

# Converting Colors

XYZ(35.3773, 34.1687, 27.2849)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(35.3773, 34.1687, 27.2849)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(35.3773, 34.1687,  
27.2849)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	B99786
RGB	185, 151, 134
RGB Percent	73%, 59%, 53%
CMY	0.2745, 0.4078, 0.4745
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.28, 0.27
HSL	20°, 27%, 63%
HSV	20°, 28%, 73%
XYZ	35.3773, 34.1687, 27.2849
YIQ	159.2280, 25.7210, 1.9210

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

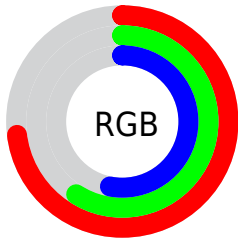
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	185, 160, 134
Decimal	12162950
CIELab	65.10, 10.11, 13.73
CIELCh	65, 17.052, 53.627
Yxy	34.1687, 0.3654, 0.3529
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290353030 (0xFFB99786)
YUV	159.2280, -12.4374, 22.6020
Hunter-Lab	58.4540, 5.7366, 13.2427

# Details

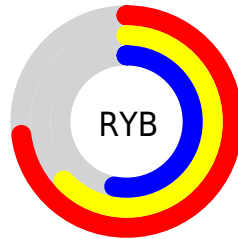
The XYZ color **35.3773, 34.1687, 27.2849** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **32.5909, 36.5755, 51.2413**, and the grayscale version is **33.1066, 34.8307, 37.9307**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67.4189, 66.1277, 56.2243**, and **15.5175, 14.5797, 10.3838** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32.3164, 29.9342, 20.4459**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38.8734, 38.9119, 35.3834**.

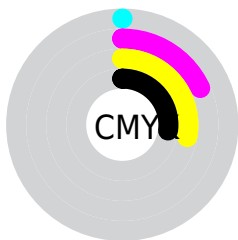
# Distribution



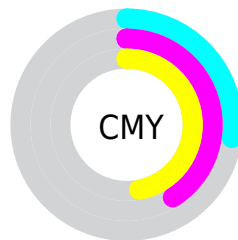
- Red (73%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Black (27%)




- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (47%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 35.3773, 34.1687, 27.2849 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 35.3773, 34.1687, 27.2849 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 35.3773, 34.1687,  
27.2849


 35.3773, 34.1687,  
27.2849


317.7095,  
320.8836, 302.8376


 24.1215, 23.0232,  
17.5530

 67.4000, 66.1959,  
56.3500

 15.5490, 14.6107,  
10.4634

 88.8977, 87.8465,  
76.5202

 9.2944, 8.5466,  
5.5977


 114.5401,  
113.7675, 101.0070

 4.9924, 4.4466,  
2.5372

144.6925,  
144.3434, 130.2288

 2.2775, 1.9264,  
0.8598

179.7202,  
179.9586, 164.6043

 0.7831, 0.5642,  
0.0000

219.9888,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

220.9974, 204.5519

0.0000

265.8634,  
267.8443, 250.4901

■ 35.3773, 34.1687,  
27.2849

■ 35.3773, 34.1687,  
27.2849

■ 32.3164, 29.9342,  
20.4459

■ 38.8734, 38.9119,  
35.3834

■ 29.6699, 26.1863,  
14.8002

■ 42.8190, 44.1756,  
44.7987

■ 27.4191, 22.9081,  
10.2788

■ 47.2309, 49.9771,  
55.5872

■ 25.5429, 20.0798,  
6.8046

■ 52.1245, 56.3314,  
67.8012

■ 24.0178, 17.6801,  
4.2907

■ 57.5142, 63.2531,  
81.4906

■ 22.8171, 15.6856,  
2.6357

■ 63.4138, 70.7559,  
96.7024

■ 21.9043, 14.0681,  
1.6902

■ 68.4373, 78.2936,  
106.1129

■ 21.7130, 13.7248,  
1.5048

■ 72.1382, 85.6953,  
107.3465

■ 73.8177, 89.0544,  
107.9063

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



37.0283, 34.1687, 32.0108



35.3773, 34.1687, 27.2849



33.0067, 34.1687, 25.2494

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.3773, 34.1687, 27.2849



27.9781, 34.1687, 35.7134



34.4187, 34.1687, 51.1201

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.3773, 34.1687, 27.2849



32.5909, 36.5755, 51.2413

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



31.9516, 34.1687, 52.4376



35.3773, 34.1687, 27.2849



28.3136, 34.1687, 42.9304

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.3773, 34.1687, 27.2849



28.7977, 34.1687, 29.7013



29.7384, 34.1687, 49.2754



36.4555, 34.1687, 45.8742



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.3773, 34.1687, 27.2849



31.3693, 34.1687, 25.4811



29.7384, 34.1687, 49.2754



33.6090, 34.1687, 52.0626

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.3782, 34.1703, 27.2856



76.2677, 78.5609, 79.2186



35.6009, 30.1921, 40.9974



16.2034, 16.6198, 16.5037



88.6918, 93.3107, 101.6153



17.8044, 18.7317, 20.3988



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.3782, 34.1703, 27.2856



59.9954, 56.5604, 41.2883



39.9346, 43.2830, 28.8044



9.2427, 9.4884, 9.4512



14.8452, 9.4667, 1.0448



0.5818, 0.4506, 0.0563



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.5909, 36.5755, 51.2413



54.1776, 61.5624, 91.2319



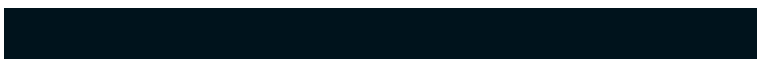
28.3365, 28.0667, 49.8232



9.0076, 9.6924, 11.4755



10.8818, 12.2233, 33.0389



0.4380, 0.5397, 1.1828



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.3773, 34.1687, 27.2849 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

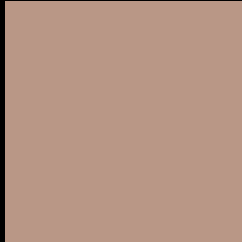
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.3773, 34.1687, 27.2849 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

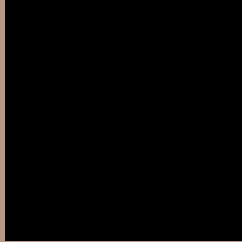
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 35.3773, 34.1687, 27.2849**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.3773, 34.1687, 27.2849.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.3773, 34.1687,

27.2849.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

35.3773, 34.1687, 27.2849

### Protanopia

32.4681, 34.3669, 28.5891

### Deuteranopia

34.8227, 34.1228, 27.3053



## Tritanopia

37.4308, 34.0620, 37.4027

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

35.3773, 34.1687, 27.2849

## Protanomaly

33.3989, 34.1045, 28.1151

## Deuteranomaly

35.0598, 34.2450, 27.3164

## Tritanomaly

36.5884, 33.9466, 33.4781

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

35.3773, 34.1687, 27.2849

## Achromatopsia

32.9542, 34.6704, 37.7561

## Achromatomaly

33.5419, 34.3038, 33.7076

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 35.3773, 34.1687, 27.2849 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(185, 151, 134)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(185, 151, 134)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(185, 151, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(185, 151, 134) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 35.3773, 34.1687, 27.2849 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(185, 151, 134) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(185, 151, 134) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(185, 151, 134)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(185, 151, 134); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 151, 134);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 151,  
134) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 35.3773, 34.1687, 27.2849 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(185, 151, 134) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(185,  
151, 134) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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