

# Converting Colors

XYZ(35.7957, 45.2032, 39.1127)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(35.7957, 45.2032, 39.1127)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(35.7403, 45.0463,  
39.1588)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8EBE9E
RGB	142, 190, 158
RGB Percent	56%, 75%, 62%
CMY	0.4431, 0.2549, 0.3804
CMYK	0.25, 0.00, 0.17, 0.25
HSL	140°, 27%, 65%
HSV	140°, 25%, 75%
XYZ	35.7403, 45.0463, 39.1588
YIQ	172.0000, -18.3360, -20.1280

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

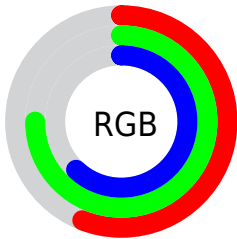
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	142, 178, 190
Decimal	9354910
CIELab	72.92, -22.39, 11.09
CIELCh	73, 24.988, 153.663
Yxy	45.0463, 0.2980, 0.3756
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287544990 (0xFF8EBE9E)
YUV	172.0000, -6.9020, -26.3100
Hunter-Lab	67.1165, -22.4007, 12.3891

# Details

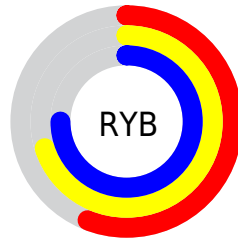
The XYZ color **35.7403, 45.0463, 39.1588** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **38.5497, 33.3501, 44.4517**, and the grayscale version is **39.2541, 41.2984, 44.9739**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67.7310, 82.4514, 75.2957**, and **15.6745, 20.8435, 17.1070** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31.7195, 43.0943, 33.5696**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **40.4317, 47.3335, 45.3680**.

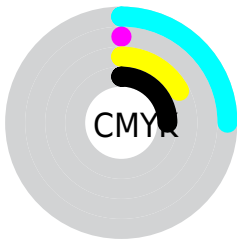
# Distribution



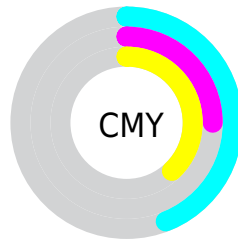
- Red (56%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (25%)




- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (38%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 35.7403, 45.0463, 39.1588 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 35.7403, 45.0463, 39.1588 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 35.7403, 45.0463,  
39.1588


 35.7403, 45.0463,  
39.1588


319.2751,  
366.9610, 358.0113

 24.4029, 31.4939,  
26.5745


 67.9575, 82.7899,  
75.1039

 15.7591, 20.9752,  
17.0243


 89.5680, 107.7499,  
99.3017

 9.4436, 13.1059,  
10.0897


115.3336,  
137.2811, 128.2078

 5.0911, 7.5015,  
5.3521

145.6196,  
171.7681, 162.2407

 2.3361, 3.7777,  
2.3930

180.7914,  
211.5952, 201.8190

 0.8130, 1.5500,  
0.7826

221.2144,

 0.0000, 0.3235,

257.1468, 247.3612

0.0000

267.2538,  
308.8073, 299.2857

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 35.7403, 45.0463,  
39.1588

■ 35.7403, 45.0463,  
39.1588

■ 31.7195, 43.0943,  
33.5696

■ 40.4317, 47.3335,  
45.3680

■ 28.3339, 41.4560,  
28.5784

■ 45.8194, 49.9651,  
52.2125

■ 25.5508, 40.1160,  
24.1658

■ 51.9323, 52.9567,  
59.7109

■ 23.3324, 39.0554,  
20.3106

■ 58.7964, 56.3216,  
67.8800

■ 21.6369, 38.2531,  
16.9901

■ 66.4366, 60.0722,  
76.7360

■ 20.4161, 37.6847,  
14.1801

■ 74.5063, 64.0294,  
86.2773

■ 19.6114, 37.3205,  
11.8542

■ 76.3922, 64.7838,  
96.2085

■ 19.3208, 37.1912,  
10.9118

■ 77.7043, 65.3086,  
103.1181

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



38.3391, 45.0463, 31.6722



35.7403, 45.0463, 39.1588



34.9902, 45.0463, 50.5961

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.7403, 45.0463, 39.1588



43.3524, 45.0463, 77.0853



50.1700, 45.0463, 36.9189

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.7403, 45.0463, 39.1588



38.5497, 33.3501, 44.4517

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.7276, 45.0463, 47.5314



35.7403, 45.0463, 39.1588



47.6267, 45.0463, 71.8389

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.7403, 45.0463, 39.1588



39.2065, 45.0463, 73.8333



50.7670, 45.0463, 60.4754



46.6387, 45.0463, 30.5412



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.7403, 45.0463, 39.1588



35.5941, 45.0463, 59.3168



50.7670, 45.0463, 60.4754



50.9522, 45.0463, 40.0381

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.7415, 45.0482, 39.1598



80.0980, 89.1078, 90.9387



40.9319, 47.8728, 32.6747



17.2560, 19.4047, 19.5487



92.9021, 97.7402, 106.4391



19.4759, 20.4902, 22.3138

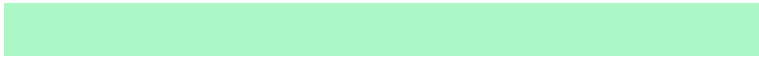


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.7415, 45.0482, 39.1598



60.8127, 79.7082, 65.5330



37.9312, 45.9241, 50.6906



9.5364, 10.7007, 10.8083



12.8796, 24.7421, 7.4287



0.5355, 0.9816, 0.4541



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.5497, 33.3501, 44.4517



66.7203, 55.0877, 76.6573



36.4792, 32.5219, 33.5485



9.7911, 9.6407, 11.2888



16.6908, 8.3075, 14.1970



0.6830, 0.3371, 0.7097



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.7403, 45.0463, 39.1588 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.7403, 45.0463, 39.1588 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

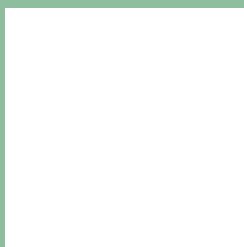
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 35.7403, 45.0463, 39.1588**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.7403, 45.0463, 39.1588.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.7403, 45.0463,

39.1588.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

35.7403, 45.0463, 39.1588

### Protanopia

42.3269, 44.7992, 36.1220

### Deuteranopia

45.6312, 44.6702, 40.3996



## Tritanopia

40.0270, 44.8885, 60.5875

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

35.7403, 45.0463, 39.1588

## Protanomaly

39.3553, 44.4469, 37.0767

## Deuteranomaly

41.3755, 44.5167, 40.1301

## Tritanomaly

38.2433, 44.7815, 51.9755

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

35.7403, 45.0463, 39.1588

## Achromatopsia

39.2122, 41.2543, 44.9259

## Achromatomaly

37.7931, 42.6073, 42.7913

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 35.7403, 45.0463, 39.1588 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(142, 190, 158)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(142, 190, 158)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 190, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(142, 190, 158) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 35.7403, 45.0463, 39.1588 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(142, 190, 158) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(142, 190, 158) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(142, 190, 158)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(142, 190, 158); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 190, 158);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 190,  
158) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 35.7403, 45.0463, 39.1588 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(142, 190, 158) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(142,  
190, 158) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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