

# Converting Colors

XYZ(35.8282, 20.6594, 10.3440)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(35.8282, 20.6594, 10.3440)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(35.8103, 20.6792,  
10.2877)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	E63C53
RGB	230, 60, 83
RGB Percent	90%, 24%, 33%
CMY	0.0980, 0.7647, 0.6745
CMYK	0.00, 0.74, 0.64, 0.10
HSL	352°, 77%, 57%
HSV	352°, 74%, 90%
XYZ	35.8103, 20.6792, 10.2877
YIQ	113.4520, 93.9370, 43.1930

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

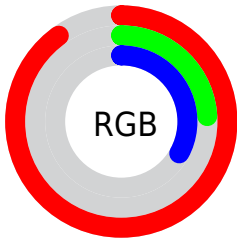
Format	Color
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	230, 60, 83
Decimal	15088723
CIE Lab	52.60, 65.45, 27.18
CIE LCh	53, 70.870, 22.550
Yxy	20.6792, 0.5363, 0.3097
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293278803 (0xFFE63C53)
YUV	113.4520, -15.0128, 102.2126
Hunter-Lab	45.4744, 60.9855, 18.4189

# Details

The XYZ color **35.8103, 20.6792, 10.2877** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0033**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **41.4247, 62.0599, 68.8339**, and the grayscale version is **15.8555, 16.6813, 18.1659**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **52.1213, 36.3589, 26.1007**, and **16.3026, 8.3620, 2.6742** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34.1952, 18.5069, 6.4888**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38.1698, 23.9883, 15.4215**.

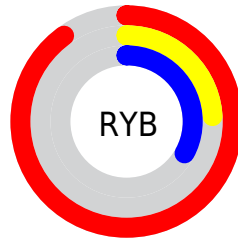
# Distribution



Red (90%)

Green (24%)

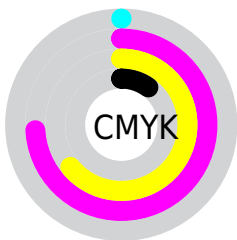
Blue (33%)



Red (90%)

Yellow (24%)

Blue (33%)

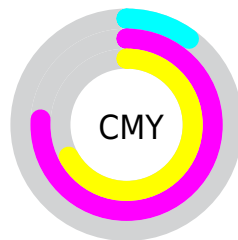


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (74%)

Yellow (64%)

Black (10%)



Cyan (10%)

Magenta (76%)


Yellow (67%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 35.8103, 20.6792, 10.2877 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 35.8103, 20.6792, 10.2877 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 35.8103, 20.6792,  
10.2877


 35.8103, 20.6792,  
10.2877


319.5764,  
255.5687, 203.2721


 24.4572, 12.8897,  
5.4820


 68.0650, 44.5530,  
26.9515

 15.7997, 7.3526,  
2.4691


 89.6972, 61.4061,  
39.6467


 9.4724, 3.6836,  
0.8237


 115.4865, 82.0493,  
55.8088

 5.1102, 1.4982,  
0.0000

 145.7982,  
106.8668, 75.8564

 2.3475, 0.2875,  
0.0000

 180.9977,  
136.2431, 100.2080

 0.8188, 0.0000,  
0.0000

221.4503,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

170.5626, 129.2821

0.0000

267.5214,  
210.2096, 163.4973

■ 35.8103, 20.6792,  
10.2877

■ 35.8103, 20.6792,  
10.2877

■ 34.1952, 18.5069,  
6.4888

■ 38.1698, 23.9883,  
15.4215

■ 33.2303, 17.3134,  
3.8973


■ 41.3496, 28.5580,  
21.9995

■ 32.8816, 16.9224,  
2.8368


■ 45.4176, 34.4997,  
30.1207


■ 50.4345, 41.9117,  
39.8749

■ 56.4551, 50.8834,  
51.3451

 63.5304, 61.4967,  
64.6086

 71.7077, 73.8281,  
79.7378

 81.0316, 87.9490,  
96.8013

 86.4429, 95.5629,  
108.4972

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



37.2634, 20.6792, 28.1830



35.8103, 20.6792, 10.2877



29.5625, 20.6792, 3.2449

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.8103, 20.6792, 10.2877



10.4345, 20.6792, 5.7823



17.8787, 20.6792, 91.2206

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.8103, 20.6792, 10.2877



41.4247, 62.0599, 68.8339

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.2526, 20.6792, 72.3599



35.8103, 20.6792, 10.2877



8.7078, 20.6792, 17.6649

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.8103, 20.6792, 10.2877



14.7180, 20.6792, 2.0055



9.2784, 20.6792, 41.8783



25.5883, 20.6792, 84.4021



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.8103, 20.6792, 10.2877



24.2052, 20.6792, 1.7697



9.2784, 20.6792, 41.8783



15.7140, 20.6792, 87.4092

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.8108, 20.6804, 10.2880



72.8402, 66.5408, 67.7076



40.9388, 21.8544, 76.9231



15.1051, 13.5160, 13.5753



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.8108, 20.6804, 10.2880



42.4392, 22.4060, 6.1907



40.1063, 30.4641, 8.0430



14.4560, 14.3996, 15.3355



18.6414, 9.5908, 1.7405



1.4030, 0.7189, 0.2629



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.8108, 20.6804, 10.2880



42.4392, 22.4060, 6.1907



30.6164, 35.6129, 80.1228



14.4560, 14.3996, 15.3355



18.6414, 9.5908, 1.7405



1.4030, 0.7189, 0.2629



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.8103, 20.6792, 10.2877 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.8103, 20.6792, 10.2877 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 35.8103, 20.6792, 10.2877**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.8103, 20.6792, 10.2877.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.8103, 20.6792,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

35.8103, 20.6792, 10.2877

### Protanopia

19.7910, 20.9530, 17.7531

### Deuteranopia

21.0894, 20.6997, 9.3625



## Tritanopia

35.0740, 20.6064, 7.2831

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

35.8103, 20.6792, 10.2877

## Protanomaly

23.2001, 18.7477, 14.4525

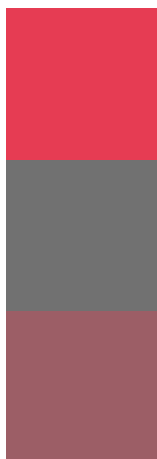
## Deuteranomaly

24.7633, 19.0949, 9.4017

## Tritanomaly

35.2054, 20.5711, 8.2460

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

35.8103, 20.6792, 10.2877

## Achromatopsia

15.6958, 16.5132, 17.9829

## Achromatomaly

20.1113, 16.0326, 14.6050

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 35.8103, 20.6792, 10.2877 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(230, 60, 83)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(230, 60, 83)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(230, 60, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(230, 60, 83) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 35.8103, 20.6792, 10.2877 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(230, 60, 83) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(230, 60, 83) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(230, 60, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(230, 60, 83); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 60, 83);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 60,  
83) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 35.8103, 20.6792, 10.2877 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(230, 60, 83) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(230, 60,  
83) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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