

# Converting Colors

XYZ(35.3719, 50.4860, 10.5475)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(35.3719, 50.4860, 10.5475)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(35.4813, 50.6402,  
10.5938)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	99CD2F
RGB	153, 205, 47
RGB Percent	60%, 80%, 18%
CMY	0.4000, 0.1961, 0.8157
CMYK	0.25, 0.00, 0.77, 0.20
HSL	80°, 63%, 49%
HSV	80°, 77%, 80%
XYZ	35.4813, 50.6402, 10.5938
YIQ	171.4400, 19.7260, -60.1620

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

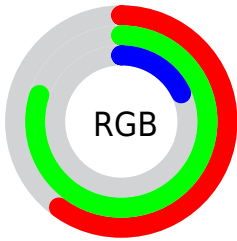
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	47, 205, 99
Decimal	10079535
CIE Lab	76.46, -38.52, 67.43
CIE LCh	76, 77.654, 119.738
Yxy	50.6402, 0.3669, 0.5236
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288269615 (0xFF99CD2F)
YUV	171.4400, -61.3489, -16.1719
Hunter-Lab	71.1619, -35.5334, 40.9869

# Details

The XYZ color **35.4813, 50.6402, 10.5938** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC33**. The color can be described as dark muted chartreuse. A complement of this color would be **17.1837, 9.0949, 58.6104**, and the grayscale version is **39.2240, 41.2667, 44.9395**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **65.2255, 86.4095, 26.8766**, and **15.7302, 24.2995, 3.8612** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33.9235, 49.8759, 8.8463**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37.3076, 51.5238, 13.3691**.

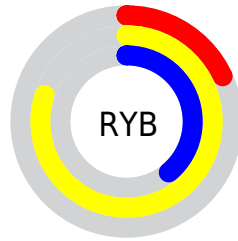
# Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (80%)

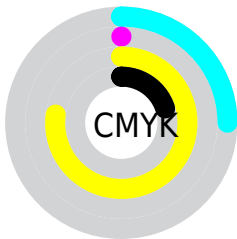
Blue (18%)



Red (18%)

Yellow (80%)

Blue (39%)

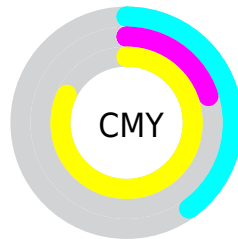


Cyan (25%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (77%)

Black (20%)



Cyan (40%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (82%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 35.4813, 50.6402, 10.5938 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 35.4813, 50.6402, 10.5938 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 35.4813, 50.6402,  
10.5938


 35.4813, 50.6402,  
10.5938


318.1586,  
389.1643, 205.4955


 24.2021, 35.9223,  
5.6837


 67.5598, 91.1227,  
27.5316

 15.6092, 24.3742,  
2.5881


 89.0899, 117.6561,  
40.3964


 9.3371, 15.6115,  
0.8863


 114.7676,  
148.8969, 56.7499

 5.0206, 9.2496,  
0.0000

 144.9583,  
185.2294, 77.0105

 2.2942, 4.9044,  
0.0000

 180.0275,  
227.0379, 101.5968

 0.7917, 2.1913,  
0.0000

 220.3403,

 0.0000, 0.7152,

274.7070, 130.9274

0.0000

266.2622,  
328.6210, 165.4208

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 35.4813, 50.6402,  
10.5938

■ 35.4813, 50.6402,  
10.5938

■ 33.9235, 49.8759,  
8.8463

■ 37.3076, 51.5238,  
13.3691

■ 32.5972, 49.2105,  
7.9530

■ 39.4241, 52.5302,  
17.2957

■ 32.2356, 49.0279,  
7.7643

■ 41.8537, 53.6704,  
22.4831

■ 44.6157, 54.9523,  
29.0272

■ 47.7275, 56.3829,  
37.0148

■ 51.2055, 57.9690,  
46.5252

■ 55.0645, 59.7165,  
57.6322

■ 59.3186, 61.6313,  
70.4045

■ 63.9811, 63.7188,  
84.9070

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.2608, 50.6402, 7.4389



35.4813, 50.6402, 10.5938



27.6910, 50.6402, 23.6840

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.4813, 50.6402, 10.5938



35.2997, 50.6402, 158.1252



82.1052, 50.6402, 55.5079

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.4813, 50.6402, 10.5938



17.1837, 9.0949, 58.6104

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



76.7526, 50.6402, 106.5305



35.4813, 50.6402, 10.5938



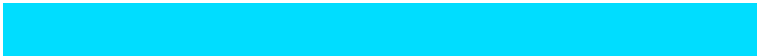
48.0034, 50.6402, 181.3389

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.4813, 50.6402, 10.5938



27.6021, 50.6402, 105.5435



63.4804, 50.6402, 158.8701



76.9284, 50.6402, 24.0492

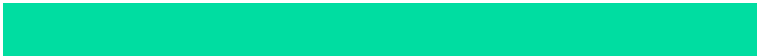


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.4813, 50.6402, 10.5938



25.4156, 50.6402, 41.9934



63.4804, 50.6402, 158.8701



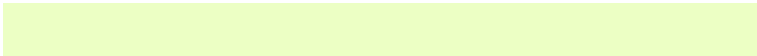
81.4647, 50.6402, 70.7752

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.4825, 50.6425, 10.5949



80.2547, 93.3022, 66.2129



29.9697, 21.7418, 5.3070



16.7463, 19.7733, 13.0134



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.4825, 50.6425, 10.5949



54.1998, 81.0111, 13.4607



25.3240, 45.4056, 10.1195



11.7810, 12.9045, 11.9493



20.1707, 30.5737, 4.8382



1.1185, 1.6174, 0.2532



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.1837, 9.0949, 58.6104



23.3032, 10.3100, 95.3696



29.9500, 15.6762, 59.2078



10.9438, 11.0203, 14.1207



8.4114, 3.5438, 36.1970



0.5139, 0.2240, 1.8711



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.4813, 50.6402, 10.5938 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.4813, 50.6402, 10.5938 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

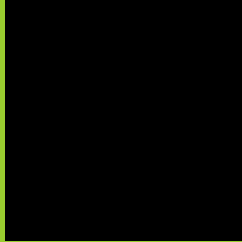
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 35.4813, 50.6402, 10.5938**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.4813, 50.6402, 10.5938.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.4813, 50.6402,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

35.4813, 50.6402, 10.5938

### Protanopia

45.2832, 49.9897, 9.5478

### Deuteranopia

50.9708, 49.8187, 11.0672



## Tritanopia

46.5660, 50.3758, 65.6617

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

35.4813, 50.6402, 10.5938

## Protanomaly

40.9816, 49.7126, 9.8184

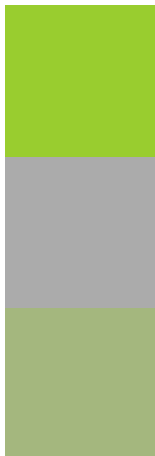
## Deuteranomaly

43.8496, 49.2214, 10.8040

## Tritanomaly

40.3951, 49.5105, 35.4444

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

35.4813, 50.6402, 10.5938

## Achromatopsia

38.7082, 40.7240, 44.3485

## Achromatomaly

36.0092, 43.2658, 26.1919

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 35.4813, 50.6402, 10.5938 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 205, 47)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 205, 47)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 205, 47) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 205, 47) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 35.4813, 50.6402, 10.5938 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 205, 47) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 205, 47) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 205, 47) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 205, 47); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 205, 47);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 205,  
47) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 35.4813, 50.6402, 10.5938 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 205, 47) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
205, 47) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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