

# Converting Colors

XYZ(35.6177, 50.1003, 49.9022)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(35.6177, 50.1003, 49.9022)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(35.7007, 50.2405,  
49.9352)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	67CEB2
RGB	103, 206, 178
RGB Percent	40%, 81%, 70%
CMY	0.5961, 0.1921, 0.3020
CMYK	0.50, 0.00, 0.14, 0.19
HSL	164°, 51%, 61%
HSV	164°, 50%, 81%
XYZ	35.7007, 50.2405, 49.9352
YIQ	172.0110, -52.4000, -30.5440

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

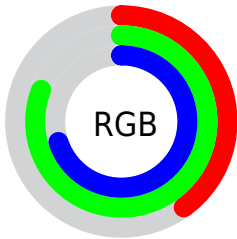
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">103, 163, 206</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">6803122</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">76.22, -36.73, 4.76</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">76, 37.035, 172.614</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">50.2405, 0.2627, 0.3698</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4284993202</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF67CEB2</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">172.0110, 2.9526, -60.5226</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">70.8805, -34.1351, 7.8467</a>

# Details

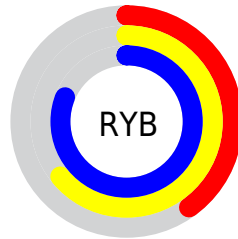
The XYZ color **35.7007, 50.2405, 49.9352** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC99**. A complement of this color would be **34.4023, 24.4623, 24.3832**, and the grayscale version is **39.2240, 41.2667, 44.9394**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **65.1085, 84.9341, 90.8042**, and **15.6827, 24.0853, 23.2244** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33.0720, 48.9503, 46.9372**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38.9373, 51.8440, 53.0837**.

# Distribution



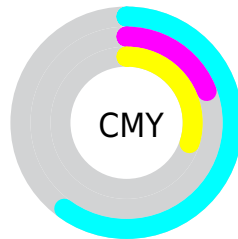
- Red (40%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (30%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 35.7007, 50.2405, 49.9352 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 35.7007, 50.2405, 49.9352 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



35.7007, 50.2405,  
49.9352

35.7007, 50.2405,  
49.9352

319.1046,  
387.6057, 403.1403

24.3722, 35.6045,  
34.9911

67.8968, 90.5311,  
91.4742

15.7362, 24.1289,  
23.3725

89.4950, 116.9545,  
118.9061

9.4273, 15.4293,  
14.6609

115.2471,  
148.0759, 151.3378

5.0803, 9.1212,  
8.4378

145.5186,  
184.2796, 189.1876

2.3297, 4.8203,  
4.2846

180.6747,  
225.9501, 232.8743

0.8098, 2.1422,  
1.7827

221.0809,

0.0000, 0.6882,

273.4716, 282.8163

0.4165

267.1024,  
327.2287, 339.4321

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 35.7007, 50.2405,  
49.9352

■ 35.7007, 50.2405,  
49.9352

■ 33.0720, 48.9503,  
46.9372

■ 38.9373, 51.8440,  
53.0837

■ 31.0030, 47.9447,  
44.0828

■ 42.8168, 53.7749,  
56.3824

■ 29.4454, 47.2002,  
41.3694


■ 47.3766, 56.0539,  
59.8355


■ 28.3399, 46.6862,  
38.7927

■ 52.6501, 58.6981,  
63.4461


■ 27.5771, 46.3463,  
36.3460


■ 58.6683, 61.7233,  
67.2167

 27.5771, 46.3463,  
36.3458

 65.4603, 65.1447,  
71.1501

 73.0537, 68.9764,  
75.2489

 76.6052, 70.7215,  
79.2877

 77.3722, 71.0283,  
83.3265

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



37.9123, 50.2405, 34.6211



35.7007, 50.2405, 49.9352



36.4602, 50.2405, 70.7583

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.7007, 50.2405, 49.9352



53.0707, 50.2405, 98.1219



56.3235, 50.2405, 29.6047

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.7007, 50.2405, 49.9352



34.4023, 24.4623, 24.3832

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



61.1635, 50.2405, 41.2815



35.7007, 50.2405, 49.9352



59.1621, 50.2405, 81.3508

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.7007, 50.2405, 49.9352



46.0568, 50.2405, 102.0438



62.2496, 50.2405, 59.7658



49.4885, 50.2405, 24.8769



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.7007, 50.2405, 49.9352



38.5874, 50.2405, 84.8812



62.2496, 50.2405, 59.7658



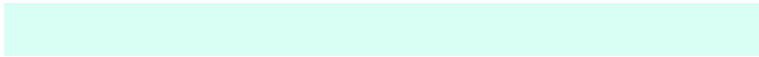
58.2638, 50.2405, 32.6890

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.7021, 50.2425, 49.9364



80.7216, 92.8017, 99.7254



34.0655, 50.0443, 20.6970



16.8943, 19.6712, 21.0796



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.7021, 50.2425, 49.9364



53.3012, 79.1695, 75.6925



33.8104, 41.4912, 64.6214



11.4081, 12.6730, 13.7062



17.0229, 28.5545, 22.6035



0.9090, 1.4854, 1.3281



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.4023, 24.4623, 24.3832



50.9945, 32.7640, 29.8600



35.2771, 28.8501, 16.5422



11.3355, 11.2629, 12.3015



16.1484, 8.2699, 3.2340

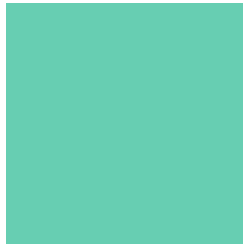


0.8656, 0.4396, 0.3379



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.7007, 50.2405, 49.9352 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.7007, 50.2405, 49.9352 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

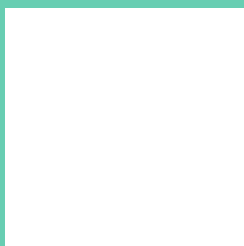
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 35.7007, 50.2405, 49.9352**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.7007, 50.2405, 49.9352.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.7007, 50.2405,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

35.7007, 50.2405, 49.9352

### Protanopia

47.0396, 49.5099, 43.6363

### Deuteranopia

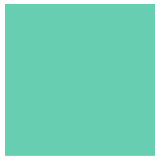
50.5247, 49.5885, 51.7083



## Tritanopia

40.4813, 50.4279, 73.2456

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

35.7007, 50.2405, 49.9352



## Protanomaly

41.3209, 48.7616, 45.7622



## Deuteranomaly

43.1161, 48.5981, 50.8240



## Tritanomaly

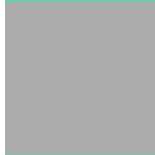
38.6910, 50.4032, 64.1895

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

35.7007, 50.2405, 49.9352



## Achromatopsia

39.2122, 41.2543, 44.9259



## Achromatomaly

36.8131, 43.5400, 46.5082

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 35.7007, 50.2405, 49.9352 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(103, 206, 178)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(103, 206, 178)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(103, 206, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(103, 206, 178) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 35.7007, 50.2405, 49.9352 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(103, 206, 178) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(103, 206, 178) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(103, 206, 178)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(103, 206, 178); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 206, 178);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 206,  
178) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 35.7007, 50.2405, 49.9352 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(103, 206, 178) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(103,  
206, 178) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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