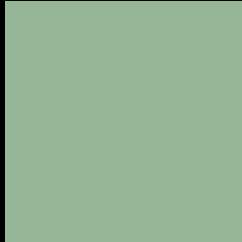
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.1579, 42.3022, 36.0179 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 35.1579, 42.3022, 36.0179**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.1579, 42.3022, 36.0179.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.1579, 42.3022,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

35.1579, 42.3022, 36.0179

### Protanopia

39.8173, 42.0925, 34.0430

### Deuteranopia

42.7611, 41.8743, 36.8391



## Tritanopia

39.2267, 42.4750, 55.4212

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

35.1579, 42.3022, 36.0179

## Protanomaly

37.7447, 41.8785, 34.5278

## Deuteranomaly

39.4076, 41.5414, 36.5131

## Tritanomaly

37.5735, 42.3831, 47.7954

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

35.1579, 42.3022, 36.0179

## Achromatopsia

37.7116, 39.6755, 43.2066

## Achromatomaly

36.6472, 40.5978, 40.5550

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 35.1579, 42.3022, 36.0179 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(151, 182, 152)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(151, 182, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(151, 182, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(151, 182, 152) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 35.1579, 42.3022, 36.0179 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(151, 182, 152) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(151, 182, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(151, 182, 152)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(151, 182, 152); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 182, 152);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 182,  
152) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 35.1579, 42.3022, 36.0179 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(151, 182, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(151,  
182, 152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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