

# Converting Colors

XYZ(35.5261, 35.4040, 40.2858)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(35.5261, 35.4040, 40.2858)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(35.5524, 35.4522, 40.0911)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(35.5524, 35.4522,  
40.0911)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	AB9DA4
RGB	171, 157, 164
RGB Percent	67%, 62%, 64%
CMY	0.3294, 0.3843, 0.3569
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.04, 0.33
HSL	330°, 8%, 64%
HSV	330°, 8%, 67%
XYZ	35.5524, 35.4522, 40.0911
YIQ	161.9840, 6.0970, 5.1450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

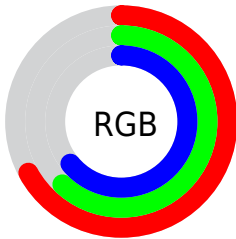
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	171, 157, 164
Decimal	11247012
CIE Lab	66.10, 6.38, -1.80
CIE LCh	66, 6.630, 344.266
Yxy	35.4522, 0.3200, 0.3191
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289437092 (0xFFAB9DA4)
YUV	161.9840, 0.9939, 7.9070
Hunter-Lab	59.5418, 2.3844, 1.7576

# Details

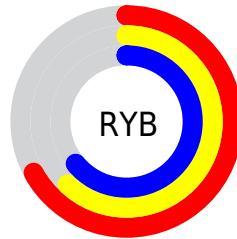
The XYZ color **35.5524, 35.4522, 40.0911** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **35.1697, 38.9752, 40.7932**, and the grayscale version is **34.3295, 36.1173, 39.3317**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67.6937, 68.3702, 76.6468**, and **15.6864, 15.3999, 17.4749** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32.1131, 29.7678, 35.2617**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39.4506, 41.9703, 45.3305**.

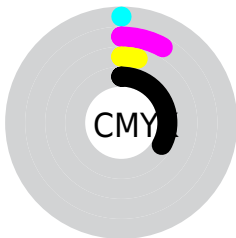
# Distribution



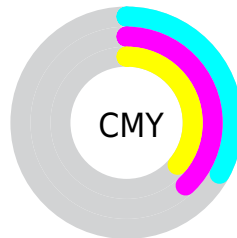
- Red (67%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (33%)




- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (36%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 35.5524, 35.4522, 40.0911 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 35.5524, 35.4522, 40.0911 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 35.5524, 35.4522,  
40.0911


 35.5524, 35.4522,  
40.0911

318.4654,  
326.5598, 362.0709

 24.2572, 24.0114,  
27.2953


 67.6690, 68.1857,  
76.5408

 15.6503, 15.3421,  
17.5607


 89.2212, 90.2472,  
101.0318

 9.3663, 9.0598,  
10.4689


114.9231,  
116.6178, 130.2582

 5.0399, 4.7802,  
5.6013

145.1400,  
147.6818, 164.6386

 2.3057, 2.1189,  
2.5394

180.2373,  
183.8236, 204.5915

 0.7976, 0.6752,  
0.8609

220.5804,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

225.4276, 250.5355

0.0000

266.5347,  
272.8782, 302.8891

■ 35.5524, 35.4522,  
40.0911

■ 35.5524, 35.4522,  
40.0911

■ 32.1131, 29.7678,  
35.2617

■ 39.4506, 41.9703,  
45.3305

■ 29.1119, 24.8787,  
30.8293

■ 43.8214, 49.3493,  
50.9882

■ 26.5309, 20.7502,  
26.7830

■ 48.6817, 57.6211,  
57.0748

■ 24.3497, 17.3432,  
23.1108

■ 54.0466, 66.8143,  
63.6001

■ 22.5463, 14.6153,  
19.7997

■ 59.9305, 76.9564,  
70.5734

■ 21.0960, 12.5194,  
16.8360

■ 64.8607, 85.1004,  
77.5080

■ 19.9716, 11.0024,  
14.2046

■ 65.9909, 85.5525,  
83.4596

■ 19.1409, 10.0025,  
11.8886

■ 67.1795, 86.0279,  
89.7183

■ 18.5502, 9.4141,  
9.8636

■ 68.4272, 86.5270,  
96.2887

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



35.0356, 35.4522, 42.6176



35.5524, 35.4522, 40.0911



35.5654, 35.4522, 37.2801

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.5524, 35.4522, 40.0911



33.2317, 35.4522, 33.5794



32.3580, 35.4522, 42.5127

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.5524, 35.4522, 40.0911



35.1697, 38.9752, 40.7932

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



31.8938, 35.4522, 39.9536



35.5524, 35.4522, 40.0911



32.3914, 35.4522, 34.8458

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.5524, 35.4522, 40.0911



34.2125, 35.4522, 33.6121



31.9059, 35.4522, 37.1491



33.1853, 35.4522, 44.0615



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.5524, 35.4522, 40.0911



35.2859, 35.4522, 35.6271



31.9059, 35.4522, 37.1491



32.1551, 35.4522, 41.7368

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.5534, 35.4537, 40.0919



67.8672, 70.4926, 77.4837



34.7188, 34.9484, 43.4444



15.1523, 15.7497, 17.3028



82.5889, 86.8899, 94.6231



15.4596, 16.2647, 17.7123



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.5534, 35.4537, 40.0919



62.3822, 61.3503, 70.0211



34.9386, 35.2078, 36.8544



8.1659, 8.0796, 9.1846



13.9378, 7.0377, 7.3180



0.4154, 0.2068, 0.3492



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.5534, 35.4537, 40.0919



62.3822, 61.3503, 70.0211



35.8193, 39.2350, 44.2138



8.1659, 8.0796, 9.1846



13.9378, 7.0377, 7.3180



0.4154, 0.2068, 0.3492



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.5524, 35.4522, 40.0911 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

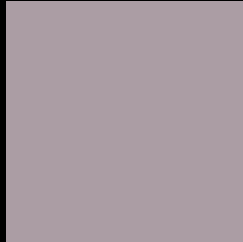
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.5524, 35.4522, 40.0911 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

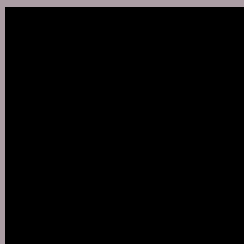
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

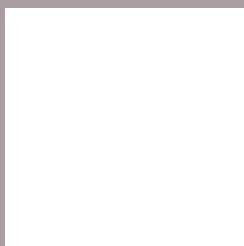
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 35.5524, 35.4522, 40.0911**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.5524, 35.4522, 40.0911.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.5524, 35.4522,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

35.5524, 35.4522, 40.0911

### Protanopia

34.3540, 35.5762, 41.1326

### Deuteranopia

36.2685, 35.5712, 40.0763



## Tritanopia

36.0632, 35.4122, 42.4706

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

35.5524, 35.4522, 40.0911

## Protanomaly

34.7067, 35.5122, 40.6226

## Deuteranomaly

36.0449, 35.4559, 40.0659

## Tritanomaly

35.8768, 35.3376, 41.4891

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

35.5524, 35.4522, 40.0911

## Achromatopsia

34.3422, 36.1307, 39.3463

## Achromatomaly

34.6987, 35.7853, 39.7288

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 35.5524, 35.4522, 40.0911 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 157, 164)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 157, 164)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 157, 164) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 157, 164) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 35.5524, 35.4522, 40.0911 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 157, 164) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 157, 164) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(171, 157, 164)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(171, 157, 164); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 157, 164);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 157,  
164) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 35.5524, 35.4522, 40.0911 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 157, 164) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171,  
157, 164) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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