

# Converting Colors

XYZ(35.3114, 46.3477, 20.2877)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(35.3114, 46.3477, 20.2877)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(35.2790, 46.2073,  
20.1562)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	9CC168
RGB	156, 193, 104
RGB Percent	61%, 76%, 41%
CMY	0.3882, 0.2431, 0.5921
CMYK	0.19, 0.00, 0.46, 0.24
HSL	85°, 42%, 58%
HSV	85°, 46%, 76%
XYZ	35.2790, 46.2073, 20.1562
YIQ	171.7910, 6.5170, -35.5230

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

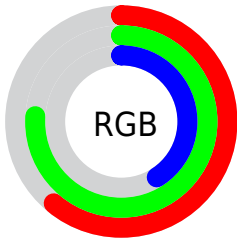
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	104, 193, 141
Decimal	10273128
CIELab	73.68, -27.22, 40.64
CIElCh	74, 48.910, 123.815
Yxy	46.2073, 0.3471, 0.4546
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288463208 (0xFF9CC168)
YUV	171.7910, -33.4210, -13.8487
Hunter-Lab	67.9760, -26.3178, 30.0025

# Details

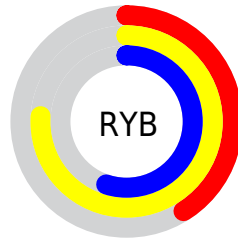
The XYZ color **35.2790, 46.2073, 20.1562** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC66**. A complement of this color would be **25.5623, 19.4148, 52.8548**, and the grayscale version is **39.2693, 41.3144, 44.9914**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67.4228, 84.8026, 44.7133**, and **15.4920, 21.6151, 6.8457** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32.9072, 45.0867, 15.5006**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37.9801, 47.4747, 26.0002**.

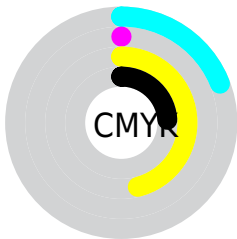
# Distribution



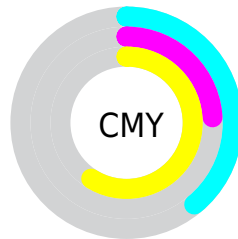
- Red (61%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Black (24%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (59%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 35.2790, 46.2073, 20.1562 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 35.2790, 46.2073, 20.1562 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



35.2790, 46.2073,  
20.1562

35.2790, 46.2073,  
20.1562

317.2846,  
371.6414, 265.3916

24.0454, 32.4094,  
12.3234

67.2489, 84.5292,  
44.5413

15.4922, 21.6744,  
6.8391

88.7160, 109.8219,  
61.9308

9.2541, 13.6179,  
3.2848

114.3249,  
139.7151, 83.3428

4.9657, 7.8554,  
1.2418

144.4410,  
174.5932, 109.1961

2.2617, 4.0025,  
0.0134

179.4296,  
214.8404, 139.9090

0.7750, 1.6750,  
0.0000

219.6562,

0.0000, 0.4074,

260.8413, 175.9002

0.0000

265.4861,  
312.9802, 217.5883

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 35.2790, 46.2073,  
20.1562

■ 35.2790, 46.2073,  
20.1562

■ 32.9072, 45.0867,  
15.5006

■ 37.9801, 47.4747,  
26.0002

■ 30.8438, 44.0994,  
11.9486

■ 41.0229, 48.8893,  
33.1038

■ 29.0704, 43.2396,  
9.4091


■ 44.4235, 50.4592,  
41.5358


■ 27.5646, 42.4979,  
7.7750


■ 48.1956, 52.1903,  
51.3595

■ 26.2983, 41.8629,  
6.9097


■ 52.3522, 54.0878,  
62.6340

 25.8501, 41.6366,  
6.6742

 56.9056, 56.1570,  
75.4150

 61.8674, 58.4026,  
89.7552

 66.6955, 60.6081,  
102.7910

 69.1858, 61.8919,  
102.9076

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.8187, 46.2073, 16.1274



35.2790, 46.2073, 20.1562



30.5930, 46.2073, 32.0479

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.2790, 46.2073, 20.1562



36.9655, 46.2073, 106.4687



62.7409, 46.2073, 47.2014

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.2790, 46.2073, 20.1562



25.5623, 19.4148, 52.8548

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.6415, 46.2073, 74.4572



35.2790, 46.2073, 20.1562



45.0373, 46.2073, 114.5674

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.2790, 46.2073, 20.1562



31.4730, 46.2073, 81.8341



53.8649, 46.2073, 101.3176



59.2764, 46.2073, 28.1445



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.2790, 46.2073, 20.1562



29.3423, 46.2073, 45.3415



53.8649, 46.2073, 101.3176



62.6647, 46.2073, 55.6328

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.2801, 46.2093, 20.1572



80.7872, 90.9335, 77.5260



33.8124, 30.9780, 17.2946



17.0294, 19.3693, 15.8603



92.9021, 97.7402, 106.4391



19.4759, 20.4902, 22.3138



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.2801, 46.2093, 20.1572



59.0345, 80.7944, 27.9458



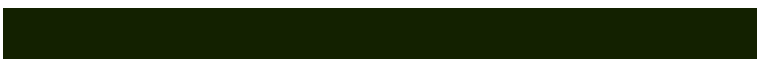
28.3673, 42.6456, 19.8337



10.4955, 11.5429, 10.7367



17.2853, 27.7397, 4.4433



0.8238, 1.2382, 0.1956



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.5623, 19.4148, 52.8548



39.5753, 27.0864, 93.5026



34.3688, 23.9548, 53.2669



9.9162, 9.9479, 12.6823



8.7027, 3.7469, 33.8211



0.4544, 0.2023, 1.4650



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.2790, 46.2073, 20.1562 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.2790, 46.2073, 20.1562 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 35.2790, 46.2073, 20.1562**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.2790, 46.2073, 20.1562.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.2790, 46.2073,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

35.2790, 46.2073, 20.1562

### Protanopia

42.3773, 46.1100, 18.7232

### Deuteranopia

46.7263, 45.6692, 20.8203



## Tritanopia

43.1682, 45.9221, 59.4120

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

35.2790, 46.2073, 20.1562

## Protanomaly

39.2264, 45.7048, 19.0664

## Deuteranomaly

41.7401, 45.4398, 20.4807

## Tritanomaly

39.4796, 45.6547, 41.3818

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

35.2790, 46.2073, 20.1562

## Achromatopsia

39.2122, 41.2543, 44.9259

## Achromatomaly

37.3136, 42.8561, 33.9092

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 35.2790, 46.2073, 20.1562 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(156, 193, 104)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 193, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 193, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 193, 104) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 35.2790, 46.2073, 20.1562 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 193, 104) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 193, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(156, 193, 104)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 193, 104); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 193, 104);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 193,  
104) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 35.2790, 46.2073, 20.1562 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 193, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156,  
193, 104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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