

# Converting Colors

XYZ(35.5197, 28.2615, 51.7935)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(35.5197, 28.2615, 51.7935)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(35.4686, 28.2991,  
51.7370)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	B47EBD
RGB	180, 126, 189
RGB Percent	71%, 49%, 74%
CMY	0.2941, 0.5059, 0.2588
CMYK	0.05, 0.33, 0.00, 0.26
HSL	291°, 32%, 62%
HSV	291°, 33%, 74%
XYZ	35.4686, 28.2991, 51.7370
YIQ	149.3280, 11.9610, 31.0410

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

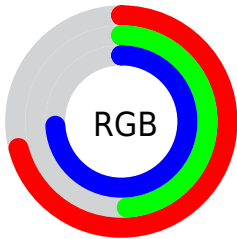
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	180, 126, 189
Decimal	11828925
CIELab	60.16, 31.71, -24.76
CIELCh	60, 40.229, 322.014
Yxy	28.2991, 0.3071, 0.2450
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290019005 (0xFFB47EBD)
YUV	149.3280, 19.5583, 26.8993
Hunter-Lab	53.1969, 25.9189, -20.4251

# Details

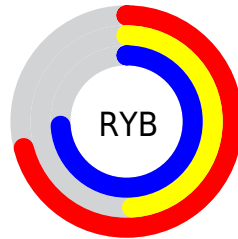
The XYZ color **35.4686, 28.2991, 51.7370** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **31.9560, 43.0531, 26.3657**, and the grayscale version is **28.6226, 30.1132, 32.7932**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67.5266, 56.8373, 93.7979**, and **15.5618, 11.3538, 24.2930** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32.6542, 23.5938, 50.9775**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38.7536, 33.9263, 52.6504**.

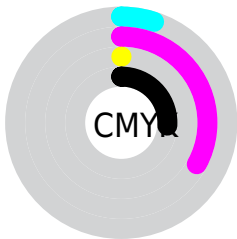
# Distribution



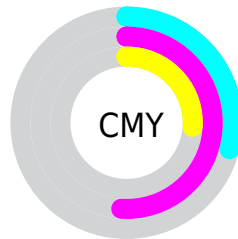
- Red (71%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (26%)




- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (26%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 35.4686, 28.2991, 51.7370 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 35.4686, 28.2991, 51.7370 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 35.4686, 28.2991,  
51.7370


 35.4686, 28.2991,  
51.7370


318.1038,  
293.8934, 410.3485


 24.1923, 18.5512,  
36.4147


 67.5403, 56.9616,  
94.1659

 15.6018, 11.3465,  
24.4624


 89.0664, 76.6451,  
122.1095

 9.3319, 6.3004,  
15.4616


 114.7398,  
100.4092, 155.0974

 5.0171, 3.0286,  
8.9938

144.9259,  
128.6383, 193.5480

 2.2922, 1.1467,  
4.6404

179.9900,  
161.7169, 237.8798

 0.7907, 0.0175,  
1.9828

220.2974,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

200.0294, 288.5115

0.5447

266.2136,  
243.9601, 345.8615

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 35.4686, 28.2991,  
51.7370

■ 35.4686, 28.2991,  
51.7370

■ 32.6542, 23.5938,  
50.9775

■ 38.7536, 33.9263,  
52.6504

■ 30.2819, 19.7551,  
50.3616

■ 42.5303, 40.5192,  
53.7239

■ 28.3240, 16.7274,  
49.8804

■ 46.8219, 48.1234,  
54.9655

■ 26.7490, 14.4474,  
49.5234

■ 51.6490, 56.7802,  
56.3820

■ 25.5201, 12.8420,  
49.2783

■ 57.0313, 66.5290,  
57.9801

■ 24.5935, 11.8235,  
49.1305

■ 62.9876, 77.4068,  
59.7658

■ 24.0862, 11.3558,  
49.0670

■ 68.4722, 87.3227,  
61.3906

■ 69.1945, 87.6950,  
61.4244

■ 69.9296, 88.0740,  
61.4589

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.7771, 28.2991, 65.2331



35.4686, 28.2991, 51.7370



37.9271, 28.2991, 34.9173

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.4686, 28.2991, 51.7370



28.2948, 28.2991, 10.4153



18.7317, 28.2991, 42.6945

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.4686, 28.2991, 51.7370



31.9560, 43.0531, 26.3657

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.2448, 28.2991, 27.0434



35.4686, 28.2991, 51.7370



23.3584, 28.2991, 11.3084

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.4686, 28.2991, 51.7370



33.4543, 28.2991, 13.4475



19.8320, 28.2991, 16.4624



21.2587, 28.2991, 58.9586



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.4686, 28.2991, 51.7370



37.7755, 28.2991, 25.2857



19.8320, 28.2991, 16.4624



18.3382, 28.2991, 37.0920

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.4695, 28.3003, 51.7376



78.5074, 76.6891, 96.8909



26.5175, 25.5648, 51.6814



16.6576, 16.0942, 20.7711



90.7827, 95.5105, 104.0109



18.6292, 19.5994, 21.3438



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.4695, 28.3003, 51.7376



59.7604, 44.3682, 91.6404



35.4184, 28.5298, 40.1759



9.7924, 9.6253, 12.0140



16.2550, 7.6659, 33.0158



0.6740, 0.3195, 1.2950



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.8211, 27.4909, 26.4991



54.4229, 42.7752, 39.0451



32.1520, 42.9712, 34.6385



9.5842, 9.5580, 10.1994



14.2708, 7.3395, 1.4534



0.5770, 0.2947, 0.1520



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.4686, 28.2991, 51.7370 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

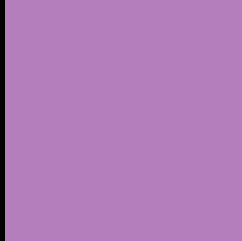
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.4686, 28.2991, 51.7370 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

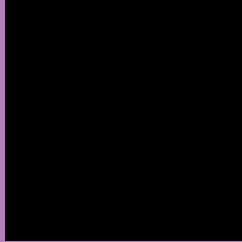
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 35.4686, 28.2991, 51.7370**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.4686, 28.2991, 51.7370.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.4686, 28.2991,

51.7370.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

35.4686, 28.2991, 51.7370

### Protanopia

29.3852, 28.4984, 59.8291

### Deuteranopia

29.1666, 28.5934, 50.4362



## Tritanopia

31.2304, 28.3710, 30.6182

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

35.4686, 28.2991, 51.7370

## Protanomaly

31.0563, 28.1256, 56.6153

## Deuteranomaly

31.0522, 28.2515, 50.8302

## Tritanomaly

32.5888, 28.3058, 37.4642

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

35.4686, 28.2991, 51.7370

## Achromatopsia

28.5667, 30.0544, 32.7292

## Achromatomaly

30.7229, 29.2037, 39.1396

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 35.4686, 28.2991, 51.7370 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(180, 126, 189)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(180, 126, 189)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 126, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(180, 126, 189) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 35.4686, 28.2991, 51.7370 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

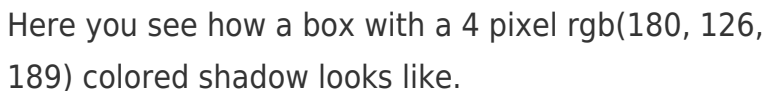
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(180, 126, 189) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(180, 126, 189) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(180, 126, 189)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 126, 189); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 126, 189); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 126, 189) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 35.4686, 28.2991, 51.7370 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(180, 126, 189) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(180,  
126, 189) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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