

# Converting Colors

XYZ(35.2853, 17.8653, 16.3298)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(35.2853, 17.8653, 16.3298)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(35.1276, 17.7838, 16.3330)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(35.1276, 17.7838,  
16.3330)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E5006E
RGB	229, 0, 110
RGB Percent	90%, 0%, 43%
CMY	0.1020, 0.9998, 0.5686
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.52, 0.10
HSL	331°, 100%, 45%
HSV	331°, 100%, 90%
XYZ	35.1276, 17.7838, 16.3330
YIQ	81.0110, 101.1740, 82.7580

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

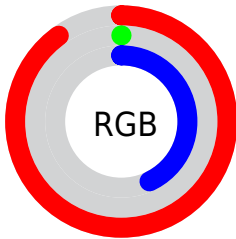
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>Y</sub>B</b>	229, 0, 110
Decimal	15007854
CIE Lab	49.23, 77.64, 6.20
CIE LCh	49, 77.889, 4.568
Yxy	17.7838, 0.5073, 0.2568
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293197934 (0xFFE5006E)
YUV	81.0110, 14.2916, 129.7864
Hunter-Lab	42.1708, 74.8885, 6.5562

# Details

The XYZ color **35.1276, 17.7838, 16.3330** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0066**. The color can be described as dark washed rose. A complement of this color would be **31.3527, 57.3719, 26.8901**, and the grayscale version is **7.7874, 8.1930, 8.9221**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51.5874, 31.6619, 37.1106**, and **16.6231, 8.4659, 5.4606** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35.1261, 17.7832, 16.3255**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **36.1253, 18.6715, 20.0807**.

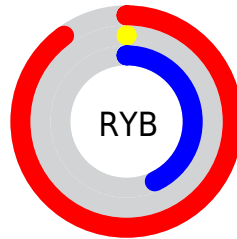
# Distribution



Red (90%)

Green (0%)

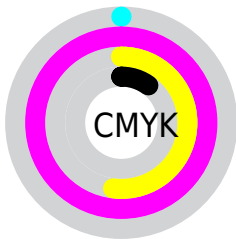
Blue (43%)



Red (90%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (43%)

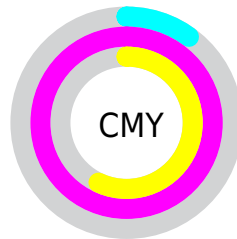


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (52%)

Black (10%)



Cyan (10%)

Magenta (100%)


Yellow (57%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 35.1276, 17.7838, 16.3330 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 35.1276, 17.7838, 16.3330 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 35.1276, 17.7838,  
16.3330

 35.1276, 17.7838,  
16.3330


316.6293,  
239.6496, 243.2112


 23.9282, 10.7949,  
9.6032


 67.0161, 39.6686,  
37.9502


 15.4048, 5.9291,  
5.0345


 88.4359, 55.3332,  
53.6746


 9.1921, 2.8020,  
2.2084


 113.9932, 74.6586,  
73.2343

 4.9248, 1.0293,  
0.6792

 144.0533, 98.0290,  
97.0479

 2.2375, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 178.9816,  
125.8289, 125.5338

 0.7624, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 219.1435,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

158.4428, 159.1106

0.0000

264.9043,  
196.2548, 198.1969

■ 35.1276, 17.7838,  
16.3330

■ 35.1276, 17.7838,  
16.3330

■ 35.1261, 17.7832,  
16.3255

■ 36.1253, 18.6715,  
20.0807

■ 37.5737, 20.3161,  
24.4242

■ 39.5915, 22.9499,  
29.4182

■ 42.2481, 26.7071,  
35.1005

■ 45.6024, 31.7011,  
41.5046

■ 49.7061, 38.0310,  
48.6610

■ 54.6059, 45.7858,  
56.5980

■ 60.3444, 55.0469,  
65.3422

■ 66.9611, 65.8893,  
74.9186

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



33.0269, 17.7838, 42.2867



35.1276, 17.7838, 16.3330



31.3090, 17.7838, 4.3321

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.1276, 17.7838, 16.3330



10.1200, 17.7838, 1.5367



11.5598, 17.7838, 83.1534

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.1276, 17.7838, 16.3330



31.3527, 57.3719, 26.8901

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



7.7739, 17.7838, 52.3325



35.1276, 17.7838, 16.3330



7.1262, 17.7838, 6.7160

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.1276, 17.7838, 16.3330



15.8087, 17.7838, 0.5064



6.4113, 17.7838, 22.7475



18.0466, 17.7838, 93.5183



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.1276, 17.7838, 16.3330



26.4242, 17.7838, 1.6019



6.4113, 17.7838, 22.7475



9.9973, 17.7838, 74.1179

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.1281, 17.7849, 16.3333



69.5564, 58.2187, 72.0217



21.6610, 9.5337, 74.8271



14.2949, 11.5172, 14.4714



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.1281, 17.7849, 16.3333



44.7814, 22.6766, 20.5789



32.3553, 16.7420, 1.5277



14.6638, 14.4827, 16.4302



20.1436, 10.1916, 9.6510



1.5353, 0.7718, 0.9593



# Inverse Universe

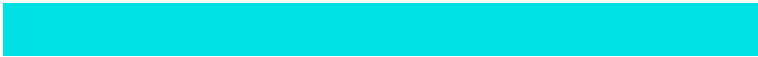
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.1281, 17.7849, 16.3333



44.7814, 22.6766, 20.5789



41.1184, 59.6074, 83.4668



14.6638, 14.4827, 16.4302



20.1436, 10.1916, 9.6510



1.5353, 0.7718, 0.9593



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.1276, 17.7838, 16.3330 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

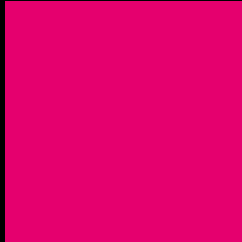
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.1276, 17.7838, 16.3330 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 35.1276, 17.7838, 16.3330**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.1276, 17.7838, 16.3330.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.1276, 17.7838,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

35.1276, 17.7838, 16.3330

### Protanopia

18.6827, 18.3516, 35.3584

### Deuteranopia

18.6341, 18.2731, 14.6015



## Tritanopia

32.7008, 18.1445, 4.0642

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

35.1276, 17.7838, 16.3330



## Protanomaly

20.0190, 13.4000, 26.7306



## Deuteranomaly

21.4588, 14.3106, 14.7279



## Tritanomaly

33.1069, 17.5666, 6.9560

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

35.1276, 17.7838, 16.3330



## Achromatopsia

7.8210, 8.2283, 8.9606



## Achromatomaly

13.1514, 8.3796, 11.0495

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 35.1276, 17.7838, 16.3330 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(229, 0, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(229, 0, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(229, 0, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(229, 0, 110) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 35.1276, 17.7838, 16.3330 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(229, 0, 110) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(229, 0, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(229, 0, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(229, 0, 110); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 0, 110);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 0,  
110) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 35.1276, 17.7838, 16.3330 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(229, 0, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(229, 0,  
110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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