

# Converting Colors

XYZ(35.6261, 26.7555, 32.1957)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(35.6261, 26.7555, 32.1957)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(35.7231, 26.8810,  
32.1599)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C97396
RGB	201, 115, 150
RGB Percent	79%, 45%, 59%
CMY	0.2118, 0.5490, 0.4118
CMYK	0.00, 0.43, 0.25, 0.21
HSL	336°, 44%, 62%
HSV	336°, 43%, 79%
XYZ	35.7231, 26.8810, 32.1599
YIQ	144.7040, 40.0210, 29.1170

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

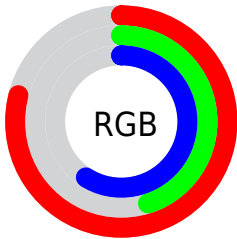
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	201, 115, 150
Decimal	13202326
CIE Lab	58.86, 38.14, -4.12
CIE LCh	59, 38.365, 353.839
Yxy	26.8810, 0.3770, 0.2837
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291392406 (0xFFC97396)
YUV	144.7040, 2.6109, 49.3716
Hunter-Lab	51.8469, 32.2565, -0.4839

# Details

The XYZ color **35.7231, 26.8810, 32.1599** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. A complement of this color would be **34.8410, 48.1719, 43.5406**, and the grayscale version is **26.7727, 28.1670, 30.6739**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66.3271, 53.9956, 64.0531**, and **15.7626, 10.5874, 13.0172** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32.7644, 22.4222, 26.6763**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39.2807, 32.3808, 38.3255**.

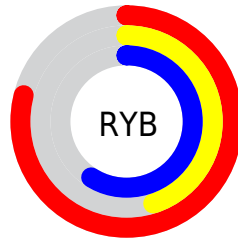
# Distribution



Red (79%)

Green (45%)

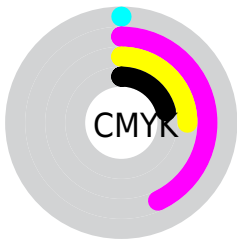
Blue (59%)



Red (79%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (59%)

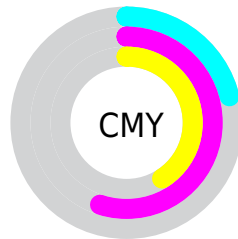


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (25%)

Black (21%)



Cyan (21%)

Magenta (55%)


Yellow (41%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 35.7231, 26.8810, 32.1599 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 35.7231, 26.8810, 32.1599 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 35.7231, 26.8810,  
32.1599


 35.7231, 26.8810,  
32.1599


319.2010,  
287.0805, 326.3621


 24.3895, 17.4839,  
21.2178


 67.9311, 54.6929,  
64.1625

 15.7491, 10.5801,  
13.0905


 89.5363, 73.8764,  
86.0601

 9.4365, 5.7852,  
7.3595


 115.2961, 97.0908,  
112.4466

 5.0864, 2.7149,  
3.6061

145.5758,  
124.7205, 143.7406

 2.3333, 0.9848,  
1.4118

180.7408,  
157.1500, 180.3607

 0.8116, 0.0000,  
0.1509

221.1564,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

194.7635, 222.7252

0.0000

267.1880,  
237.9456, 271.2529

■ 35.7231, 26.8810,  
32.1599

■ 35.7231, 26.8810,  
32.1599

■ 32.7644, 22.4222,  
26.6763

■ 39.2807, 32.3808,  
38.3255

■ 30.3666, 18.9338,  
21.8469

■ 43.4675, 38.9785,  
45.1961

■ 28.4906, 16.3424,  
17.6440


■ 48.3146, 46.7316,  
52.7954


■ 27.0910, 14.5622,  
14.0365


■ 53.8500, 55.6923,  
61.1456


■ 26.1138, 13.4904,  
10.9897


■ 60.1002, 65.9097,  
70.2678

 25.6027, 13.0236,  
9.1065

 67.0904, 77.4300,  
80.1820

 74.6188, 89.8461,  
90.8325

 76.3844, 90.5523,  
100.1301

 77.8974, 91.1575,  
108.0973

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



33.6359, 26.8810, 47.5271



35.7231, 26.8810, 32.1599



34.8244, 26.8810, 19.9368

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.7231, 26.8810, 32.1599



22.0405, 26.8810, 11.2987



20.5409, 26.8810, 55.8013

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.7231, 26.8810, 32.1599



34.8410, 48.1719, 43.5406

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.0877, 26.8810, 41.1353



35.7231, 26.8810, 32.1599



18.8757, 26.8810, 16.4121

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.7231, 26.8810, 32.1599



26.5401, 26.8810, 10.2334



17.5180, 26.8810, 26.5565



24.5841, 26.8810, 63.6403



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.7231, 26.8810, 32.1599



32.7024, 26.8810, 14.6580



17.5180, 26.8810, 26.5565



19.5241, 26.8810, 51.3230

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.7239, 26.8823, 32.1604



82.3661, 79.4408, 89.8477



32.2262, 24.4973, 58.2883



17.2129, 16.3338, 18.5866



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.7239, 26.8823, 32.1604



56.5905, 39.1238, 46.6219



34.1629, 27.6168, 19.7513



10.8098, 10.7073, 11.9816



16.1409, 8.2059, 5.9516



0.8000, 0.4029, 0.4701



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.7239, 26.8823, 32.1604



56.5905, 39.1238, 46.6219



36.8684, 46.3719, 62.2659



10.8098, 10.7073, 11.9816



16.1409, 8.2059, 5.9516



0.8000, 0.4029, 0.4701



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.7231, 26.8810, 32.1599 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

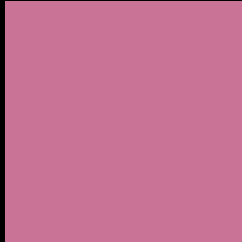
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.7231, 26.8810, 32.1599 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

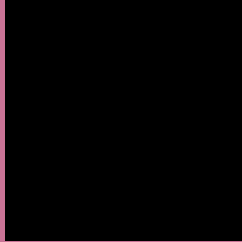
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 35.7231, 26.8810, 32.1599**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.7231, 26.8810, 32.1599.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.7231, 26.8810,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

35.7231, 26.8810, 32.1599

### Protanopia

26.7243, 27.1213, 39.9028

### Deuteranopia

27.6032, 27.1223, 30.9744



## Tritanopia

34.0463, 26.8943, 23.8188

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

35.7231, 26.8810, 32.1599

**Protanomaly**

29.0936, 26.5142, 36.8421

**Deuteranomaly**

30.0437, 26.7298, 31.1797

**Tritanomaly**

34.7418, 27.0138, 26.6756

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

35.7231, 26.8810, 32.1599

**Achromatopsia**

26.9133, 28.3149, 30.8349

**Achromatomaly**

29.3086, 27.1561, 31.3007

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 35.7231, 26.8810, 32.1599 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(201, 115, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(201, 115, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(201, 115, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(201, 115, 150) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 35.7231, 26.8810, 32.1599 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(201, 115, 150) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(201, 115, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(201, 115, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(201, 115, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 115, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 115,  
150) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 35.7231, 26.8810, 32.1599 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(201, 115, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(201,  
115, 150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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