

# Converting Colors

XYZ(35.4248, 37.5054, 50.7196)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(35.4248, 37.5054, 50.7196)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(35.4248, 37.5054,  
50.7196)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	99A6B8
RGB	153, 166, 184
RGB Percent	60%, 65%, 72%
CMY	0.4000, 0.3490, 0.2784
CMYK	0.17, 0.10, 0.00, 0.28
HSL	215°, 18%, 66%
HSV	215°, 17%, 72%
XYZ	35.4248, 37.5054, 50.7196
YIQ	164.1650, -13.5260, 2.8420

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

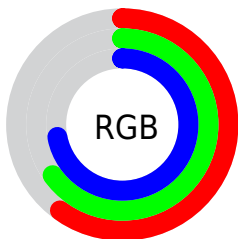
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	153, 162, 184
Decimal	10069688
CIELab	67.65, -0.75, -10.81
CIELCh	68, 10.831, 266.012
Yxy	37.5054, 0.2865, 0.3033
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288259768 (0xFF99A6B8)
YUV	164.1650, 9.7787, -9.7917
Hunter-Lab	61.2417, -3.9208, -6.2341

# Details

The XYZ color **35.4248, 37.5054, 50.7196** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **40.0802, 41.6161, 36.0580**, and the grayscale version is **35.3255, 37.1652, 40.4729**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67.5971, 71.4141, 92.6596**, and **15.5935, 16.4981, 23.8353** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.3544, 32.1283, 49.9496**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **41.1944, 43.4844, 51.5702**.

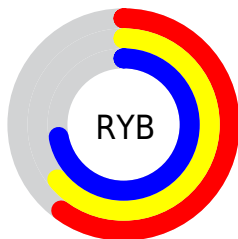
# Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (65%)

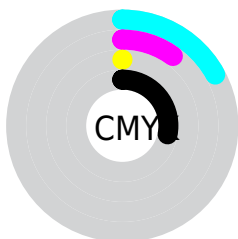
Blue (72%)



Red (60%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (72%)

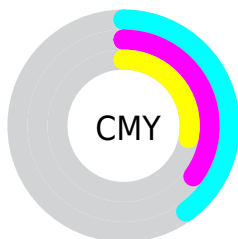


Cyan (17%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (28%)



Cyan (40%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (28%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 35.4248, 37.5054, 50.7196 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 35.4248, 37.5054, 50.7196 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 35.4248, 37.5054,  
50.7196

■ 35.4248, 37.5054,  
50.7196

317.9147,  
335.4935, 406.2888

■ 24.1583, 25.5990,  
35.6103

■ 67.4730, 71.3494,  
92.6474

■ 15.5765, 16.5239,  
23.8461

■ 88.9855, 94.0559,  
120.3030

■ 9.3139, 9.8956,  
15.0083

114.6440,  
121.1311, 152.9778

■ 5.0052, 5.3298,  
8.6786

144.8139,  
152.9596, 191.0904

■ 2.2851, 2.4421,  
4.4382

179.8606,  
189.9257, 235.0592

■ 0.7870, 0.8474,  
1.8687

220.1494,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

232.4137, 285.3029

0.4727

266.0456,  
280.8082, 342.2399

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 35.4248, 37.5054,  
50.7196

