

# Converting Colors

XYZ(35.6834, 18.7327, 31.6717)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(35.6834, 18.7327, 31.6717)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(35.6248, 18.6831,  
31.8656)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	DB2599
RGB	219, 37, 153
RGB Percent	86%, 15%, 60%
CMY	0.1412, 0.8548, 0.4000
CMYK	0.00, 0.83, 0.30, 0.14
HSL	322°, 72%, 50%
HSV	322°, 83%, 86%
XYZ	35.6248, 18.6831, 31.8656
YIQ	104.6420, 71.2360, 74.6600

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

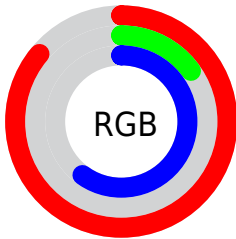
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	219, 37, 153
Decimal	14362009
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	50.31, 74.66, -18.45
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	50, 76.910, 346.120
Yxy	18.6831, 0.4134, 0.2168
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292552089 (0xFFDB2599)
YUV	104.6420, 23.8405, 100.2920
Hunter-Lab	43.2240, 71.4762, -13.4531

# Details

The XYZ color **35.6248, 18.6831, 31.8656** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3399**. The color can be described as middle washed rose. A complement of this color would be **28.5440, 52.0364, 21.3755**, and the grayscale version is **13.2569, 13.9472, 15.1885**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **57.5541, 35.8681, 62.9213**, and **16.6963, 8.3302, 13.2983** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34.5013, 17.4512, 28.3615**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37.2011, 20.7505, 35.7363**.

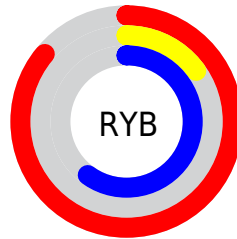
# Distribution



Red (86%)

Green (15%)

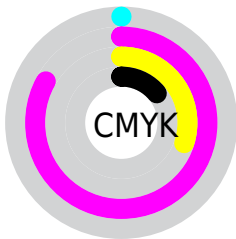
Blue (60%)



Red (86%)

Yellow (15%)

Blue (60%)

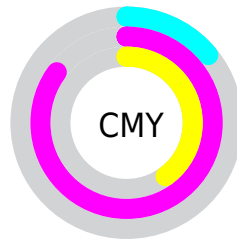


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (83%)

Yellow (30%)

Black (14%)



Cyan (14%)

Magenta (85%)


Yellow (40%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 35.6248, 18.6831, 31.8656 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 35.6248, 18.6831, 31.8656 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 35.6248, 18.6831,  
31.8656


 35.6248, 18.6831,  
31.8656


318.7775,  
244.6937, 324.9804


 24.3133, 11.4415,  
20.9949


 67.7802, 41.1979,  
63.6958


 15.6922, 6.3646,  
12.9291


 89.3549, 57.2400,  
85.4924


 9.3961, 3.0680,  
7.2496

 115.0813, 76.9843,  
111.7680

 5.0596, 1.1674,  
3.5379

 145.3249,  
100.8152, 142.9411

 2.3174, 0.0348,  
1.3754

 180.4509,  
129.1173, 179.4304

 0.8035, 0.0000,  
0.1224

220.8248,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

162.2747, 221.6544

0.0000

266.8119,  
200.6721, 270.0315

■ 35.6248, 18.6831,  
31.8656

■ 35.6248, 18.6831,  
31.8656

■ 34.5013, 17.4512,  
28.3615

■ 37.2011, 20.7505,  
35.7363

■ 33.9160, 16.9411,  
26.1299

■ 39.2929, 23.7778,  
39.9983

■ 41.9541, 27.8715,  
44.6735

■ 45.2312, 33.1231,  
49.7812

■ 49.1656, 39.6145,  
55.3391

■ 53.7950, 47.4197,  
61.3633

■ 59.1541, 56.6072,  
67.8690

■ 65.2754, 67.2406,  
74.8705

■ 72.1892, 79.3794,  
82.3812

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.2230, 18.6831, 64.1281



35.6248, 18.6831, 31.8656



35.3947, 18.6831, 10.9410

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.6248, 18.6831, 31.8656



14.0678, 18.6831, 0.8993



9.5598, 18.6831, 66.5982

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.6248, 18.6831, 31.8656



28.5440, 52.0364, 21.3755

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



7.2400, 18.6831, 34.0019



35.6248, 18.6831, 31.8656



9.3000, 18.6831, 3.0930

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.6248, 18.6831, 31.8656



21.4232, 18.6831, 0.8449



7.1605, 18.6831, 11.9983



14.5362, 18.6831, 91.8867



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.6248, 18.6831, 31.8656



32.0358, 18.6831, 4.4708



7.1605, 18.6831, 11.9983



8.5131, 18.6831, 55.4057

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.6254, 18.6841, 31.8659



74.4738, 64.4501, 84.7696



18.7827, 9.1885, 67.8017



15.4364, 12.9434, 17.4935



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.6254, 18.6841, 31.8659



47.8079, 23.8872, 36.5163



30.8099, 16.7579, 6.5080



13.4036, 13.1905, 15.3864



20.1647, 10.0669, 15.7792



1.3471, 0.6685, 1.2369



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.6254, 18.6841, 31.8659



47.8079, 23.8872, 36.5163



35.5766, 54.8494, 58.4085



13.4036, 13.1905, 15.3864



20.1647, 10.0669, 15.7792



1.3471, 0.6685, 1.2369



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.6248, 18.6831, 31.8656 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

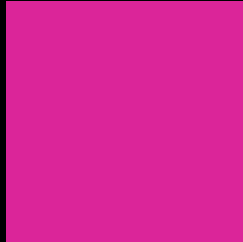
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.6248, 18.6831, 31.8656 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

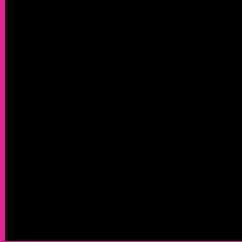
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 35.6248, 18.6831, 31.8656**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.6248, 18.6831, 31.8656.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.6248, 18.6831,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

35.6248, 18.6831, 31.8656

### Protanopia

21.3357, 19.2723, 63.5682

### Deuteranopia

19.3215, 19.0050, 28.6366



## Tritanopia

30.6450, 18.7353, 7.9623

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

35.6248, 18.6831, 31.8656



## Protanomaly

21.9636, 15.5647, 49.9908



## Deuteranomaly

22.7435, 16.4194, 29.5743



## Tritanomaly

31.8364, 18.3129, 14.1687

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

35.6248, 18.6831, 31.8656



## Achromatopsia

13.4271, 14.1263, 15.3836



## Achromatomaly

18.2356, 13.2535, 20.0094

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 35.6248, 18.6831, 31.8656 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(219, 37, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(219, 37, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(219, 37, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(219, 37, 153) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 35.6248, 18.6831, 31.8656 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(219, 37, 153) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(219, 37, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(219, 37, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(219, 37, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 37, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 37,  
153) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 35.6248, 18.6831, 31.8656 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(219, 37, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(219, 37,  
153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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