

# Converting Colors

XYZ(35.7114, 17.0048, 65.1524)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(35.7114, 17.0048, 65.1524)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(35.6908, 16.9972,  
65.0180)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C700D6
RGB	199, 0, 214
RGB Percent	78%, 0%, 84%
CMY	0.2196, 0.9999, 0.1608
CMYK	0.07, 1.00, 0.00, 0.16
HSL	296°, 100%, 42%
HSV	296°, 100%, 84%
XYZ	35.6908, 16.9972, 65.0180
YIQ	83.8970, 49.9100, 108.7420

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

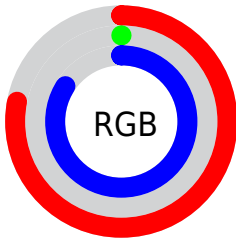
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	199, 0, 214
Decimal	13041878
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	48.26, 83.76, -57.63
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	48, 101.669, 325.469
Yxy	16.9972, 0.3032, 0.1444
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291231958 (0xFFC700D6)
YUV	83.8970, 64.1408, 100.9453
Hunter-Lab	41.2277, 82.3791, -64.6438

# Details

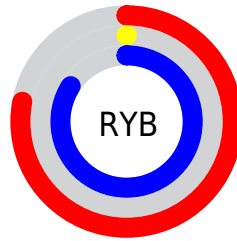
The XYZ color **35.6908, 16.9972, 65.0180** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC00CC**. The color can be described as middle washed magenta. A complement of this color would be **24.2442, 48.1951, 8.0255**, and the grayscale version is **8.2740, 8.7049, 9.4796**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63.2044, 36.3087, 98.2848**, and **16.9868, 8.0441, 33.0051** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35.6908, 16.9972, 65.0182**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **36.3673, 17.7557, 65.1290**.

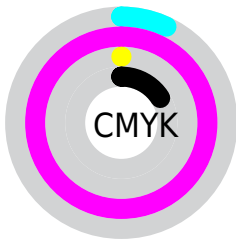
# Distribution



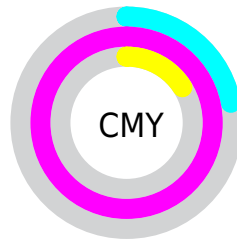
- Red (78%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (16%)




- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (16%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 35.6908, 16.9972, 65.0180 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 35.6908, 16.9972, 65.0180 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 35.6908, 16.9972,  
65.0180

 35.6908, 16.9972,  
65.0180


319.0619,  
235.1562, 461.1646


 24.3645, 10.2325,  
47.0242


 67.8816, 38.3210,  
113.6893


 15.7304, 5.5534,  
32.7003


 89.4767, 53.6488,  
145.2038

 9.4232, 2.5755,  
21.6277


 115.2255, 72.5998,  
182.0624

 5.0776, 0.9143,  
13.3879

 145.4934, 95.5584,  
224.6836

 2.3281, 0.0000,  
7.5624

 180.6455,  
122.9089, 273.4859

 0.8090, 0.0000,  
3.7325

 221.0475,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

155.0358, 328.8878

1.4798

267.0645,  
192.3235, 391.3078

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.2028

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 35.6908, 16.9972,  
65.0180

■ 35.6908, 16.9972,  
65.0180

■ 35.6908, 16.9972,  
65.0182

■ 36.3673, 17.7557,  
65.1290

■ 37.3528, 19.1270,  
65.3417

■ 38.7493, 21.3144,  
65.6904

■ 40.6130, 24.4304,  
66.1936

■ 42.9912, 28.5696,  
66.8672

■ 45.9255, 33.8149,  
67.7250

■ 49.4530, 40.2409,  
68.7794

■ 53.6078, 47.9155,  
70.0418

■ 58.4214, 56.9016,  
71.5225

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



25.0771, 16.9972, 113.1434



35.6908, 16.9972, 65.0180



41.1720, 16.9972, 22.8307

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.6908, 16.9972, 65.0180



17.6018, 16.9972, 0.0000



4.8284, 16.9972, 50.2017

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.6908, 16.9972, 65.0180



24.2442, 48.1951, 8.0255

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4.1184, 16.9972, 14.7670



35.6908, 16.9972, 65.0180



9.6489, 16.9972, 0.0000

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.6908, 16.9972, 65.0180



28.4839, 16.9972, 0.0000



5.4843, 16.9972, 2.0443



8.0235, 16.9972, 100.2131



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.6908, 16.9972, 65.0180



40.0830, 16.9972, 7.9721



5.4843, 16.9972, 2.0443



4.3597, 16.9972, 35.6948

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.6915, 16.9980, 65.0184



73.3647, 59.5173, 102.2290



12.3520, 5.2832, 63.9873



15.2037, 11.8260, 21.7313



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.6915, 16.9980, 65.0184



53.0170, 25.2461, 96.6864



31.4237, 15.7734, 20.7383



12.8631, 12.5863, 15.6890



21.6095, 10.2926, 39.3009



1.3297, 0.6344, 2.3717



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27.8183, 14.3313, 1.7529



41.3482, 21.3033, 2.4995



25.8578, 48.8178, 17.5512



12.4582, 12.4348, 13.0872



16.8281, 8.6676, 1.1331



1.0276, 0.5278, 0.1350



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.6908, 16.9972, 65.0180 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

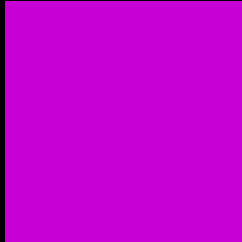
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.6908, 16.9972, 65.0180 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

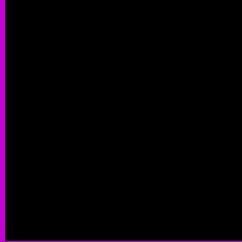
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 35.6908, 16.9972, 65.0180**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.6908, 16.9972, 65.0180.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.6908, 16.9972,

65.0180.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

35.6908, 16.9972, 65.0180

### Protanopia

21.0802, 17.7028, 82.4267

### Deuteranopia

18.2877, 17.8269, 57.7354



## Tritanopia

24.7830, 17.2692, 11.6999

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

35.6908, 16.9972, 65.0180



## Protanomaly

19.0686, 11.5413, 75.3514



## Deuteranomaly

19.3656, 12.4314, 59.7713



## Tritanomaly

26.6325, 15.1143, 24.4353

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

35.6908, 16.9972, 65.0180



## Achromatopsia

8.4267, 8.8656, 9.6546



## Achromatomaly

13.9740, 8.6205, 22.4001

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 35.6908, 16.9972, 65.0180 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(199, 0, 214)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(199, 0, 214)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(199, 0, 214) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(199, 0, 214) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 35.6908, 16.9972, 65.0180 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(199, 0, 214) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(199, 0, 214) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(199, 0, 214) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(199, 0, 214); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 0, 214);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 0,  
214) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 35.6908, 16.9972, 65.0180 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(199, 0, 214) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(199, 0,  
214) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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