■ 35.4248, 37.5054,  
50.7196

■ 30.3544, 32.1283,  
49.9496

■ 41.1944, 43.4844,  
51.5702

■ 25.9513, 27.3279,  
49.2551

■ 47.6864, 50.0799,  
52.5011

■ 22.1864, 23.0842,  
48.6344

■ 54.9271, 57.3118,  
53.5153

■ 19.0266, 19.3739,  
48.0848

■ 62.9405, 65.1978,  
54.6151

■ 16.4359, 16.1718,  
47.6032

■ 71.7494, 73.7547,  
55.8025

■ 14.3737, 13.4502,  
47.1866

■ 78.2165, 81.3700,  
56.9316

■ 12.7936, 11.1780,  
46.8313

■ 81.2829, 87.5028,  
57.9537

■ 11.6329, 9.3151,  
46.5329

■ 84.5346, 94.0063,  
59.0376

■ 11.3179, 8.7928,  
46.4487

■ 85.6518, 96.2407,  
59.4100

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



33.8819, 37.5054, 48.9502



35.4248, 37.5054, 50.7196



37.0752, 37.5054, 49.6758

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.4248, 37.5054, 50.7196



38.6134, 37.5054, 36.9336



33.0500, 37.5054, 35.9068

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.4248, 37.5054, 50.7196



40.0802, 41.6161, 36.0580

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



34.2574, 37.5054, 33.1143



35.4248, 37.5054, 50.7196



37.4739, 37.5054, 33.6738

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.4248, 37.5054, 50.7196



38.9494, 37.5054, 41.4802



35.8716, 37.5054, 32.3295



32.5382, 37.5054, 40.2005



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.4248, 37.5054, 50.7196



38.0094, 37.5054, 47.5656



35.8716, 37.5054, 32.3295



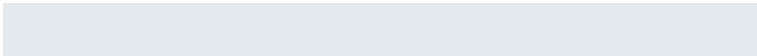
33.3861, 37.5054, 34.7749

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.4259, 37.5069, 50.7204



76.6540, 80.8526, 93.7706



37.5875, 43.9778, 44.8201



16.3553, 17.2566, 20.1904



88.6918, 93.3107, 101.6153



17.8044, 18.7317, 20.3988



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.4259, 37.5069, 50.7204



60.8714, 64.4691, 91.4401



33.5741, 33.2191, 49.9904



8.8223, 9.3219, 11.4138



7.8669, 6.1934, 32.0339



0.3388, 0.3414, 1.1498



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.0422, 35.7269, 40.9690



66.4973, 60.8135, 70.4328



42.1666, 46.5185, 36.8943



9.1567, 9.0730, 10.1724



14.5845, 7.4076, 5.6988

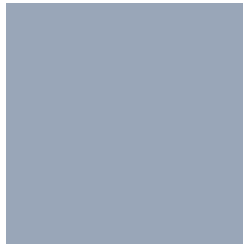


0.5452, 0.2736, 0.3644



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.4248, 37.5054, 50.7196 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.4248, 37.5054, 50.7196 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

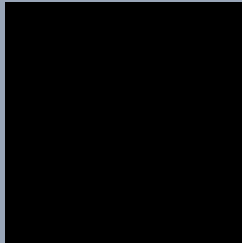
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

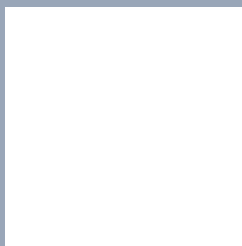
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 35.4248, 37.5054, 50.7196**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.4248, 37.5054, 50.7196.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.4248, 37.5054,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

35.4248, 37.5054, 50.7196

### Protanopia

36.4410, 37.2532, 49.5259

### Deuteranopia

38.1223, 37.3023, 51.0897



## **Tritanopia**

35.0058, 37.6081, 48.5941

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

35.4248, 37.5054, 50.7196

## Protanomaly

36.1208, 37.3407, 50.1035

## Deuteranomaly

36.9871, 37.2360, 51.1368

## Tritanomaly

35.1081, 37.6490, 49.1327

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

35.4248, 37.5054, 50.7196

## Achromatopsia

35.2861, 37.1238, 40.4278

## Achromatomaly

35.3030, 37.3241, 43.8717

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 35.4248, 37.5054, 50.7196 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 166, 184)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 166, 184)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 166, 184) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 166, 184) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 35.4248, 37.5054, 50.7196 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 166, 184) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 166, 184) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 166, 184)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 166, 184); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 166, 184);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 166,  
184) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 35.4248, 37.5054, 50.7196 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 166, 184) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
166, 184) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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