

# Converting Colors

XYZ(35.2890, 18.1559, 3.2896)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(35.2890, 18.1559, 3.2896)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(35.2435, 18.1319, 3.3113)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(35.2435, 18.1319,  
3.3113)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ED0024
RGB	237, 0, 36
RGB Percent	93%, 0%, 14%
CMY	0.0706, 0.9998, 0.8588
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.85, 0.07
HSL	351°, 100%, 46%
HSV	351°, 100%, 93%
XYZ	35.2435, 18.1319, 3.3113
YIQ	74.9670, 129.6960, 61.4400

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

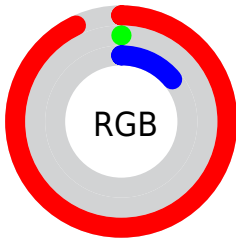
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">237, 0, 36</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">15532068</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">49.66, 76.21, 50.77</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">50, 91.576, 33.671</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">18.1319, 0.6217, 0.3199</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4293722148</a> (0xFFED0024)
YUV	<a href="#">74.9670, -19.2107, 142.1029</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">42.5816, 73.2214, 25.1965</a>

# Details

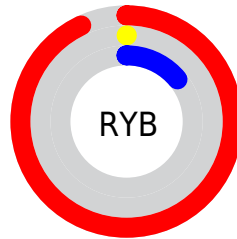
The XYZ color **35.2435, 18.1319, 3.3113** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF0033**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **40.8343, 64.7881, 65.6478**, and the grayscale version is **6.7049, 7.0540, 7.6818**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **46.7157, 29.7132, 11.4567**, and **16.7946, 8.6579, 0.7860** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35.2425, 18.1315, 3.3073**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35.9629, 18.9343, 5.5141**.

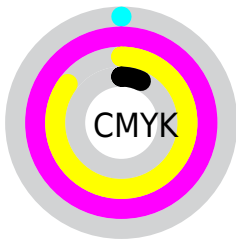
# Distribution



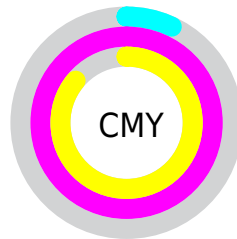
- Red (93%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (14%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (14%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Black (7%)




- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (86%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 35.2435, 18.1319, 3.3113 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 35.2435, 18.1319, 3.3113 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 35.2435, 18.1319,  
3.3113

 35.2435, 18.1319,  
3.3113


317.1310,  
241.6135, 140.2318


 24.0179, 11.0447,  
1.2557


 67.1944, 40.2620,  
12.3874


 15.4717, 6.0969,  
0.0251


 88.6503, 56.0736,  
20.2450

 9.2396, 2.9041,  
0.0000


 114.2471, 75.5622,  
30.8736

 4.9561, 1.0819,  
0.0000

 144.3501, 99.1122,  
44.6918

 2.2560, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 179.3246,  
127.1079, 62.1183


 0.7720, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 219.5361,


 0.0000, 0.0000,


159.9338, 83.5713


0.0000


 265.3497,  
197.9741, 109.4697


 35.2435, 18.1319,  
3.3113


 35.2435, 18.1319,  
3.3113


 35.2425, 18.1315,  
3.3073

 35.9629, 18.9343,  
5.5141

 37.2716, 20.5991,  
8.8874

 39.3140, 23.3815,  
13.5835

 42.1812, 27.4342,  
19.7235

 45.9506, 32.8859,  
27.4144

■ 50.6907, 39.8493,  
36.7529

■ 56.4630, 48.4257,  
47.8277

■ 63.3242, 58.7076,  
60.7213

■ 71.3267, 70.7806,  
75.5107

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.9016, 18.1319, 16.8309



35.2435, 18.1319, 3.3113



25.7700, 18.1319, 0.2473

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.2435, 18.1319, 3.3113



6.1676, 18.1319, 5.2045



18.3274, 18.1319, 116.5490

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.2435, 18.1319, 3.3113



40.8343, 64.7881, 65.6478

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.8276, 18.1319, 101.3478



35.2435, 18.1319, 3.3113



5.3492, 18.1319, 22.9720

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.2435, 18.1319, 3.3113



9.5228, 18.1319, 0.6572



6.7234, 18.1319, 60.0032



28.2731, 18.1319, 92.4899



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.2435, 18.1319, 3.3113



19.1447, 18.1319, 0.0000



6.7234, 18.1319, 60.0032



15.4546, 18.1319, 115.9174

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.2439, 18.1331, 3.3115



66.5657, 57.0224, 56.2728



38.4462, 18.0549, 81.5788



13.5991, 11.2389, 10.8077



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.2439, 18.1331, 3.3115



41.6009, 21.4044, 3.8306



37.7240, 23.6022, 2.5691



15.1586, 15.0913, 16.1204



19.2710, 9.9111, 1.9625



1.5418, 0.7897, 0.3044



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.2439, 18.1331, 3.3115



41.6009, 21.4044, 3.8306



27.5169, 30.5751, 84.5715



15.1586, 15.0913, 16.1204



19.2710, 9.9111, 1.9625



1.5418, 0.7897, 0.3044



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.2435, 18.1319, 3.3113 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.2435, 18.1319, 3.3113 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 35.2435, 18.1319, 3.3113**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.2435, 18.1319, 3.3113.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.2435, 18.1319,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

35.2435, 18.1319, 3.3113

### Protanopia

17.1788, 18.7353, 6.8485

### Deuteranopia

18.9662, 18.7100, 2.6118



## Tritanopia

34.8602, 18.3692, 1.7083

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

35.2435, 18.1319, 3.3113

## Protanomaly

19.9766, 14.0658, 4.7941

## Deuteranomaly

21.9836, 14.8614, 2.0906

## Tritanomaly

34.8086, 18.1498, 2.0494

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

35.2435, 18.1319, 3.3113

## Achromatopsia

6.6877, 7.0360, 7.6622

## Achromatomaly

11.7308, 7.5192, 5.2479

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 35.2435, 18.1319, 3.3113 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(237, 0, 36)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(237, 0, 36)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(237, 0, 36) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(237, 0, 36) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 35.2435, 18.1319, 3.3113 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(237, 0, 36) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(237, 0, 36) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(237, 0, 36) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(237, 0, 36); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 0, 36);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 0, 36)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 35.2435, 18.1319, 3.3113 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(237, 0, 36) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(237, 0,  
36) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

**@ConvertingColor**