

# Converting Colors

XYZ(35.7029, 40.9225,  
100.6248)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(35.7029, 40.9225, 100.6248)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(35.6561, 40.8256,  
100.6086)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2DB5FF
RGB	45, 181, 255
RGB Percent	18%, 71%, 100%
CMY	0.8234, 0.2902, 0.0000
CMYK	0.82, 0.29, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	201°, 100%, 59%
HSV	201°, 82%, 100%
XYZ	35.6561, 40.8256, 100.6086
YIQ	148.7720, -104.8100, -5.8180

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

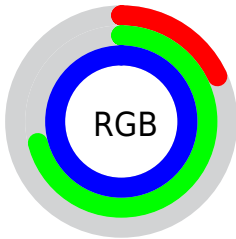
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	45, 128, 255
Decimal	2995711
CIE Lab	70.05, -10.31, -46.43
CIE LCh	70, 47.563, 257.478
Yxy	40.8256, 0.2013, 0.2305
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281185791 (0xFF2DB5FF)
YUV	148.7720, 52.3704, -91.0080
Hunter-Lab	63.8949, -12.2054, -48.6313




# Details

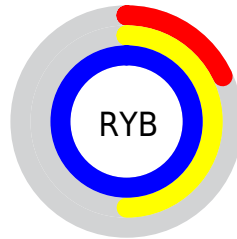
The XYZ color **35.6561, 40.8256, 100.6086** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. The color can be described as light washed azure. A complement of this color would be **48.3135, 34.6484, 6.6264**, and the grayscale version is **28.2933, 29.7667, 32.4160**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56.7916, 72.1483, 105.5405**, and **17.9122, 19.5156, 56.2489** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33.0843, 36.8746, 99.9815**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39.0246, 45.3635, 101.3070**.

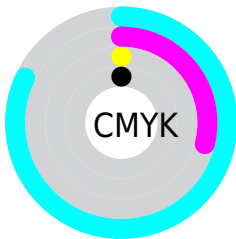
# Distribution







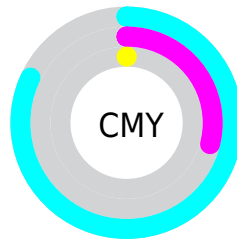
-  Red (18%)
-  Green (71%)
-  Blue (100%)






-  Red (18%)
-  Yellow (50%)
-  Blue (100%)



-  Cyan (82%)
-  Magenta (29%)
-  Yellow (0%)
-  Black (0%)



-  Cyan (82%)
-  Magenta (29%)
-  Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 35.6561, 40.8256, 100.6086 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 35.6561, 40.8256, 100.6086 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 35.6561, 40.8256,  
100.6086

