

# Converting Colors

XYZ(35.7561, 48.7456, 7.8502)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(35.7561, 48.7456, 7.8502)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(35.7937, 48.7635, 7.8424)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(35.7937, 48.7635,  
7.8424)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A4C70B
RGB	164, 199, 11
RGB Percent	64%, 78%, 4%
CMY	0.3569, 0.2196, 0.9568
CMYK	0.18, 0.00, 0.94, 0.22
HSL	71°, 90%, 41%
HSV	71°, 94%, 78%
XYZ	35.7937, 48.7635, 7.8424
YIQ	167.1030, 39.4880, -65.8880

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	11, 199, 46
Decimal	10798859
CIELab	75.30, -32.48, 74.21
CIELCh	75, 81.004, 113.639
Yxy	48.7635, 0.3874, 0.5277
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288988939 (0xFFA4C70B)
YUV	167.1030, -76.9588, -2.7213
Hunter-Lab	69.8309, -30.7090, 42.2230

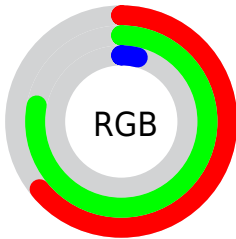
# Details

The XYZ color **35.7937, 48.7635, 7.8424** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC00**.

The color can be described as dark washed chartreuse. A complement of this color would be **11.5572, 4.9451, 54.3811**, and the grayscale version is **37.1332, 39.0670, 42.5440**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67.8711, 87.8799, 22.1894**, and **16.1888, 23.3766, 3.6589** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35.3141, 48.5249, 7.5050**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **36.7566, 49.2401, 8.8580**.

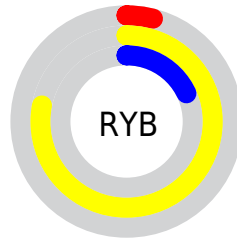
# Distribution



Red (64%)

Green (78%)

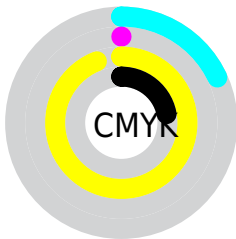
Blue (4%)



Red (4%)

Yellow (78%)

Blue (18%)

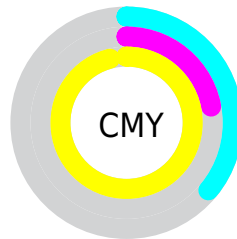


Cyan (18%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (94%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (36%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (96%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 35.7937, 48.7635, 7.8424 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 35.7937, 48.7635, 7.8424 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



35.7937, 48.7635,  
7.8424

35.7937, 48.7635,  
7.8424

319.5049,  
381.8105, 184.3788

24.4443, 34.4319,  
3.9079

68.0395, 88.3401,  
22.1899

15.7900, 23.2256,  
1.5750

89.6666, 114.3539,  
33.4401

9.4656, 14.7602,  
0.2729

115.4502,  
145.0306, 47.9660

5.1056, 8.6512,  
0.0000

145.7558,  
180.7545, 66.1860

2.3448, 4.5144,  
0.0000

180.9488,  
221.9100, 88.5187

0.8174, 1.9653,  
0.0000

221.3944,

0.0000, 0.5872,

268.8816, 115.3828

0.0000

267.4580,  
322.0537, 147.1966

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 35.7937, 48.7635,  
7.8424

■ 35.7937, 48.7635,  
7.8424

■ 35.3141, 48.5249,  
7.5050

■ 36.7566, 49.2401,  
8.8580

■ 37.9025, 49.7907,  
10.7245

■ 39.2584, 50.4279,  
13.5793

■ 40.8461, 51.1605,  
17.5349

■ 42.6841, 51.9958,  
22.6886

■ 44.7890, 52.9406,  
29.1270

■ 47.1760, 54.0010,  
36.9286

■ 49.8589, 55.1824,  
46.1659

■ 52.8507, 56.4901,  
56.9059

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.5919, 48.7635, 6.1930



35.7937, 48.7635, 7.8424



26.9102, 48.7635, 17.8184

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.7937, 48.7635, 7.8424



31.3669, 48.7635, 150.2300



81.0066, 48.7635, 62.7038

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.7937, 48.7635, 7.8424



11.5572, 4.9451, 54.3811

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



73.4266, 48.7635, 118.0217



35.7937, 48.7635, 7.8424



43.2492, 48.7635, 183.3146

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.7937, 48.7635, 7.8424



24.7631, 48.7635, 93.2078



58.7970, 48.7635, 169.1386



77.8206, 48.7635, 26.5446

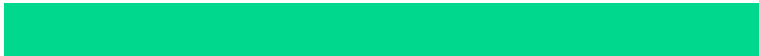


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.7937, 48.7635, 7.8424



23.9540, 48.7635, 33.1917



58.7970, 48.7635, 169.1386



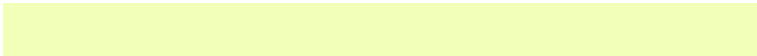
79.5891, 48.7635, 79.6919

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.7948, 48.7657, 7.8434



80.8864, 93.7889, 58.9678



24.5720, 14.0810, 1.7401



16.9268, 19.9029, 11.3679



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.7948, 48.7657, 7.8434



61.6363, 84.8597, 13.1310



23.0507, 42.1959, 7.2470



11.3228, 12.3133, 11.3427



22.7756, 31.2365, 4.8289



1.1300, 1.5056, 0.2311



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.5572, 4.9451, 54.3811



19.2448, 7.8359, 95.1059



21.1566, 9.8937, 54.8303



10.2379, 10.3809, 13.3816



7.1757, 2.9334, 34.9324



0.3971, 0.1684, 1.6567



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.7937, 48.7635, 7.8424 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.7937, 48.7635, 7.8424 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

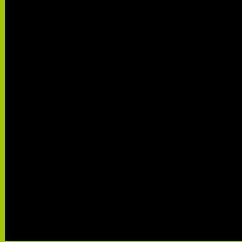
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 35.7937, 48.7635, 7.8424**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.7937, 48.7635, 7.8424.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.7937, 48.7635,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

35.7937, 48.7635, 7.8424

### Protanopia

43.6435, 48.2532, 7.0135

### Deuteranopia

49.2527, 48.1110, 8.3595



## Tritanopia

46.5967, 48.5714, 61.5629

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

35.7937, 48.7635, 7.8424

## Protanomaly

40.4277, 48.1731, 7.2824

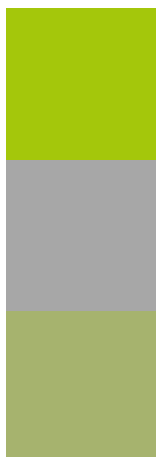
## Deuteranomaly

43.3507, 47.7700, 7.9726

## Tritanomaly

39.9657, 47.4643, 28.5278

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

35.7937, 48.7635, 7.8424

## Achromatopsia

36.7301, 38.6429, 42.0822

## Achromatomaly

34.6605, 41.4730, 20.9301

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 35.7937, 48.7635, 7.8424 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(164, 199, 11)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(164, 199, 11)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(164, 199, 11) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(164, 199, 11) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 35.7937, 48.7635, 7.8424 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(164, 199, 11) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(164, 199, 11) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(164, 199, 11)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(164, 199, 11); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(164, 199, 11);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(164, 199,  
11) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 35.7937, 48.7635, 7.8424 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(164, 199, 11) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(164,  
199, 11) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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