

# Converting Colors

XYZ(35.7644, 30.5457, 28.8219)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(35.7644, 30.5457, 28.8219)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(35.7644, 30.5457, 28.8219)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(35.7644, 30.5457,  
28.8219)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C3868C
RGB	195, 134, 140
RGB Percent	76%, 53%, 55%
CMY	0.2353, 0.4745, 0.4510
CMYK	0.00, 0.31, 0.28, 0.24
HSL	354°, 34%, 65%
HSV	354°, 31%, 76%
XYZ	35.7644, 30.5457, 28.8219
YIQ	152.9230, 34.4300, 14.7980

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

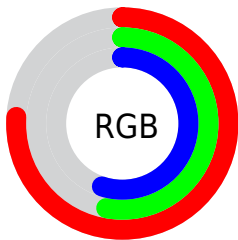
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	195, 134, 140
Decimal	12813964
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	62.12, 24.24, 6.28
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	62, 25.039, 14.521
Yxy	30.5457, 0.3759, 0.3211
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291004044 (0xFFC3868C)
YUV	152.9230, -6.3710, 36.9015
Hunter-Lab	55.2682, 18.7893, 7.7685

# Details

The XYZ color **35.7644, 30.5457, 28.8219** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **38.5332, 47.7734, 55.3367**, and the grayscale version is **30.2618, 31.8378, 34.6713**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68.1169, 60.6993, 58.5781**, and **15.8310, 12.6543, 11.2810** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32.1190, 25.1665, 21.7132**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **40.1156, 37.0045, 37.1887**.

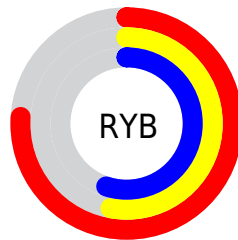
# Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (53%)

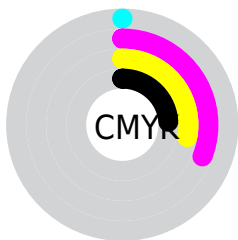
Blue (55%)



Red (76%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (55%)

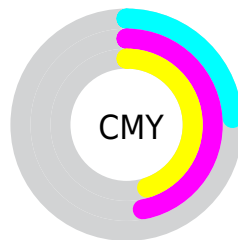


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (28%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (24%)

Magenta (47%)


Yellow (45%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 35.7644, 30.5457, 28.8219 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 35.7644, 30.5457, 28.8219 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 35.7644, 30.5457,  
28.8219


 35.7644, 30.5457,  
28.8219

319.3788,  
304.4399, 310.4083


 24.4216, 20.2532,  
18.7017


 67.9945, 60.5241,  
58.8328

 15.7731, 12.5792,  
11.2803


 89.6125, 80.9788,  
79.5606

 9.4535, 7.1394,  
6.1392


 115.3863,  
105.5896, 104.6614

 5.0976, 3.5495,  
2.8597

145.6811,  
134.7409, 134.5536

 2.3400, 1.4249,  
1.0235

180.8625,  
168.8173, 169.6559

 0.8150, 0.2349,  
0.0000

221.2956,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

208.2029, 210.3867

0.0000

267.3460,  
253.2823, 257.1647

■ 35.7644, 30.5457,  
28.8219

■ 35.7644, 30.5457,  
28.8219

■ 32.1190, 25.1665,  
21.7132

■ 40.1156, 37.0045,  
37.1887

■ 29.1397, 20.8039,  
15.7999

■ 45.2046, 44.5929,  
46.8683

■ 26.7868, 17.3953,  
11.0167

■ 51.0642, 53.3626,  
57.9147

■ 25.0152, 14.8690,  
7.2913

■ 57.7249, 63.3613,  
70.3782

■ 23.7738, 13.1434,  
4.5429

■ 65.2152, 74.6338,  
84.3064

■ 23.0023, 12.1216,  
2.6790

■ 73.5623, 87.2227,  
99.7450

■ 22.6248, 11.6497,  
1.6799

■ 76.3158, 90.3421,  
108.0233

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



35.7322, 30.5457, 38.4589



35.7644, 30.5457, 28.8219



33.8995, 30.5457, 21.8753

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.7644, 30.5457, 28.8219



24.7244, 30.5457, 21.7099



27.3384, 30.5457, 54.5278

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.7644, 30.5457, 28.8219



38.5332, 47.7734, 55.3367

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



24.6556, 30.5457, 48.0331



35.7644, 30.5457, 28.8219



23.2279, 30.5457, 28.5504

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.7644, 30.5457, 28.8219



27.4390, 30.5457, 18.3410



23.2037, 30.5457, 38.1298



30.6871, 30.5457, 54.6395



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.7644, 30.5457, 28.8219



31.9089, 30.5457, 19.1678



23.2037, 30.5457, 38.1298



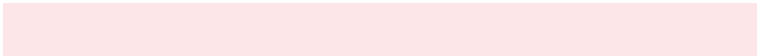
26.3349, 30.5457, 52.9701

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.7652, 30.5471, 28.8225



83.0899, 83.0468, 87.9668



39.3378, 31.7978, 55.6942



17.8714, 17.7015, 18.6504



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.7652, 30.5471, 28.8225



59.1621, 47.4824, 42.0990



39.1049, 37.9150, 27.8133



10.1125, 10.0936, 10.6831



14.7195, 7.5775, 1.1689



0.6499, 0.3330, 0.1236



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.7652, 30.5471, 28.8225



59.1621, 47.4824, 42.0990



34.1705, 37.9846, 57.1607



10.1125, 10.0936, 10.6831



14.7195, 7.5775, 1.1689



0.6499, 0.3330, 0.1236



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.7644, 30.5457, 28.8219 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

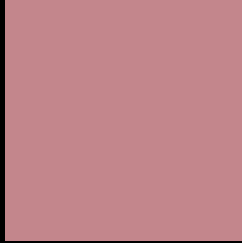
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.7644, 30.5457, 28.8219 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

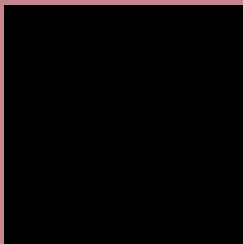
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 35.7644, 30.5457, 28.8219**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.7644, 30.5457, 28.8219.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.7644, 30.5457,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

35.7644, 30.5457, 28.8219

### Protanopia

29.6576, 30.8526, 32.8258

### Deuteranopia

31.2904, 30.6318, 28.3081



## Tritanopia

35.9272, 30.3908, 30.3580

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

35.7644, 30.5457, 28.8219

## Protanomaly

31.5238, 30.4569, 31.4114

## Deuteranomaly

32.7755, 30.4975, 28.5853

## Tritanomaly

35.8511, 30.3603, 29.9572

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

35.7644, 30.5457, 28.8219

## Achromatopsia

30.2779, 31.8547, 34.6897

## Achromatomaly

31.7726, 31.0207, 32.3300

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 35.7644, 30.5457, 28.8219 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(195, 134, 140)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(195, 134, 140)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(195, 134, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(195, 134, 140) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 35.7644, 30.5457, 28.8219 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(195, 134, 140) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(195, 134, 140) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(195, 134, 140)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(195, 134, 140); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 134, 140);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 134,  
140) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 35.7644, 30.5457, 28.8219 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(195, 134, 140) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(195,  
134, 140) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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