■ 35.6561, 40.8256,  
100.6086

318.9124,  
349.5912, 583.4055

■ 24.3376, 28.1828,  
76.1892

■ 67.8283, 76.4191,  
164.0524

■ 15.7103, 18.4635,  
56.0801

■ 89.4127, 100.1386,  
203.9140

■ 9.4089, 11.2833,  
39.8627

■ 115.1497,  
128.3191, 249.7599

■ 5.0681, 6.2577,  
27.1185

■ 145.4048,  
161.3451, 302.0089

■ 2.3224, 3.0024,  
17.4290

180.5432,  
199.6009, 361.0794

■ 0.8061, 1.1330,  
10.3757

220.9304,

■ 0.0000, 0.0059,

243.4709, 427.3900

5.5399

266.9317,  
293.3395, 501.3591

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
2.5032

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.8418

■ 35.6561, 40.8256,  
100.6086

■ 35.6561, 40.8256,  
100.6086

■ 33.0843, 36.8746,  
99.9815

■ 39.0246, 45.3635,  
101.3070

■ 31.5295, 34.1790,  
99.5432

■ 43.2939, 50.5433,  
102.0817

■ 48.5551, 56.4157,  
102.9379

■ 54.8862, 63.0240,  
103.8798

■ 62.3568, 70.4069,  
104.9111

■ 71.0305, 78.6002,  
106.0354

■ 80.9657, 87.6368,  
107.2560

■ 92.2169, 97.5475,  
108.5759

■ 95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.5636, 40.8256, 83.9904



35.6561, 40.8256, 100.6086



43.4615, 40.8256, 98.9686

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.6561, 40.8256, 100.6086



54.8541, 40.8256, 32.8092



28.8089, 40.8256, 21.3663

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.6561, 40.8256, 100.6086



48.3135, 34.6484, 6.6264

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



34.4908, 40.8256, 14.8729



35.6561, 40.8256, 100.6086



49.7922, 40.8256, 19.8024

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.6561, 40.8256, 100.6086



55.2759, 40.8256, 54.3806



42.1309, 40.8256, 14.4166



25.9794, 40.8256, 35.8122



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.6561, 40.8256, 100.6086



48.6131, 40.8256, 87.7417



42.1309, 40.8256, 14.4166



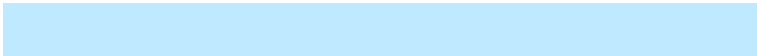
30.4112, 40.8256, 18.4248

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.6574, 40.8269, 100.6088



68.6059, 76.3430, 105.7275



40.1439, 73.3987, 29.3520



14.0269, 15.7208, 22.5451



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

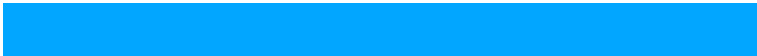


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.6574, 40.8269, 100.6088



31.7243, 34.5212, 99.5989



21.7536, 13.0192, 95.9742



17.9846, 19.3409, 23.0352



16.6205, 18.1507, 52.0620



1.7211, 1.9729, 5.1034



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.5199, 26.4748, 46.1645



48.1537, 24.0698, 38.2006



68.2365, 74.4944, 13.2674



18.5049, 18.1853, 21.2759



25.1775, 12.5603, 20.1169

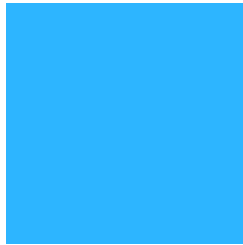


2.5033, 1.2437, 2.2320



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.6561, 40.8256, 100.6086 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

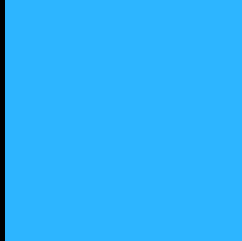
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.6561, 40.8256, 100.6086 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

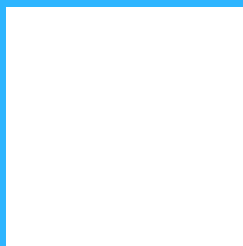
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 35.6561, 40.8256, 100.6086

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.6561, 40.8256, 100.6086.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.6561, 40.8256,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

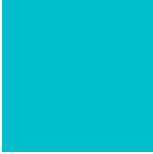
35.6561, 40.8256, 100.6086

### Protanopia

41.8249, 40.1888, 91.1408

### Deuteranopia

41.4439, 40.3418, 100.2102



## **Tritanopia**

28.9771, 40.7070, 62.8299

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

35.6561, 40.8256, 100.6086

## Protanomaly

38.0025, 39.5336, 94.4347

## Deuteranomaly

38.1392, 39.7598, 100.2720

## Tritanomaly

30.9574, 40.5019, 75.2933

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

35.6561, 40.8256, 100.6086

## Achromatopsia

28.5667, 30.0544, 32.7292

## Achromatomaly

28.3775, 32.5001, 52.3544

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 35.6561, 40.8256, 100.6086 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(45, 181, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(45, 181, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(45, 181, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(45, 181, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 35.6561, 40.8256, 100.6086 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(45, 181, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(45, 181, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(45, 181, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(45, 181, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(45, 181, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(45, 181,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 35.6561, 40.8256, 100.6086 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(45, 181, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(45, 181,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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