

# Converting Colors

XYZ(35.6003, 39.4761, 22.9711)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(35.6003, 39.4761, 22.9711)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(35.7374, 39.6639,  
22.9119)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B0AB76
RGB	176, 171, 118
RGB Percent	69%, 67%, 46%
CMY	0.3098, 0.3294, 0.5372
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.33, 0.31
HSL	55°, 27%, 58%
HSV	55°, 33%, 69%
XYZ	35.7374, 39.6639, 22.9119
YIQ	166.4530, 19.9930, -15.4230

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

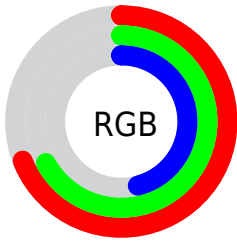
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	123, 176, 118
Decimal	11578230
CIELab	69.23, -6.49, 27.99
CIElCh	69, 28.730, 103.049
Yxy	39.6639, 0.3635, 0.4034
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289768310 (0xFFB0AB76)
YUV	166.4530, -23.8873, 8.3727
Hunter-Lab	62.9793, -8.9245, 22.5158

# Details

The XYZ color **35.7374, 39.6639, 22.9119** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **22.3906, 21.1515, 43.9769**, and the grayscale version is **36.5710, 38.4756, 41.8999**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67.8258, 74.4888, 49.3311**, and **15.8394, 17.8343, 8.2378** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34.5033, 38.7161, 17.8132**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37.1720, 40.6999, 29.0412**.

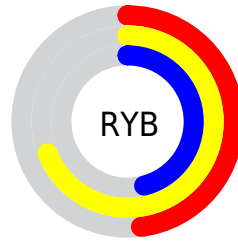
# Distribution



Red (69%)

Green (67%)

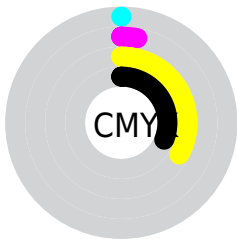
Blue (46%)



Red (48%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (46%)

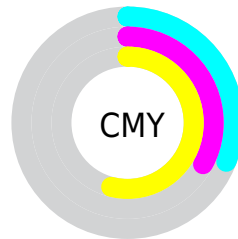


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (33%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (31%)

Magenta (33%)


Yellow (54%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 35.7374, 39.6639, 22.9119 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 35.7374, 39.6639, 22.9119 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 35.7374, 39.6639,  
22.9119


 35.7374, 39.6639,  
22.9119


319.2626,  
344.7049, 280.3794


 24.4006, 27.2766,  
14.3238


 67.9531, 74.6514,  
49.1700

 15.7574, 17.7811,  
8.2049


 89.5627, 98.0205,  
67.6770

 9.4424, 10.7929,  
4.1367


 115.3273,  
125.8188, 90.3275

 5.0903, 5.9278,  
1.7006

145.6122,  
158.4310, 117.5398

 2.3356, 2.8012,  
0.3612

180.7829,  
196.2412, 149.7327

 0.8128, 1.0288,  
0.0000

221.2046,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

239.6341, 187.3245

0.0000

267.2427,  
288.9938, 230.7339

■ 35.7374, 39.6639,  
22.9119

■ 35.7374, 39.6639,  
22.9119

■ 34.5033, 38.7161,  
17.8132

■ 37.1720, 40.6999,  
29.0412

■ 33.4558, 37.8468,  
13.6854

■ 38.8141, 41.8229,  
36.2514

■ 32.5839, 37.0529,  
10.4663

■ 40.6740, 43.0382,  
44.5926

■ 31.8743, 36.3292,  
8.0857

■ 42.7606, 44.3496,  
54.1110

■ 31.3116, 35.6694,  
6.4630

■ 45.0822, 45.7602,  
64.8502

■ 30.8777, 35.0663,  
5.5019

■ 47.6466, 47.2733,  
76.8516

■ 30.6216, 34.6642,  
5.0769

■ 50.4613, 48.8919,  
90.1547

■ 52.9152, 50.3716,  
101.5415

■ 53.2299, 51.0009,  
101.6464

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.3374, 39.6639, 23.2057



35.7374, 39.6639, 22.9119



31.9782, 39.6639, 27.1948

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.7374, 39.6639, 22.9119



31.5981, 39.6639, 62.8892



46.8087, 39.6639, 51.0018

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.7374, 39.6639, 22.9119



22.3906, 21.1515, 43.9769

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



44.0651, 39.6639, 64.4694



35.7374, 39.6639, 22.9119



35.1789, 39.6639, 72.2320

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.7374, 39.6639, 22.9119



29.7226, 39.6639, 49.1627



39.7318, 39.6639, 72.8629



46.9890, 39.6639, 37.7167



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.7374, 39.6639, 22.9119



30.3519, 39.6639, 32.6936



39.7318, 39.6639, 72.8629



46.1460, 39.6639, 55.7156

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.7384, 39.6657, 22.9127



71.2928, 76.4483, 69.7419



28.0087, 23.6376, 22.0894



15.3536, 16.5036, 14.6831



84.5950, 89.0005, 96.9216



16.2198, 17.0645, 18.5832



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.7384, 39.6657, 22.9127



63.0520, 70.5933, 34.2337



31.8948, 39.1117, 23.0084



9.1332, 9.7790, 9.0587



22.4889, 25.4764, 3.7321



0.7258, 0.8380, 0.1235



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



22.3906, 21.1515, 43.9769



34.8628, 31.4996, 78.7379



25.3339, 21.7722, 43.9416



8.0989, 8.3439, 10.6900



5.8960, 2.5923, 30.3266



0.2048, 0.1200, 0.9606



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.7374, 39.6639, 22.9119 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

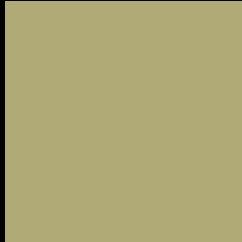
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.7374, 39.6639, 22.9119 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 35.7374, 39.6639, 22.9119**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.7374, 39.6639, 22.9119.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.7374, 39.6639,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

35.7374, 39.6639, 22.9119

### Protanopia

36.9273, 39.7276, 22.5515

### Deuteranopia

40.3979, 39.6142, 23.2864



## Tritanopia

40.6404, 39.7528, 46.6054

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

35.7374, 39.6639, 22.9119

## Protanomaly

36.4080, 39.7371, 22.5807

## Deuteranomaly

38.5231, 39.4486, 23.0367

## Tritanomaly

38.5575, 39.7073, 36.6424

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

35.7374, 39.6639, 22.9119

## Achromatopsia

36.2450, 38.1326, 41.5264

## Achromatomaly

36.0050, 38.7212, 34.0100

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 35.7374, 39.6639, 22.9119 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(176, 171, 118)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(176, 171, 118)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(176, 171, 118) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(176, 171, 118) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 35.7374, 39.6639, 22.9119 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(176, 171, 118) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(176, 171, 118) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(176, 171, 118)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(176, 171, 118); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 171, 118);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 171,  
118) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 35.7374, 39.6639, 22.9119 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(176, 171, 118) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(176,  
171, 118) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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