

# Converting Colors

XYZ(35.5575, 36.2121, 2.7462)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(35.5575, 36.2121, 2.7462)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(36.1444, 36.5314, 5.1463)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(36.1444, 36.5314,  
5.1463)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C99D00
RGB	201, 157, 0
RGB Percent	79%, 62%, 0%
CMY	0.2118, 0.3843, 0.9999
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 1.00, 0.21
HSL	47°, 100%, 39%
HSV	47°, 100%, 79%
XYZ	36.1444, 36.5314, 5.1463
YIQ	152.2580, 76.6210, -39.4990

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	56, 201, 0
Decimal	13212928
CIELab	66.92, 4.82, 70.66
CIElCh	67, 70.825, 86.101
Yxy	36.5314, 0.4644, 0.4694
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291403008 (0xFFC99D00)
YUV	152.2580, -75.0632, 42.7467
Hunter-Lab	60.4412, 0.9725, 37.2606

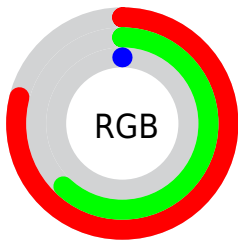
# Details

The XYZ color **36.1444, 36.5314, 5.1463** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9900**.

The color can be described as dark washed orange. A complement of this color would be **11.4438, 6.0192, 55.8167**, and the grayscale version is **30.2495, 31.8248, 34.6572**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **65.8043, 68.3565, 16.3825**, and **16.3094, 16.0589, 2.2401** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36.1445, 36.5320, 5.1464**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37.0303, 38.0999, 6.0695**.

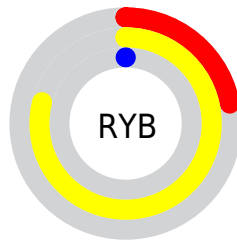
# Distribution



Red (79%)

Green (62%)

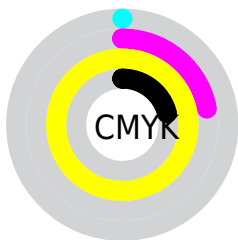
Blue (0%)



Red (22%)

Yellow (79%)

Blue (0%)

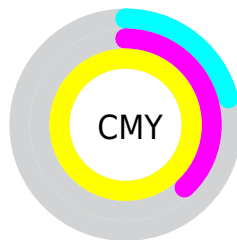


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (21%)



Cyan (21%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 36.1444, 36.5314, 5.1463 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 36.1444, 36.5314, 5.1463 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 36.1444, 36.5314,  
5.1463

■ 36.1444, 36.5314,  
5.1463

321.0115,  
331.2773, 160.2223

■ 24.7164, 24.8449,  
2.2731

■ 68.5773, 69.8515,  
16.5774

■ 15.9935, 15.9615,  
0.7161

■ 90.3129, 92.2538,  
25.9723

■ 9.6103, 9.4969,  
0.0000

■ 116.2150,  
118.9969, 38.3783

■ 5.2017, 5.0667,  
0.0000

■ 146.6491,  
150.4652, 54.2139

■ 2.4020, 2.2865,  
0.0000

■ 181.9804,  
187.0429, 73.8975

■ 0.8461, 0.7665,  
0.0000

■ 222.5743,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

229.1146, 97.8478

0.0000

268.7962,  
277.0646, 126.4832

36.1444, 36.5314,  
5.1463

36.1444, 36.5314,  
5.1463

36.1445, 36.5320,  
5.1464

37.0303, 38.0999,  
6.0695

38.0747, 39.7736,  
7.6971

39.3244, 41.5733,  
10.2707

40.8037, 43.5089,  
13.9176

42.5335, 45.5894,  
18.7457

■ 44.5318, 47.8223,  
24.8493

■ 46.8151, 50.2147,  
32.3134

■ 49.3983, 52.7728,  
41.2155

■ 52.2953, 55.5027,  
51.6273

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



47.5528, 36.5314, 8.1207



36.1444, 36.5314, 5.1463



26.4097, 36.5314, 6.8053

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.1444, 36.5314, 5.1463



19.2891, 36.5314, 71.8634



54.8262, 36.5314, 82.6927

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.1444, 36.5314, 5.1463



11.4438, 6.0192, 55.8167

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



44.6176, 36.5314, 119.9770



36.1444, 36.5314, 5.1463



24.4356, 36.5314, 111.7804

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.1444, 36.5314, 5.1463



17.9321, 36.5314, 35.8911



33.3374, 36.5314, 132.7014



59.6539, 36.5314, 43.9326



# Rectangle

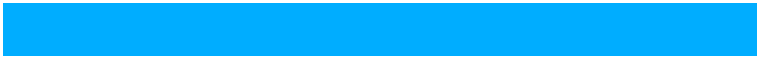
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.1444, 36.5314, 5.1463



21.8717, 36.5314, 11.2554



33.3374, 36.5314, 132.7014



51.8194, 36.5314, 96.4549

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.1452, 36.5332, 5.1470



79.9749, 85.7919, 54.7275



24.5988, 12.6223, 3.8199



16.7490, 17.9820, 10.4912



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.1452, 36.5332, 5.1470



61.7053, 62.1906, 8.7518



32.9918, 48.0135, 7.5291



11.3193, 12.0078, 11.2839



22.7963, 23.1098, 3.2591



1.1297, 1.1948, 0.1711



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.4438, 6.0192, 55.8167



19.4554, 10.0307, 95.5185



12.0433, 4.9909, 55.5866



10.2418, 10.6577, 13.4348



7.2513, 3.8966, 35.1143



0.3987, 0.2952, 1.6811



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 36.1444, 36.5314, 5.1463 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

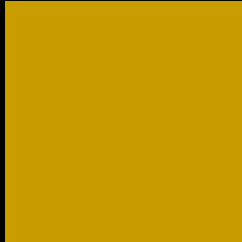
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 36.1444, 36.5314, 5.1463 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 36.1444, 36.5314, 5.1463**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 36.1444, 36.5314, 5.1463.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 36.1444, 36.5314,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

36.1444, 36.5314, 5.1463

### Protanopia

33.0974, 36.7632, 5.6387

### Deuteranopia

37.2353, 36.5887, 5.4164



## Tritanopia

42.6592, 36.5474, 36.7043

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

36.1444, 36.5314, 5.1463

## Protanomaly

34.0129, 36.4500, 5.4152

## Deuteranomaly

36.8287, 36.6296, 5.3302

## Tritanomaly

38.6602, 35.8546, 16.9396

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

36.1444, 36.5314, 5.1463

## Achromatopsia

29.8446, 31.3989, 34.1934

## Achromatomaly

30.2908, 32.5203, 15.9898

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 36.1444, 36.5314, 5.1463 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(201, 157, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(201, 157, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(201, 157, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(201, 157, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 36.1444, 36.5314, 5.1463 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(201, 157, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(201, 157, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(201, 157, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(201, 157, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 157, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 157,  
0) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 36.1444, 36.5314, 5.1463 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(201, 157, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(201,  
157, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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